"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day and to-morrow; moderate southwest and west winds.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,841. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1909.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

DARING FLIGHTS FOR FRENCH PRESIDENT

In Strong Wind Bleriot Beats Curtiss's Speed Record and Paulham Soars 500 Feet Up.

NARROWLY AVERTS A FALL

Circles Course Three Times and Is Acclaimed as a Hero — American Machines Await Better Conditions.

BETHENY AVIATION FIELD, Rheims, Aug. 24.—A marvelous prolonged high flight of 30 kilometers (18 3-5 miles) in a 20-knot breeze by Paulham and the establishment of a new world's record for 10 kilometers, (6 1-5 miles,) at the rate of 74.318 meters (about 47 miles) an hour, by Bleriot, were the sensational features of the aerial race meeting to-day.

Owing to the high wind there probably would have been no flights except for the visit this afternoon of President Fallières and the members of the Cabinet. The President was accompanied also by distinguished officers of the French and British Armies. His presence stimulated the French aviators to a display of prowess, and a dozen machines were brought out on the field. A majority of them were unable to battle against the wind for more than a few hundred meters.

The largest assemblage of the week gathered on the field to-day, a dozen special trains having been run from Paris because of the visit of President Fallières. When the crowd arrived, however, a black flag, signifying that the events would be postponed, was flying from the staff at the committee tent. Word was sent to President Fallières that a sharp wind was blowing and showed signs of holding, so it was announced that he would come another day. The visitors swarmed around the airship sheds and hoped that something would happen.

Wind Slackens, Fallieres Comes.

The velocity of the wind decreased perceptibly in the early hours of the afternoon, and the committee telegraphed President Fallières to come. He left Paris at 2:30 o'clock. He and his party arrived here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. They were driven in automobiles through a double line of cuirassiers to the tribunes, where M. Fallières got a rousing ovation. He was accompanied by the Military Governor of the department; Lieut. Gen. Sir John French of the British Army, Premier Briand, and Minister of Public Works Millerand.

The President at once started on a walk down the line of airship sheds. At the Wright quarters the party was received by Hart O. Berg, the European business manager of the Wrights. M. Tissandier seated himself in one of the machines to show the method of warping the wings, in which M. Fallières and the army officers with him appeared to be particularly interested. M. Fallières said he had followed the experiments of the Wright brothers at Le Mans with much interest, and always had regretted that he had had no opportunity of witnessing their flights.

Curtiss Meets the President.

As the party approached the shed occupied by the Curtiss machine Mr. Bishop asked Mr. Curtiss to step forward. Mr. Curtiss replied: "I do not want to intrude myself," but nevertheless, upon the insistence of Mr. Bishop, he took his place beside the machine and was presented to the President. Mr. Fallières examined the Curtiss aeroplane carefully, remarking upon its small size as compared with the others. One of the mechanicians operated the aeroplanes while Mr. Bishop explained the manner of manoeuvring. At the same time, he told President Fallières that Curtiss did not speak French.

"He does better than that," replied the President; "he accomplishes things."

During the President's tour of the field the wind subsided slightly, and half a dozen pilots brought out their machines.

Young Bunau-Varilla was the first to ascend, and he treated the crowd to a thrilling sight. The breeze was still over fifteen miles an hour, and the biplane rocked like a ship in a heavy sea. Every moment the spectators thought it would capsize, but the daring aviator continued his flight, managing to round the first turn and come back to the tribune. A wild cheer broke out when he descended safely.

Paulham Goes to Dizzy Height.

Paulham ascended a few minutes later and flew past the tribune at a height of 100 feet. He saluted President Fallières as he went by. After he had rounded the turn and was racing down the back stretch a railroad train came along the track under him moving in the same direction. Paulham gradually overtook the train and passed it; returning to the tribune he ascended to the dizzy height of 500 feet, and passed over the tiers of seats at this altitude. He waved his cap in response to the enthusiastic cheering of the spectators.

A moment later all the people held their breath as Paulham's machine was caught by a gust of wind, and he keeled over to a dangerous angle. But the intrepid pilot righted his aeroplane promptly, and continued his flight. He made the round in 22 minutes and 13 seconds.

Without appreciably coming down from this great altitude Paulham completed his second and his third round of the course. At the end of the second round Paulham rose to the remarkable height of 600 feet. The spectators, spellbound, forgot to cheer, and many women turned their faces away as they saw the machine veer in the wind, and strike what seemed to be a dangerous angle. Each time, however, he righted the craft. Paulham continued at this height for some time.

Crowd Thought He Was Falling.

As he approached the finish, he descended suddenly in a great curve. Many of the spectators thought that he was falling, and cries of horror went up from the crowd. But when at a distance of twenty feet from the ground the biplane righted and crossed the line on an even keel, and once again arose into the air. After a couple of spectacular circles in front of the tribune, Paulham came to the ground in front of the tiers of seats amid thunders of applause.

This was the most remarkable feat of aviators yet witnessed here, and Paulham is the hero of the meeting. His three rounds were completed in 38 minutes 12 2-5 seconds.

When the correspondent saw him in the shed after the flight the aviator appeared calm, and described the sensations which he experienced as magnificent.

Why did you venture out in such a wind?" he was asked.

The President of the republic was

Continued on Page 2.

TURKS FACE TWO REVOLTS.

Albanians Rise and Mahdist Movement in Arabia Becomes Serious.

SALONIKI, Aug. 24.—It is reported that a revolution has broken out in Northern Albania and that severe fighting has taken place.

Strong reinforcements, under Mazi Bey, have been ordered to the scene.

ROME, Aug. 24.—A semi-official note says that the Mahdist movement at Yemen, Southwestern Arabia, has taken on an acute revolutionary character, the revolutionists indulging in massacre and pillage.

Turkish troops are now marching to Hodeida, a seaport on the Red Sea. It is stated that the Governor has telegraphed to Constantinople, urgently requesting reinforcements. Pending their arrival he will ask for the assistance of the British and Italian warships in the Red Sea.

At the request of the Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, the Italian Minister of Marine has dispatched the gunboat Volturno from Aden to protect Italian interests.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—The Foreign Office is in receipt of advices from Constantinople to the effect that the dangerous period in the recent difficulty between Greece and Turkey over Crete is at an end. The Porte has informed the Ambassadors that the Turkish Minister at Athens will not be recalled.

The next steps in the Cretan question depend upon the nature of the proposals which the Porte is formulating for presentation to the powers, and which concern changes in the administrative machinery of the island. Among these is the creation of a Court of Cassation.

GARY PREDICTS A BIG BOOM.

Says in London That the Steel Trade Is Steadily Improving.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Elbert H. Gary, President of the United States Steel Corporation, who is now at the Hotel Ritz, will be the guest of honor to-morrow night at a banquet to be given by the Sheffield Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Gary expects, while in Sheffield, to obtain some information about the situation in the steel trade of England, which he greatly desires.

To the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day he spoke in the most hopeful terms of the immediate future of the steel business both in America and England.

"Undoubtedly nearly all business," he said, "was at a lower ebb a few months ago on this side of the water than in the United States, and the process of recovery here is slower, though not less sure. The outlook in America is now exceedingly bright. I think we are going to see the greatest prosperity the country has ever known. Orders for steel, both domestic and foreign, are steadily increasing."

LIVINGSTON HOME ROBBED.

Burglary on Aug. 17 in Brooklyn Just Revealed—Jewelry Worth $1,250 Stolen

It came out yesterday that early in the morning of Aug. 17 the home of Myron A. Livingston, President of the American Spool Silk Company, at 1,367 Forty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, was robbed of $1,250 worth of jewelry and silverware. The burglars had other valuables wrapped up for removal when they were frightened away.

Mr. Livingston lives in the Flatbush section, near where Mrs. Staber was recently murdered by a burglar, and also near where the famous Taintor burglary was accomplished several years ago.

Mrs. Livingston was awakened on the morning of the robbery at 2:30 o'clock by hearing a door slam. Her husband found both front doors wide open and a kitchen window raised, where the burglars had entered.

The table silverware used daily was found wrapped up down stairs, and up stairs more valuable silver, used only on special occasions, was found also wrapped up. Mr. Livingston's clothes had been rifled, and also the dressers in his and his wife's rooms.

Among the articles stolen were a sapphire and diamond brooch valued at $500; a pair of diamond earrings valued at $300, a diamond ring valued at $200, and some money.

Mr. Livingston discovered that the burglars had cut the telephone wires leading into his house. The Parkville police are working on the case.

OWN MUSCLES BROKE BONES.

Sudden Contraction Snapped Strong Man's Thigh Bones—A Rare Case.

A case in which physicians are deeply interested because of its rarity was brought to the attention of the St. John's Hospital authorities in Yonkers yesterday when Frederick Stockholm, an engineer in the employ of the Otis Elevator Company, was removed to the hospital with fractures of both thigh bones caused by muscular contraction.

Stockholm, who is 65 years old, was standing at his desk, looking over some plans, when his arms suddenly dropped to his side. A nervous tremor then came over him, and the right femur snapped a few inches above the knee, and the left femur broke close to the hip. He fell upon the floor, where he lay in agony until the arrival of the ambulance.

After examining him and listening to his narration of how the accident occurred, the doctors concluded that the bones had snapped through a sudden contraction of the muscles, Stockholm being an unusually powerfully built man.

KILLED BY POISONED BERRIES.

Little Girl of West Orange Mistook a Sumach Plant for Cherries.

Four-year-old Mabel Vanderhoof, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Lawrence Vanderhoof of 182 Watson Avenue, West Orange, N. J., died yesterday morning in convulsions, and for a long time Deputy County Physician M. Herbert Simmons and the attending physician were at a loss to account for the cause.

They learned, however, that on Monday afternoon the child, with a little companion, Marjorie Gleason, who lives just across the street, went for a walk, and, coming across a clump of bushes among which grew some wild cherries, ate some of the cherries. Knowing that the cherries were harmless, the physicians went to the spot, and there in the bushes they found a sumach plant, with one of the clusters of red berries partly picked. They then concluded that the child had been poisoned by these berries.

MOONLIGHT TRIPS ON THE HUDSON via the last down Day Boat. Music.—Adv.

SUFFRAGISTS MEET AT MARBLE HOUSE

Mrs. Howe and the Rev. Anna Shaw Speak to 500 Under Tent at Mrs. Belmont's Home.

SELL SUFFRAGE LITERATURE

Members of Cottage Colony, Townspeople, and Visitors from Boston Attend the Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 24.—With policemen in every room, policemen before the house, and policemen at the foot of the main stairway, the suffrage meeting in the grounds of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's Marble House was held this afternoon. The visitors were divided into two classes, those who paid $1 for their tickets and those who paid $5. The $1 people gave up their tickets at the gate, also guarded by policemen, and they were shooed around the south side of Marble House to the lawns where the suffrage flag of blue field and four white stars was hoisted, and where an orchestra played. They also found interest in watching the tent in which the meeting was to be held.

But the holders of the $5 tickets had privileges. One of the five dollars was for the privilege of hearing the speakers, the other four dollars were for the privilege of seeing Marble House. How highly this latter privilege was valued may be seen from the fact that the $5 ticket holders came not alone from Newport, but from Boston, Narragansett Pier, and Jamestown. In all there were about 500 holders of both tickets, the minority of whom alone came from Newport.

The holders of the five-dollar tickets passed through the guarded gate. A guide directed them into Marble House.

Policemen, men in plain clothes, and the late O. H. P. Belmont's East Indian valet stood at the foot of the main stairway. Up this stairway ticket holders were conducted; turning at the balcony, they passed into the large room in which the ball was given in 1883 which marked the announcement of the engagement of Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt to the Duke of Marlborough. They also saw the dining room, the morning room, and the Gothic room.

In many of the rooms the inlaid floors were roped off with cords that matched the furnishings. In every room the visitors saw policemen and men in plain clothes.

But two disappointments awaited them. The bedroom in Louis XV. style was not shown. Then, too, it had been expected that William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Harold S. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Belmont's sons, would be at Marble House. But they were absent.

The house had been opened to the visitors at 3 o'clock. When it was time for the tent meeting the doors were closed and the visitors departed. As they did so, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, who had come from her Summer home in Middletown with her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Adall, was wheeled in an invalid's chair to the hallway, where she was met and welcomed by Mrs. Belmont.

Photographers were much in evidence, for Mrs. Belmont gave them full sway. Some of the women in the cottage colony discovered that they were being snapped. They turned their backs, but in many cases too late.

Mrs. Belmont, in a gown of black chiffon with harmonizing hat and parasol, started the buying of the suffragist literature and pictures, and the visitors followed her lead. The suffragists also bought souvenir post cards bearing views of the exterior of Morale House.

Then everybody went to the tent, which was arranged to seat 500. It had a heavy board floor studded with camp stools. The three poles were garlanded with large green leaves. On the north side of the tent and in its centre was a wooden platform arranged with chairs and decorated with green leaves. Mats were placed about the tent flooring and at its sides.

Inside the tent the visitors found that Newport's Mayor, P. J. Boyle, was to preside. He was accompanied by Alderman William Shepley and former City Solicitor Frank F. Nolan. Mrs. Belmont welcomed the Mayor and his party.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe was lifted from the invalid chair to the platform. Mrs. Belmont came to the railing of the platform, and, after extending a welcome to all, introduced Mayor Boyle as the Chairman. He introduced Mrs. Howe, whose speech was followed by that of the Rev. Anna Shaw, President of the suffrage organization.

Mrs. Belmont's words introducing the Mayor as Chairman were:

"I want to welcome you all here and thank you sincerely, and it is with great pleasure that I introduce the Hon. P. J. Boyle as Chairman."

Mayor Boyle introduced Mrs. Julia Ward Howe. When Mrs. Howe arose to speak, she was supported by Mrs. Belmont, her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Hall, and the Mayor. Mrs. Howe said:

"Dear friends, I feel that it is a very pleasant inspiration to speak to you on this occasion so novel, and to me so unusually full of interest. Mrs. Shaw and I have addressed many gatherings in different parts of the country. We have spoken in rural districts, where we could not hold a meeting in the morning because the farmers' wives had to stay at home and get the farmers' dinners. We told the farmers' wives what they ought to have and what they ought to do, and I have watched the movement from these early beginnings to this time, when we seem to have come into the full sunshine of human favor.

"The change that I have seen in the position of woman in the ninety years of my life is something miraculous. I remember the colleges, where no one would have thought of inviting us, and now how welcome women are to the women's colleges and coeducational colleges. The many professions that are open to women, that never were thought of then, have increased, and are increasing every year, and women are better friends with each other because they so much better understand each other.

"Man used to say 'women cannot reason, women have no logic,' but always when a woman amounted to something—they would say that that woman was an exception.

"We used to believe that once, but then we could not believe it any more, because we knew better. A man would say, 'Madame is an exception,' but I lost illusion in regard to my own superiority and realized that the majority of the women were also capable of intellectuality. The world will be very enlarged for us when we appreciate what women really are.

"We are coming to find out what the capacity of the real woman really is,

Continued on Page 2.

All Pennsylvania Railroad Tickets
And all tickets valid for passage over Pennsylvania Railroad are good through Hudson and Manhattan Railroad tunnels from Hudson Terminal Building to Jersey City. All Pennsylvania Railroad trains connect.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

MRS. EATON BELIEVES SON WAS POISONED

Wife of Retired Rear Admiral Brings About Official Inquiry Into Child's Death.

RIDICULOUS, SAYS EATON

Estranged from Wife by the Case, and Says He May Sue for Divorce—Wife Also Fears Poison.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The infant son of Rear Admiral Giles Eaton, U. S. N., retired, died on Friday night, and Mrs. Eaton has expressed the belief that the child was poisoned. Because of her statements Medical Examiner Spooner of Hingham has forwarded the stomach of the child to the Harvard Medical School, where the contents will be analyzed by experts.

The child died at Isis cottage, Scituate, the Summer home of the Eatons. Mrs. Eaton is the divorced wife of D. H. Ainsworth, formerly a clerk of the United States Senate. She has two daughters by her first marriage—June, aged 17, and Dorothy, aged 12 years. Both have talked freely with neighbors, and the aristocratic Summer colony is excited over the case.

Both the mother and daughters have told the neighbors that attempts have been made to poison them by some demented person who placed a drug in their tea. Mrs. Eaton said she detected the drug by its peculiar taste, and did not swallow enough of it to make her ill.

Admiral Eaton was seen at his farm at Assinippi to-day and was much affected.

"The story is ridiculous," he said. "Mrs. Eaton is highly nervous, and for some time past has been possessed of an idea that some one was trying to poison her. She is wrought up to a highly nervous state.

"I believe my son died a natural death from cholera morbus. I believe, also, that I felt his death far more keenly than did other members of the family.

"The boy is buried in the local cemetery. His mother did not even wait for the funeral, but went back to Scituate on Sunday, and I had to bear my grief alone when the little body was lowered to its final resting place yesterday afternoon.

"My grief over the loss of my son is intensified by the action of my wife. Her accusations will probably result in an action for divorce, for I feel that I cannot peacefully live with her again after what she has said."

Since the story of the alleged poisoning became public Mrs. Eaton has not been seen by neighbors near Iris cottage. Some believe she has left Scituate; others that she is in retirement at the cottage.

June Ainsworth to-day said that the baby was apparently in the best of health on Thursday afternoon. All the family went in bathing at the beach, almost directly in front of the cottage. The infant was in its baby carriage on the veranda.

When the other members of the family returned from bathing they found that the baby was suffering from convulsions. In the belief that the child was suffering from cholera morbus, Dr. Cleverly was called. Despite all that medical assistance could do, the child died Friday evening at 9 o'clock.

TYPHOID MOWS DOWN FAMILY.

Father Had a "Walking" Case for Weeks—Two Dead, Four Still Ill.

Because Hugh G. Leavy, a well-to-do trunk manufacturer, did not realize that he had "walking typhoid" and continued to live freely with his family after having contracted the disease, both he and another member of the family are dead, while four other members are seriously ill of the complaint.

Leavy, according to his friends, while on a Decoration Day picnic, drank freely from what seemed to be a well of pure water. Returning to his home, at 200 West 106th Street, he continued to use the same eating utensils as his family during the three weeks following, though he suffered for two of the three weeks with what appeared to be a feverish cold. When it got worse he finally called in Dr. John F. Moore of 136 West Ninety-second Street, and was told that for several weeks he had had "walking typhoid."

There was a complication of pneumonia, and Leavy died a month ago. While he was dying his wife, two of his children, his sister-in-law, and his brother-in-law all came down with typhoid. The brother-in-law, Richard McCabe, died on Saturday last, and the sister-in-law is seriously ill at the French Hospital. The wife and two of the three children are slowly convalescing, but were not well enough to attend McCabe's funeral yesterday.

SAW HIS AUTO RUN AWAY.

It Ran Down Hill Into Lamp Post—Three Women Thrown Out.

A young man who said he was Matson Arnow, living in the Williamsbridge Road, was out riding in an automobile yesterday afternoon on the Spuytin Duyvil Parkway with three women who said later that they lived in West Tenth Street, but who refused to tell their names. Something went wrong with the machinery when the automobile had gone part of the way down a hill near the Kingsbridge Road, and young Arnow got out of it to investigate.

While he was peering around the machine started down hill. No one was at the steering wheel. The machine gathered speed as it went down. The three women grabbed one another and screamd. After running down 300 or 400 yards the automobile ran into a lamp post, broke it into three pieces, tore off the hood over the engine, and threw the three women out into the road.

They told a policeman that they were only bruised, and refused medical attention. The party entered the Van Cortlandt Park Station of the Subway, which is near by, and boarded a train.

ALL PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD TRAINS
Leaving Jersey City connect from New York, Hudson Terminal Building, by H. & M. R. R. tunnel trains. All tickets good for passage over Pennsylvania Railroad are accepted, without extra charge.—Adv.

SINKS WITH BROTHER HE TRIES TO SAVE

George Ludwig, Unable to Swim, Leaps from Boat After Emile, Who Had Fallen Out.

FRIENDS LOOK ON HELPLESS

View Double Tragedy from a Hudson River Boat Club—Lost Balance Trying to Grasp a Buoy.

Owing to the attempt of George Ludwig, a jeweler in Nassau Street, living at the Riverview Apartments at 2,609 Broadway, to rescue his brother Emile, who had fallen overboard from their motor boat Rose, in which the two were making some speed tests off the New York Motor Boat Club at 147th Street and the Hudson River last evening, both men were drowned before assistance reached them. Their bodies, which drifted out into the deeper water, had not been recovered last night.

The brothers, both of whom were members of the New York Motor Boat Club, went out early in the afternoon to try a new thirty horse power engine, which had been fitted to their boat in anticipation of a series of races to be held within the next few weeks on the river. After several brushes with friends up and down in front of the clubhouse the Rose, having carried off the honors, turned shoreward, the other boats trailing.

The club float was crowded with members, and Riverside Drive, which at this point commands an unusual view of the river, was filled with interested spectators when the Ludwig brothers, in their victorious craft, approached anchorage.

They were aiming for a can buoy, with an iron ring in the top, where they planned to anchor, a short distance from shore. The boat still had a fair headway when George Ludwig, leaning far out over the bow, reached for the ring. He missed his hold, however, and Emile, in the stern, seeing the buoy scraping down the side of the boat toward him, seized it.

His strength was not great enough to offset the headway of the craft, and after a second's struggle he was overboard, making frantic efforts to reach the buoy and crying to his brother for assistance. Neither of the men could swim, and George, if anything, was the feebler of the two. But his brother's plight uppermost in his mind and the sight of him drifting down the stream, his cries growing feebler, seemed to unnerve the man. He made no effort to reach him in the boat, no effort to throw him a line, but throwing his arms above his head hurled himself into the river.

He disappeared, then rose, then sank again, but still struggled toward his brother. The tide, which was running strong, seemed to help him, for suddenly, as he was about to sink, an eddy whirled him into the outstretched arms of his brother.

Friends, speeding up stream in their motor boats, others putting out from the shore, and those on the float, saw the brothers struggle for a moment in a close embrace and then sink together, still in each other's arms.

The excitement and horror of the accident was added to by several women being completely overcome. They were attended at the clubhouse and taken to their homes.

The search which followed was unavailing, as no trace of the bodies was found. Until a late hour last night a number of motor boats from the New York Motor Boat Club, assisted by Commodore Bouer of the Hudson River Yacht Club, in his motor boat Florence, patroled the river near the point with searchlights and dragnets, but finally gave up hope. The motor boat Rose was picked up shortly after the accident and towed back to her moorings.

When inquiry was made at the Riverview apartments, where the brothers lived, no one could be found at home. It was said that Mrs. Ludwig and her daughter had left earlier in the day for the country, but where they had gone was not found. A third brother could not be found.

George Ludwig was 28 years old and Emile 22. They were partners in a large jewelry establishment in Nassau Street.

FOUR HURT IN A COLLISION.

One Man Gets a Broken Skull When Car Hits a Load of Hay.

An Ocean Avenue trolley car filled with passengers bound for Sheepshead Bay collided early last night with a two-horse truck loaded with hay at Jerome and Ocean Avenues. Reuben Wilson of Jerome Avenue and East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, was driving the truck, and on top of the load of hay were William Burns of Emmons Avenue and East Thirteenth Street and Peter Van Westering of Avenue Y and East Seventeenth Street.

All three of the men on the truck were hurled to the ground by the force of the collision. Burns suffered a fracture of the skull and the other two were bruised. One of the bales of hay fell on Miss Theresa Campbell of 23 President Street, Brooklyn, who was standing near the scene of the collision, and she was injured internally. No one inside the car was hurt by the broken glass that was knocked out of its windows.

All the injured were taken into the Sheepshead Bay Club, which is near by. There they were treated by physicians who happened to be there at the time. They all went home, except Burns, who was removed to the Coney Island Hospital in a serious condition.

HOSPITAL HEAD A SUICIDE.

Dr. Gross, Superintendent of a Red Cross Institute Near Boston, Shot Self.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 24.—Dr. Harmon W. Gross, Superintendent of the Red Cross Hospital, connected with the Fore River Shipbuilding Works, Quincy, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself in the mouth. He was found lying on the floor of his room with a revolver in his right hand. No reason is given for the act.

He was a graduate of the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, and had served in the Boston City Hospital and the Boston Children's Hospital. He was formerly connected with the Massachusetts General Hospital. He was a member of the Quincy Council in 1906.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—SS Oceanic, Southampton, Aug. 18.

Cool, refreshing food-drink. Keep 'Horlick's' original Malted Milk on Sideboard at home.—Adv.

BULLET KILLS LORD ELIOT.,

Son of Earl of St. Germans May Have Ended His Own Life.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Lord Eliot, the eldest son of the Earl of St. Germans, was found dead to-day at Port Eliot, the family residence. His death had resulted from a gunshot, but whether by accident or design is not known.

Lord Eliot, who was an officer in the Coldstream Guards, was recently invalided home from Khartoum, where he had suffered from the climate. His illness, however, was not considered serious, and no motive is known for suicide. He was born in 1885.

FEAR WAR IN FAR EAST.

Chinese Garrisons on the Russian Frontier Are Being Strengthened.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—It is reported from Harbin that China and Japan are settling the details of a secret convention, drawn up in view of the possibility of the breaking out of war in the Far East.

It is also reported that the garrisons of the Chinese fortresses near the Russian frontier are being greatly strengthened.

2,457,000 IN CHICAGO.

Population Estimated on Basis of New City Directory.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Two and one-half millions population for Chicago was the estimate made to-day by the compilers of the new city Directory, which will be out this week. The figures given are 2,457,600, based on the 768,000 names in the directory.

The increase over last year is estimated at 33,600.

ONLY ONE MAN IN UNION IDLE.

Solitary Paver Out of 2,000 Will Go to Work To-day.

In a report made by ex-Assemblyman Thomas Rock, business agent of the Pavers, Rammers, and Bridge and Curb Setters' Union, yesterday, he said that out of the 2,000 men in the trade in its different branches only one man was idle, and that man will be employed to-day. Last year, he said, not more than one-half of the pavers were working. A number of seceders who had formed a separate organization, he said, have joined the original union again. The wages of the pavers are $5 a day, and the rammermen are paid $4 a day.

PERU GROWING RESTIVE.

Bolivia's Delay In Settling Dispute Causes Notable Discontent.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 24.—There was notable discontent here to-day over the delay of the settlement of the question of the boundary award between Bolivia and Peru.

It is rumored that Bolivia influenced Chile's insinuation of the possibility of Brazilian intervention in Bolivia's favor, thus delaying the signing of the settlement. Telegrams from La Paz announce the arrival there of Nicholas Pierola, who is believed to have been one of the leaders in the recent revolutionary movement in Peru.

MORE TRAIN ROWDIES FINED.

Two Offenders Punished for Their Conduct on Elevated Trains.

Magistrate Krotel, sitting in the Night Court, last night fined two young men for rowdyism on elevated trains. William Kahn, aged 17, of 510 East Eighty-third Street, was charged with having thrown nails at people in the streets from the rear platform of a northbound Second Avenue train.

The prisoner said he was throwing the nails at the third rail, to see what would happen if one struck. He was fined $5, which friends in the courtroom paid.

The other young man fined was Arthur Rapp, aged 18, of 184 Potter Avenue, Astoria. According to the police, he amused himself by striking the faces and backs of strangers with a rolled-up newspaper on a north-bound Second Avenue elevated train, on which he was a passenger. He was fined $10.

DESERTED IN MIMIC WAR.

Four Brooklyn Officers and 5 Privates Quit on Long Massachusetts March.

An echo of the trials and hardships that fell to the lot of the invading army of Reds in the mimic war last week on the southern coast of Massachusetts was heard around the armory of the Fourteenth Regiment in Brooklyn yesterday, when it became known that Col. John H. Foote, the commanding officer of the regiment, is making an investigation into the conduct of one commissioned, three non-commissioned officers, and five privates who are accused of deserting the ranks and returning to their homes in Brooklyn without leave of absence.

The alleged breach in army discipline is said to have occurred while the regiment was making its record-breaking march of eighteen miles last Monday during a heavy downpour of rain. The regiment had become detached from the main body, but succeeded after the long march in reaching the firing line before the close of the main engagement of the "war" at Eddyville.

TRAIN WRECKS AUTOMOBILE.

Engine Stalls on Crossing and Occupants Just Escape in Time.

An automobile was wrecked by a locomotive at the Amboy Road crossing of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad at Huguenot, S. I., last night. No one was hurt.

The car bore License 66,284, N. J. It was running toward Tottenville, and the engine of the automobile stopped when the car was at the crossing. The momentum carried the auto on to the rails. The steam train, bound from St. George for Tottenville, whistled for the crossing just then. There were two men and two women in the automobile. They jumped out and made frantic efforts to push the car off the rails, but before they could move it the engine was so close they had to leap back and let the car be hit.

The women and one of the men took a train for St. George later. They refused to say who they were. The man who remained with the car said he was Edward Ellis, and that he belonged in Bayonne. He added that the party had just started for a trip along the Jersey shore resorts. He said his companion would send some one to tow the wrecked car away.

Genuine pebble eyeglasses, the cool kind that never mist, at Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

HARRIMAN HOME FOR AFTER CURE

Weak, but with Courage Unshaken, He Says His Railroad Policies Have Triumphed.

EXPANSION PLANS TO GO ON

Will Develop New Territory, but Is Not Thinking of Union Pacific Segregation.

SILENT ON N. Y. CENTRAL

Wouldn't Tell, Even If He Had Bought There, He Declares—Resting at His New Country Home at Arden.

Weak and pale, but game as hornets, Edward H. Harriman got back to this country yesterday. He came in on the big Kaiser Wilhelm II. on the North German Lloyd soon after noon and pulled himself together by sheer force of nerve for a siege of four hours in the almost constant vision of newspaper men and photographers before he was hurried away to his just completed country home, Tower Hill, at Arden. There he will take the "after-cure," which the physicians have prescribed as a supplement to the treatment that he has received abroad.

Mr. Harriman and his family reached his new mansion at a few minutes after 7 o'clock last night. The trip was uneventful, Mr. Harriman resting during the journey.

The session with the interviewers and cameras was self-sought and persisted in against the obvious desires of his family and advisers. It was the old self-assertive Harriman that was in the saddle for the time being, and the fight against physical weakness was as bold as any that Harriman ever made in the world of finance. He insisted upon showing himself to the public through the media of observation that were offered, and later when he got aboard his train, even raised himself from the pillows in his private car in the midst of a talk on the future of Union Pacific to say to Judge Lovett, his counsel:

"Ask Mrs. Harriman to step back. It disturbs me to have her standing there."

Mrs. Harriman had been standing at the foot of the sofa watching her husband as he answered the questions that came from a score of mouths. She retreated into the interior of the car at the suggestion, but her place was taken by her daughter, Carol, who remained by her father until the interview was over.

The interview itself covered none of the particular topics affecting the Harriman properties on which the stock market community has been so busily speculating in connection with Mr. Harriman's health. All questions relating to the supposed control of New York Central through purchase of the Vanderbilt holdings, or to the segregation of the Union Pacific's security holdings, were denied answers point blank, except that Mr. Harriman did say that he was not thinking about a segregation or extra dividends on speculation. His interest, he declared, was in the upbuilding of the property and of the country tributary to the property. This was the thought to which he recurred whenever his questioners sought to steer him toward a discussion of his business concerns.

None of Mr. Harriman's party would say yesterday what the exact nature of his malady might be. Dr. William G. Lyle, his family physician, who accompanied him on his European trip, was on the steamer with the railroad magnate and went away with the immediate family to Arden. But Dr. Lyle kept out of sight altogether and the only information that came as to Mr. Harriman's condition came from Mr. Harriman himself.

Feeling Fine, Harriman Says.

"I'm feeling fine," he told the reporters who came up under the lofty sides of the Kaiser Wilhelm II. at Quarantine. Then came an attack of seasickness in his cabin, the first that he had had on the entire voyage. Again when the steamer docked at Hoboken Mr. Harriman declined all assistance and walked along down the gangway to the pier. Members of his family wanted him to take a reclining chair, but that he refused, as well as any support from the arm of Judge Robert S. Lovett, the general counsel for the Harriman lines, who arranged, at his chief's insistence, for the accommodation of the newspaper men.

Mr. Harriman walked a little way down the pier toward the opening, where a Southern Pacific tug lay waiting to take him around to the Erie station. Suddenly he faltered and placed his hand to his head. He would have sunk to the floor if Judge Lovett had not held him up and guided him to a baggage truck. For a moment Harriman sat there, silent, as were the members of his party.

"It's only that seasickness again," he said as he stiffened his whole body—and then to the photographers—"No, boys, don't take me now. Don't take me now."

In a few minutes a wheel chair was brought and Mr. Harriman considerably revived. He was wheeled down to the tug and walked up the gangplank unaided. In ten minutes more the tug had rounded up at the Erie pier, where a score of newspaper men and as many more photographers were waiting in accordance with the suggestion of Judge Lovett that Mr. Harriman would give out an interview on the train. First came into sight Mrs. Harriman and her two unmarried daughters, with Mrs. R. L. Gerry, her married daughter, and Mr. Gerry. Robert W. Goelet was in the party that had gone down the bay, along with Charles Tegetoff, Mr. Harriman's personal secretary; Judge Lovett, and G

W. Jungen, manager of the marine department of the Southern Pacific. Alexander Millar, Secretary of the Harriman roads, was the first to board the tug at the pier and greet his chief.

Then Mr. Harriman, walking alone, came to the rail on the upper deck. The score of cameras were trained upon him in an instant. He turned and beckoned to his family.

"Come, all of you," he was heard to say. Then ranged by his side Mrs. Harriman and the daughters, with Mr. Goelet, Mr. Gerry, Judge Lovett, and the rest making a background. Some one had taken a section out of the rail right beside where Mr. Harriman stood, and the Captain of the tug started to replace it.

"Oh, let that darned thing be," snapped out Mr. Harriman, and then, turning to the photographers:

"Now, go ahead, all of you. Here we are."

Posing for the Photographers.

There was a little cheer at this from the crowd on the pier, and Mr. Harriman smiled as he grasped the rail for a better support. He stood there for a good five minutes, while the camera shutters clicked and clicked, finally giving the photographers a hurry-up warning before he and the rest of the party turned to go down to the lower deck to land. It was only a few steps across to the private car Arden—the President's car of the Union Pacific that has carried him over so many thousand miles of territory in the years of its existence. It is a very business-like looking private car, far different from some of the Presidents' cars that are shown off by various railroads on occasions.

There was a combination smoker as the other part of the train, and into this the newspaper men piled. In a few minutes word was brought in that Mr. Harriman was ready to talk. Judge Lovett led the reporters back to the private car again, and there, propped up on pillows, was Mr. Harriman.

"Now go ahead," he said. "Ask me anything you like."

"Is it true, as reported," was the first question asked, "that you or your associates have bought the Vanderbilt holdings of New York Central?"

"If I had, I wouldn't tell you," Mr. Harriman snapped back in his characteristic way. "Now that's a quick one, isn't it?"

"Well, how about the reported segregation of the Union Pacific's investment securities?" was the next shot.

Thinking Only of Rest Now.

"I'm not thinking about segregation," replied Mr. Harriman. "There is nothing on my mind except to go to Arden and take the after cure that I had expected to take in Europe. The doctors advised me first to take it over there and then thought it better that I should take it here. You see, I left ten pounds in Europe, and that's a lot for a little fellow like me.

"The only thing on my mind has been that I was afraid that we should have more office holders than stockholders when I got back." Mr. Harriman was now on a favorite subject—the interference of Government with industry, and he brightened up a bit. "They have passed so many new laws," he continued, "that I have been afraid that we really would have more office holders than stockholders."

"Do you refer to the corporation tax?" somebody inquired.

"That's one of them, and then there are a lot of State taxes, too," he replied. "I have always had the feeling that a new law should only be passed where an old law has been taken off the statute books. Every new law creates a new class of office holders who have to be supported by the State, and it enormously increases the cost of Government and makes the legislators looks around for new things to tax."

"The Inter-State Commerce Commission," Mr. Harriman was told, "has decided in favor of the railroads in the Western rate dispute."

"That's good, that's good," he commented, and then added by way of return to the previous question:

"I have nothing in my mind in the way of segregation, or of extra dividends, or of speculation. The only thing that concerns me is the development and improvement of the lines under our charge, and that we may take advantage of these prosperous times more thoroughly—no, I mean more quickly—to complete these developments than would be possible if there were less prosperity."

"Then you propose to put your money into the development of the lines you already have and not into the acquisition of new lines?" it was suggested.

"I will put it," said Mr. Harriman, "into the development of territory tributary to our lines and into the development of new territory. So far as I am concerned, I am going to do for our lines and for the territory tributary to our lines the very best thing I can for the interests of all of us. They may not all pay at once, or even in my day, but I believe that the policy has been justified by the results thus far.

Says He Has Won Out.

"Three years ago I had great difficulty in convincing my associates that the Union Pacific would stand a 10 per cent. dividend and the Southern Pacific a 5 per cent. dividend. I was accused of being a speculator and of making those increases for speculative reasons. Well, they have been three hard years, and I wish I could wipe them out, but I have won after all. The Southern Pacific is now paying 6 per cent., and my idea is that we should manage the property so as to make that 6 per cent. safe and sure. But I think that the public and the press are pretty well convinced now that I wasn't speculating when I made those dividend increases. The results have come more quickly than I had expected, and much more quickly than my associates expected."

Mr. Harriman was asked about the plans of the Union Pacific in regard to the development of new territory in the Northwest.

"I'm not going to talk about that," he said. "I've got things on my mind in Oregon and in Idaho in the irrigated territory and in other places, but I'm not going to talk about them now."

At this point Judge Lovett, who had been standing by, interrupted to suggest that the train was ready to pull out, and that the newspaper men might not want to be carried all the way to Arden.

"Let them come if they want to," said Mr. Harriman. "I'm glad to have them." Then with an effort he pulled himself into a sitting position.

"See, Judge," he said, "I'm all right now. I have not got so much on my stomach and I feel lots better. And won't you just ask Mrs. Harriman to step out? It disturbs me to have her there."

It was at this point that Mrs. Harriman beat her retreat and was succeeded by her daughter. Somebody asked Mr. Harriman a question about his plans for his Mexican lines recently taken into the fold of the Southern Pacific.

Harriman Plans of Development.

"Oh! they're all right," he replied cheerily. "I don't think it will cost much to equip them. The Central Pacific recently issued $10,000,000 of securities for new equipment, and we will follow without any trouble the course that we have followed all over our system. When a new line is being developed we give it the old light equipment that we have replaced on some line where the traffic is heavier and then in measure as its own traffic grows we give it the heavier equipment that is required to handle it.

"You see, our method is to give the people the very best they can get for their money—the very best. It's just the same way when you buy an overcoat, you want to get the very best for your money. That's what we try to give in service and equipment on the Union Pacific."

At this point Judge Lovett, who was standing by, broke in again to suggest gently that the train was ready to start.

"Oh," snapped Mr. Harriman, "I'm all right. Let me sit up. Let me sit up."

"You see," he explained, turning to the newspaper men, "I ate every meal all the way over without a touch of sea sickness until I got to Quarantine, and then I had an upset with my stomach. That was the funny part of it, the upset didn't come until we got to Quarantine. Now I'm going to Arden to stay until I get my weight back."

Mr. Harriman was asked if he was satisfied with the results of his treatment abroad.

Things the Doctors Did to Him.

"Entirely so," he replied, "but they did all sorts of things to me. I guess they did about everything to me that it was possible to do. They X-rayed me and even took a cinnamatograph picture of the workings of my stomach. That was about the climax. They fed me on barley and bismuth so that they would get pictures of the grains going through my stomach and then took fifteen pictures one after the other. They sat me on a big sheet of paper to insulate me, but they didn't notice a tack in the paper. I did though, for everytime they took a picture I got a shock through the head of that tack. It rather startled me at first, but I finally got used to it."

"Did the doctors have any machine to take pictures of your brain in action?" asked a newspaper man, adding that if they did, the newspapers might invest.

"No," said Mr. Harriman, "they did all sorts of other things with me, but they didn't find anything the matter with me here," and he tapped his forehead as he spoke.

Judge Lovett at this point put in a third and final remonstrance that the train was ready to start, and Mr. Harriman declared once more that the newspaper men might continue to quiz him on the way up to Arden if they wanted to. But this time the newspaper men agreed with Judge Lovett and ended the interview. Not, however, before one youth had pushed his way through the crowd to the couchside and asked, with great solemnity:

"Mr. Harriman, in choosing the brainy men that you have around you as your executives, do you attach much importance to the item of clothes?"

There was a burst of merriment from the interviewers at the question, but Mr. Harriman raised his hand for silence.

"No, young man," he said. "I pick them according to the shape of their heads."

So the score of questioners filed out of the car, wondering who had the greater nerve, Mr. Harriman or the youth who wanted to know the commercial value of good clothes.

Before the Kaiser Wilhelm reached Sandy Hook yesterday Mr. Harriman sent out this wireless to The Associated Press:

Business Outlook Safe, He Says.

"My condition is good. I am going back to Arden for the after cure and to regain the ten pounds that I left at the Gasteln cure. The condition of the American crops makes the outlook bright and business conditions for the future safe.

"The views I expressed on June 1, before leaving the United States, have under gone no change."

In the interview of June 1 Mr. Harriman declared that the business of the country was now on a very substantial basis and that all that was needed was a realization on the part of the farmers of the preparations that have been made for the prosperity with a liberal hand. The interview contained a warning against the employment of idle money in the supposed development of fake projects and an admonition that it be used in directions that would contribute to the upbuilding of the country."

HIS COURAGE UNSHAKEN.

Refuses Assistance to Get Ashore Despite His Manifest Weakness.

The Kaiser Wilhelm II. arrived at the Quarantine Station yesterday at 1:10 P. M. with the signal flying at her foremast head that she was not under control. Two of the cogs in the steering box in the wheelhouse on the bridge had broken five minutes before the ship cleared the Ambrose Channel, and Capt. Cüppers steered her to the anchorage with her propellers. Two of the Southern Pacific Steamship Company's tugs, El Toro and El Amigo, had gone down to Quarantine to meet the liner. On board El Toro were Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Jr., Robert Goelet, J. S. Townsend, and Capt. Carl Jungen, Superintendent of the Southern Pacific Steamship Line.

The tug El Amigo waited at the Battery for ex-Judge Robert H. Lovett, General Counsel for the Union Pacific Railroad, who had to stay behind to attend the Directors' meeting at 11 A. M. Later he was taken to Quarantine and put on board El Toro as she was going alongside the Kaiser Wilhelm II.

When it was announced that Mr. Harriman had decided to go to the pier at Hoboken on the liner, a permit was granted by Dr. Doty, Health Officer of the Port, and Deputy Collector Williams of the Customs Service for Mrs. Gerry, his daughter, with her husband and the other members of the party on the tug, to go on board. The heavy accommodation ladder on the starboard quarter had been got ready in case Mr. Harriman changed his mind and wished to go ashore in the tug, and this was used by Mrs. Gerry.

The first glimpse the reporters had of Mr. Harriman was when he came to the rail on the starboard side of the upper promenade deck forward by the bridge, and saw them all standing, with a squad of photographers, on the upper deck of the revenue cutter Calumet.

He wore a Panama hat and blue serge suit and looked thin and frail. His face had a marked yellow tinge in the sunlight, and his eyes apparently had lost their well-remembered snap.

"How are you, Mr. Harriman?" was shouted out by the men on the cutter. With a smile the railroad magnate replied:

"I'm first rate, boys, how are you?"

Then he added something which was repeated by a stockbroker standing beside him, who said:

"Mr. Harriman wants to thank you for the warm welcome you are giving him."

That was at 1:30 P. M., and when the reporters got on board the liner a few minutes later Mr. Harriman had gone back to his cabin, which was on the starboard side of the upper promenade deck. He reclined on a couch in the room until the liner arrived at her pier. He had three suites for the accommodation of himself and his family. The Kaiser's suite No. 1 was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Harriman with their young son Roland; Misses Mary and Carol Harriman were in Suite 4, Dr. J. Lyle and Richard Andrews, the boy's tutor, and private secretary to Mr. Harriman, occupied Suite 144, on the port side of the same deck.

Heard the Financial News.

During the two hours the liner was detained at Quarantine ex-Judge Lovett sat by Mr. Harriman in his cabin and gave him the latest financial news.

Passengers on the ship, who had taken a great interest in their noted fellow-passenger, said that Mr. Harriman did not appear on deck after leaving Cherbourg last Wednesday until late on Monday afternoon.

According to all accounts, this was not to be wondered at, as in addition to a heavy head sea the liner had four days of fog which was so dense that it made everything damp, the water even leaking through the decks. The passengers who ventured out in the raw air were overcoats. Monday was the first day on which the sun appeared for any length of time.

Mr. Harriman sat in a chair on the promenade deck and appeared to enjoy watching the sunset, the passengers said. When one asked him how he felt, Mr. Harriman replied in tired tones, "Fairly well." He seemed preoccupied and sat without speaking until sunset. Then he arose and walked a few times up and down the promenade deck before going back to his room. All his meals were specially prepared and served in the dining room of the Kaiser suite. Mrs. Harriman also had her meals there, while the son and daughter, with Dr. Lyle and Mr. Andrews, had theirs at a table in the saloon.

Dr. Lyle, when asked what Mr. Harriman's condition was and whether he had improved any since he left this country, was non-committal in his replies. He said he had been requested by the family not to make any statements for publication, adding that Mr. Harriman was weak after the rest cure in Germany, but had stood the voyage well for one who had always been a bad sailor.

Ex-Judge Lovett was equally reticent regarding the health of Mr. Harriman.

When Mr. Harriman left his cabin, about 4:15, after the ship had made fast at the pier, he spoke to the reporters again and said he hoped they were not made sea sick by the motion of the liner coming up the bay, which had affected him for the first time during the voyage.

"I'm feeling all right," he said, "except that I had to come home to America to get the ten pounds' weight I lost at the cure place in Germany. I do not like German food," he added, incidentally.

Still Full of Courage.

Followed by his family, Mr. Harriman walked slowly along the promenade deck of the ship to the gangway leading to the pier, which was placed at a rather steep angle. It was suggested that he should be carried in the invalid chair, which he used getting on board at Cherbourg, but refused and said he preferred to walk alone. The indomitable will power of the financier fought against his evident weakness and pain.

A uniformed watchman in the employ of the North German Lloyd Line took hold of Mr. Harriman's arm as he came down the gangway followed by his family.

"Let go my arm, please, I want to go down alone," said Mr. Harriman. The man obeyed, and, with an effort, clinging tightly to the wooden rail of the gangway with his right hand, Mr. Harriman got down unaided. The squad of waiting photographers on the pier began snapping him as his foot touched the pier.

Apparently the effort had overtaxed his strength for after walking about 100 feet along the pier toward the end where the tug El Toro was waiting, Mr. Harriman uttered a faint cry and sank down on a packing case. For a few minutes he held his hand to his head. His family stood around and not a word was said.

The two younger daughters fanned him and ex-Judge Lovett patted him on the shoulder and whispered that he had only a few more steps to reach the waiting tug. Dr. Lyle sent hurriedly for the invalid chair and into this Mr. Harriman was placed in a reclining position. Suddenly the click of the photographers' cameras aroused him and sitting half up he beckoned to the reporters to approach him and said appealingly:

"Boys, don't let those photographers snapshot me like this. It isn't fair. I was sick at Quarantine on account of the motion of the ship, and of course I am a little weak after the cure, but I shall pick up again at Arden. The publication of photographs like that might do irreparable harm."

After resting ten minutes more Mr. Harriman got up and said he felt well enough to kill a photographer if one were still there. Then he walked along slowly without assistance to the staircase, which he descended to the end of the pier, where the tug was waiting.

After posing for the photographers Mr. Harriman went on board El Toro and took his seat in a comfortable chair aft on deck where he was wrapped up in great coats to ward off the damp air on the river. As the tug steamed away to the Erie depot, the men on the pier gave Mr. Harriman three hearty cheers to show their appreciation of his grit.

HARRIMAN AT MOUNTAIN HOME.

Says He Is Sure of His Recovery and Is Pleased with Surroundings.

Special to The New York Times.

ARDEN, N. Y., Aug. 24.—It was a few minutes after 7 o'clock when E. H. Harriman and all the members of his family with the exception of his oldest son, Averill, who is now in the West, stepped into the new Harriman Summer mansion on West Mountain, the highest peak of the Ramapo Mountain range, here.

Mr. Harriman rested all the way to Arden. He and his family waved handkerchiefs to the crowd of villagers who had gathered to greet the party.

Here the party was greeted by Harriman's local friends and the men at the head of the numerous departments of the Harriman estate. Charles P. Ford, Mr. Harriman's general superintendent and the one man to whom all the details of the erection of the new Summer home were left, was the first to greet Mr. Harriman.

"How are you, Ford?" were Mr. Harriman's first words of greeting. "I'm glad to see you." He reached forth both of his hands as he stood on the lower steps of the car and Mr. Ford extended both of his. Mr. Harriman shook his superintendent's hands vigorously. Dr. Lyle, Mr. Harriman's physician, who has been with him in Vienna, was close by and he also greeted Mr. Ford, as did Mrs. Harriman and all the other members of the family.

Mr. Harriman walked down the platform of the car unaided and walked to his automobile, which was waiting near the station. He said he was in excellent condition, considering that he had undergone a very severe treatment at Vienna.

Ride Up the Mountain.

The automobile was run to the incline railroad, which is the only means of conveying persons to the summit of the mountain. Here Mr. Ford had supervised an arrangement so that the automobile could run on to a flat car attached to the cable of the incline railway. The flat car was built with a floor so that when the car started on the incline, the automobile was on a perfect level. All the members of the party made the trip at one time. Mr. Harriman was pleased with the improvement made to the incline, which has been widened and is one of the prettiest railroads of its kind in the country. The grade of it is perfect, and is not steep.

Mr. Harriman chatted with his superintendent going up the mountain and was visibly glad to get home. He referred to the improvements which he saw along the route on the way up, declared that he felt confident he would improve daily up there, 2,000 feet above the level of the sea.

Arriving at the top of the mountain the car stopped. It had been intended that the auto should leave the flat car and run on up to the house entrance, but Mr. Harriman stated that he would walk to the house, a distance of two city blocks. All members of the party were agreeably surprised, but Mr. Harriman said "Oh, I feel able all right," and stepped from the automobile. He assisted Mrs. Harriman from the car and taking her arm started up the broad walk to the house. He reached the house, entered for the first time his new mansion, and his face was all smiles. He was pleased with the conditions of things and expressed himself as feeling so, very freely to Supt. Ford and Mrs. Harriman, who was at his side.

Large arc lights all the way from the incline railroad to the main entrance of the house were lighted, and the scene was a beautiful one to the tired railroad magnate. The beautiful lawns, broad walks, and pretty terraces, fresh and green, were inspiring to him.

Mr. Harriman did not go into the house immediately, but insisted upon walking up a stretch of granite stairs, probably twenty-five in number, to the terrace gardens, which are up from the main walk leading to the front entrance to the house. He was not aided in ascending the stairs, though he walked up very slowly and supported himself by the railing.

Entering the home from the upper entrance off the terrace gardens, he entered the main hall and here he found a cheerful fire burning in the large grate in the reception hall. He inquired of Mr. Ford how much of the house was completed, and was surprised at the answer that thirty rooms were ready for use.

The fires were started in the house yesterday, and the interior was very comfortable. There is always a slight breeze blowing on the mountain top, and the air is cooler than in the valley. The home, however, was thoroughly warmed. On all the tables throughout the middle part of the house were huge bouquets of roses and wild flowers, picked on the mountain side.

Mr. Harriman's suite contains four rooms, his reception room, library, sleeping room, and bath. These overlook the southwest portion of his vast estate, Cranberry Creek, and the Ramapo Valley. At the head of his bed is a telephone, so that he can talk into it without leaving his bed.

No Place Like Home.

To his Superintendent and physician Mr. Harriman expressed himself every few minutes as being the happiest he has been in months. Before going down to the dining room he chatted freely with Mr. Ford, and told him of the suggestions of various physicians for his health.

"The German food might be all right, and the champagne baths may be all right, but the rest cure right here will be the only cure for me," he said, and laughed heartily.

Mr. Harriman retired to his rooms shortly after dinner and at 10 o'clock prepared for what he called "a good night's rest."

DECLARE REGULAR DIVIDENDS.

Directors of Harriman Roads Transact No Other Business of Importance.

The Directors of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific met at the Harriman offices yesterday while Mr. Harriman was proceeding to this port on board the Kaiser Wilhelm II, and declared the regular quarterly dividends on Southern Pacific common, nUion Pacific common, and the regular semi-annual dividend on Union Pacific preferred. Outside of the declaration of these dividends the Directors, it was stated after the meetings, passed upon no business of importance.

This programme was in keeping with what had been expected in well-informed quarters. The dividends declared yesterday, being quarterly payments of 1½ per cent. on Southern Pacific common and 2 ½per cent. on Union Pacific common, in addition to the semi-annual payment of 2 per cent. on Union Pacific preferred, are payable Oct. 1. The Union Pacific books close on Sept. 13 for the payment of the dividends, and also for the purpose of the annual meeting of the stockholders, which will be held on Oct. 12.

The proxies for this annual meeting, in the names of E. H. Harriman, R. S. Lovett, and A. Millar, are being mailed this week to the foreign stockholders, and will be sent a little later to the shareholders on this side.

DEATH HOLDS UP A LINER.

Dr. Doty Halts the Kaiser Wilhelm II. Two Hours for an Autopsy.

The North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., which arrived yesterday from Bremen, brought the bodies of two children who died in the steerage on Monday. They were taken ashore by Dr. Doty, the Health Officer, to the Quarantine Station, where an autopsy was performed to ascertain the cause of death, detaining the ship for over two hours. It was found that death was due to gastric catarrh. The ship anchored at 1:10 P. M., and did not get under way for her pier until 3:35.

Capt. Cuppers did a record run to Hoboken and was made fast by 4:15.

As the liner came into Quarantine notice was attracted to the signal hoisted at the fore, signifying that she was not under control. On leaving Quarantine she was steered to her pier with her amidships and after gear. Two cogs in the steering box on the bridge had snapped as the liner was coming to her anchorage at Quarantine, but the damage can be easily repaired, the Captain said.

SUFFRAGISTS MEET AT MARBLE HOUSE

Continued from Page 1

that she is making up for the centuries of waste behind her. The blessing of happy service is ordained for us, and we will do our best to fulfill it."

The Rev. Anna Shaw spoke for an hour without manuscript.

"The newspapers speak of us as discontented women," she said, "as if the crime of crimes was a discontented woman. None of us would have one particle of respect to-day for a man who was contented with conditions as they exist today in this country. But to say that a woman is discontented is to assume that she loathes her husband, despises her children, and longs to leave her home.

"Another may say that it is all very well for women to aspire to accomplish something in the world, but can't they accept the fact that they are inferior to men and be content with it, and not aspire to be the equals of men?

"In the first place, why do women want the ballot? The first proposition really is, 'Is a democratic form of government desirable?' A democratic Government is either right or wrong. It is either wise or unwise. If it is unwise the people ought to be honest and courageous enough to say so, and there ought to be established some other form of aristocracy or constitutional monarchy or despotism or any other form of government which is superior to a democracy.

"If we believe in democracy, if we believe in a government by the people, and believe that that is the best government discovered, if we believe that the people who obey the laws should have a voice in making them, then we, as believers in a democracy should stand by it, and we ourselves put the best there is in us into developing it until the people become free and able to pursue happiness in the highest and noblest manner.

"I know people who will say that universal suffrage is a failure. Nothing is a failure that has never been tested. We have never had universal suffrage. We never even had half universal suffrage."

The gathering under the tent included the delegation of the cottage colony, the townspeople, mostly women, and others from near-by cities and other places. Among those in the tent were:

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Philip Allen Clarke, Miss Clara Robinson, Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, Mrs. Pemoroke Jones, Miss Maude Wetmore, Miss Sallie Thayer, Mrs. Mark L. Bristol, Mrs. Rittenhouse Moore of Mobile, Mrs. E. G. H. Slater, Mrs. Frederick P. Garretson, Mrs. James J. Coogan, Miss Jessie Coogan, Mrs. Gideon Coogan, Jay Coogan, Pembroke Jones, Jr., Miss Sadie Jones, Mrs. Richard C. Derby, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Harris, Mrs. Isaac Clothier, Mrs. Joseph R. Dilworth, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. James Potter, Mrs. Joseph Hendricks, Mrs. Peter D. Martin, Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, Miss Blanche Oelrichs, Mrs. Benjamin F. Clyde, Mrs. Eliza Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Symes Lehr, Miss Katherine Harris, Charles P. Hayden, Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, Countess Moltke, Mrs. W. F. Patton, Mrs. C. F. Hoffman, Mrs. Richard Stevens, Miss Laura Delano, Kirkpatrick Brice, Miss Gwynn, Mr. and Mrs. George Henry Warren, Mrs. J. J. Mason, Miss Maria De Barril, Mrs. James Russell Soley, Mrs. Grenville Kane, Mrs. Edward Lauterbach, Mrs. Herbert Parsons, Congressman Gillet of Springfield, Mass., Mrs. H. Casimir De Rham, Mrs. A. Lanfear Norrie, Mrs. James P. Kernochan, Col. and Mrs. Walter Howe, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman, Mrs. Henry G. McVickar, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Moncure Robinson, Mrs. Howard G. Cushing, Griswold Thompson, Mrs. F. T. Busk, and Miss Bonner.

MRS. BELMONT AND BRYANITES

They Invite Her to Albany Conference, but Won't Take Up Equal Suffrage.

The announcement made yesterday that Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont had been invited to address the meeting of "Progressive Democrats," to be held at Albany on Sept. 4, gave rise to a suggestion in some quarters that William J. Bryan's old stalwarts in this State, for want of any better issues, had decided to take up women suffrage. Mrs. Belmont is a zealous advocate of votes for women.

A member of the Progressive Democratic League, under whose auspices the conference is to be held, declared this belief to be erroneous.

"Her late husband was a pronounced advocate for the income tax, which the Progressives Democrats favor," said this member. "We are merely seeking to honor his efforts in this direction by inviting his widow to address our meeting."

It was announced also that Congressman Ollie James of Kentucky and Senator Gore of Oklahoma would be on hand to speak, in all probability. Mr. Bryan himself was invited. He, however, sent word that he is under contract to deliver a paid lecture at Moberly, Mo., on the evening of Sept. 4. He has sent a letter expressing his approval of what the Progressive Democrats are doing. The discussion is likely to focus on the proposed income tax amendment to the United States Constitution.

The Saratoga conference, which will meet on Sept. 9 and 10, will be more widely attended than the organizers of the movement had expected.

"The conference seems to be quite the craze with Democrats generally," said Stanwood S. Menken, one of the organizers yesterday. "We are getting letters from all parts of the State containing ample evidence of the interest the movement has aroused."

It was learned yesterday that there will be at least seventy-five prominent Democrats from New York County in attendance, either in person or by proxy. District Attorney Jerome has been invited, and may be one of them.

In some up-State counties the old-line Democrats are selecting delegates by Assembly districts, very much as though the Saratoga conference was a convention instead of an unofficial gathering. The friends of Democratic State Chairman William J. Conners, it appears from advices reaching this city from up the State, are generally holding aloof.

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WILSON IN TILT OVER PURE FOOD BOARD

Secretary's Statement Doesn't Accord with Facts, Says President of Food Convention.

DR. WILEY'S FIGHT BEGUN

Benzoate of Soda Matter Will Be Fought Out When Remsen Board Is Heard by the Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Aug. 24.—A bitter tilt over the merits of the Remsen Referee Board, appointed at the instance of President Roosevelt to investigate the uses of benzoate of soda as a preservative, took place between Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and J. Q. Emery of Wisconsin, President of the association, during the session of the annual pure-food convention here to-day. Emery attacked the findings of the Remsen board and charged Secretary Wilson with blocking a reinvestigation. Secretary Wilson warmly defended the board.

"I wish we had the money to procure them for the Department of Agriculture," he said, "and I hope they will be given a fair hearing here."

Mr. Emery instantly resented this remark and repeated his charge that the Secretary had blocked the appeal to the President for a reinvestigation of the benzoate subject. Mr. Emery referred to a letter from Secretary Wilson, in which he asserted the previous attempt to give the board a hearing had been refused by Secretary Wilson.

"Will you let me explain?" answered Mr. Wilson. "That was just after you had condemned us fellows at Washington at your Mackinac meeting without a hearing, and I did not believe you people who criticised us had a right to make a Supreme Court out of yourselves."

"I have the highest regard for the Secretary of Agriculture," was the response of Mr. Emery, "but I do not believe his statement accords with the facts in the case."

These speeches marked the first round in the battle between Secretary Wilson and H. W. Wiley, chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, over the use of benzoate of soda in food products. Dr. Wiley is the leader in the anti-benzoate movement, and his cause is championed not only by President Emery, but by many others of the leading State Commissioners.

President Emery in his address reminded the association of the resolutions they adopted at the Mackinac Island convention denouncing benzoate and entreated them to remain loyal to their convictions. He made some ugly charges against the referee board regarding its verdict that four grams of the chemical a day are not harmful.

"I say that this conclusion by the referee board was not warranted by the published data of the experiments," asserted Mr. Emery. "That conclusion from the data published is illogical and unscientific. Those experiments upon which the conclusion was based were conducted upon healthy young men only for a period of two months.

"The most that board was warranted in concluding in accordance with the well established rules of inductive reasoning is that sodium benzoate in doses under 0.5 gram per day mixed with food, is without deleterious or poisonous action and is not deleterious to health when administered to strong healthy young men under the conditions that prevailed in their experiments for a period of two months."

Mr. Emery severely criticised the former board of rules and regulations, which consisted of Secretary Wilson and former Secretaries Straus and Cortelyou, for its action in issuing a ruling permitting the unlimited use of benzoate in foods, while the report of the referee board on which this ruling was based placed the limit at four grams per day.

"We realized," he said, "that if the finding of this board was accepted by the Government a crisis had been reached in our efforts to purify food. We pointed out the following objections to benzoate of soda: That it is harmful, that physicians usually banish it from their homes; that it is unnecessary, since foods properly prepared do not need chemical preservatives; that it permits the use of unfit materials in food; that it encourages insanitary prctices and encourages substitution for refrigeration and sterilization; that its use sends out through the dairyman, butcher, soda dispenser, and grocer a drug which is harmful to the public health.

"We held that if the National Government should indorse benzoate acid it would thus license one of the preservatives which encourage the same conditions in fruit and vegetable manufacture as were abolished in the meat-packing establishments by the National meat Inspection law.

"In view of this position we appealed to President Roosevelt in the latter part of his term to appoint another committee to investigate the findings of the Remsen board. This request was referred by President Roosevelt to Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, who reported back to the President against granting that request.

"However, we hope at this convention to have Dr. Remsen and three other members of his board express their views on the subject and give their reasons."

Mr. Emery then enumerated some adulterations, which he said were common under lax laws. Among these w glucose made to look like honey, jel made out of apple cores, and skin sausage made from unfit meat artificially colored, artificial eggs, and coffee beans made of rye paste. The movement to abolish these impurities, the speaker said, originated not in the National Government, but in the State. He argued that the State should still take the initiative.

In reply to the charges against the referee board Secretary Wilson said:

"The referee board, as you are aware, is composed of five of the most eminent scientific men in the United States, appointed at the instance of President Roosevelt and indorsed by Congress. When this board speaks it is the final word so far as the United States Government is concerned.

"Our efforts have been to secure substantial compliance with the law with as little friction between the Government and manufacturers and dealers as possible. We have recommended the prosecution of every case based upon a substantial violation of the law, but leniency has been shown in offenses committed when the law was new and when the violation was the result of honest mistakes in interpreting the law."

KILLS HIMSELF IN HOTEL.

Homer Carrube of Logansport, Ind., Takes Carbolic in Grand Union.

Homer Carrube, a well-dressed young man, who registered at the Grand Union Hotel, Forty-second Street and Park Avenue, on Monday night, from Logansport, Ind., committed suicide in his room there in the early hours of yesterday morning, by drinking carbolic acid. He had been dead some time when his body was discovered shortly before noon.

He left a letter addressed to his father, William Carrube of Logansport. Coroner Shrady would not make the contents of the letter public, but dispatched it at once to the addressee. Mention was made in it of the dead man's wife in connection with a diamond ring which he said she had. It also gave her maiden name as Susie Miller, and stated that Carrube had left his "things" at "1,153 W. Adams Street, Chicago, care of Mrs. Gould."

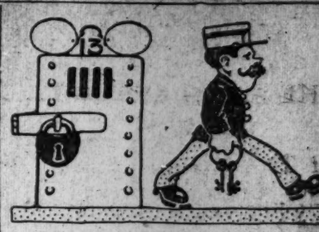
In Carrube's clothes were found $6 in cash, a Detroit College pin, and other trifling belongings. A copy of the New Testament, open, was on the dressing table. A telegram from the young man's father, received last night, asked that the body be sent to Logansport.

DISPUTE OVER $5,000 REWARD.

Finder of $75,000 Mortimer Gems, Boy Informer, and Police Claim It.

The jewels, valued at $75,000, found in the home of Paola Cantanella, an Italian laborer at 365 Third Street, Jersey City, last Saturday, after having been lost since June 29, when Richard Mortimer, the banker of 11 Wall Street, left them on an Erie ferryboat in his hurry to catch a train for his home in Tuxedo, were taken to the jewelry firm of Dreicer & Co. of 560 Fifth Avenue yesterday by Capt. James F. Larkins of the Jersey City police. It is said—although Larkins will not verify this—that the $5,000 reward offered for the return of the jewels was paid over to Larkins.

The Jersey City Police Commissioners last night granted permission to Larkins and Detective Sergeants Lee and Maxwell, who found the gems, to accept their share of the reward. Thomas Louri informed Benjamin Treacy, a lawyer, that Cantanella had the diamonds. Cantanella, who found them, and Treacy, who in turn notified the police, are to share in the reward also. Yesterday afternoon Assistant City Attorney John Hilton of Jersey City, representing young Louri, served on the Jersey City police a writ of attachment against Dreicer & Co. from accepting the jewels without paying to Louri the $5,000 reward, which he claims in full. The police contend that Louri is only entitled to part of the reward.



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DARING FLIGHTS FOR FRENCH PRESIDENT

Continued from Page 1

there," responded Faulham; "it was necessary to fly."

"Did you have any feeling of danger?"

"Not a particle; I had absolute confidence in the motor of the machine."

"Why did you go so high?"

"Because," said the aviator, "in height lay security. The higher I went the safer I was, as the wind, though strong, was more regular at a high altitude than close to earth, where there are air breakers like waves near shore during a storm."

Faulham had nothing to gain by the risks he took to-day, as his flight was not counted in the endurance test, and it is probable that a much higher rate of speed than that made by him will be reached by the contestants in the Prix de la Vitesse. His time was six minutes slower than that of yesterday for thirty kilometers.

Bleriot Flies Low and Fast.

Blériot's record-making lap was accomplished with his eighty horse power machine at a low level. He made the circuit of six and one-fifth miles in 8 minutes 4 2-5 seconds. The best previous record was made yesterday by Curtiss, 8 minutes 35 2-5 seconds.

Latham put two machines out of commission in an attempt to start. Finally, just at dusk he got away and made a superb flight of three rounds at an average height of 100 feet. The light had already faded in the sky as he finished, and the monoplane looked like a gigantic bird of prey, silhouetted against the darkening heavens as re crossed t he line. This was Latham's second try for the Prix de la Vitesse, and to the actual time of 30 minutes 2 seconds one-twentieth must be added as penalization.

The management of the Wright machines declined to take any chances, explaining that they had nothing at stake, as these machines are at present classified as first, second, and third in the Prix de la Vitesse.

Lambert Paid for Services.

The friends of Count de Lambert to-day met certain unjust criticisms of his prudence with the explanation that, while once very wealthy, the Count was now in reduced circumstances and had to earn a living for his wife and children by acting as a professional pilot for the Wright Company.

The committee has fined M. Lefebvre $4 for recklessness and daring during his manoeuvrings of Sunday, but it accompanied the penalty with a characteristic French appreciation. It congratulated the aeronaut on being fined.

An unfortunate misunderstanding arose yesterday after Curtiss had completed his flight, which was then a record. The committee decided to penalize him one-twentieth of his time in the Prix de Vitesse for failure to qualify on Sunday. Curtiss and Cortlandt F. Bishop, the representative of the Aero Club of America, protested energetically. They claimed that it had been distinctly agreed that Curtiss could qualify any day. Furthermore, they pointed out that the rule cited penalized also those pilots who qualified but failed to complete three rounds, and that this penalty had not been applied to Blériot and the other French aviators. The committee thereupon reconsidered its decision, and after receiving Curtiss's word of honor regarding his understanding the ruling was withdrawn.

Military Men Prefer the Biplane.

Commander Frederick L. Chapin and Major T. Bentley Mott, respectively, the American Naval and Military Attachés, as well as the other foreign Attachés who have come down to Rheims, are interested chiefly in the endurance and weight-carrying tests, as these are the main considerations from the military standpoint. They all seem to regard the Wright models and the Paulham biplane as superior in these respects.

The experts agree that the biplanes thus far have demonstrated marked superiority, stability, and possibilities of control in a wind as compared to the monoplane. It is said also that as there have been no serious breakdowns or accidents even when the machines were flying in a wind of twenty-six miles an hour and encountering difficult eddies of air, it is proved that the aeroplane already is a practical and businesslike machine, whose further development is only a question of time and money.

It is held that the future of

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RAN AWAY IN AUTO TO WED IN JERSEY

"Tod" Robbins, a Sophomore at Williams, and Miss Hyde, an Artist's Daughter, Secretly Marry.

KEPT THE WEDDING SECRET

He's a Williams College Sophomore and She's a Miss Just Out of School.

Announcements have just been sent out telling of the marriage, on July 15, of Edith Norman Hyde, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Newton Hyde of Douglaston, L. I., to Clarence Aaron Robbins, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Robbins of Great River, L. I. Though it was a runaway marriage, neither family objected to the union, it is said. The young couple informed their parents of the marriage only five or six days ago.

The young man, who is a sophomore at Williams College, and is in his twenty-second year, is a grandson of Aaron Swain Robbins of the dry goods firm of Calhoun, Robbins & Co., 410 Broadway, who died on July 4, 1904, from lockjaw brought on by injuries suffered in a runaway accident a few days before at Great Neck, L. I. He lived at Douglaston in a mansion that stands on a peninsula of land running into Little Neck Bay from the foot of Bay Street.

Mr. Robbins left more than 1,000 pieces of real estate in Brooklyn. His will provided that the income from his estate, valued then at $1,500,000, should go to his three children—Serena Robbins, who lives in Brooklyn; Mrs. Frederick T. Parsons, who, with her family, occupies the Robbins mansion at Douglaston, and C. H. Robbins, father of "Tod" Robbins, as the bridegroom is known in Douglaston. He and a cousin are the ultimate heirs of the estate of Aaron Swain Robbins.

"Tod" Robbins has been spending his Winters at school and his Summers at Douglaston, where he visited his aunt. It was while visiting there that he met Miss Hyde.

Raymond Newton Hyde is a newspaper artist, himself the son of John Newton Hyde, an artist of some note in his day. The Hydes are descended on both sides from old Colonial families, including the Aldens and Williamses. The young wife's mother was Winnie Shove of Albany, descended from a family of Dutch settlers.

Edith Norman Hyde is one of two children of Raymond H. Hyde. She is 18 years old, and left school in Flushing only this Summer. She is tall and of the Gibsonesque type.

The Hydes have lived for four or five years in a cottage in Main Street, Douglaston, and young Robbins and Miss Hyde have been sweethearts for several years. They often went automobiling together, played tennis, and entered into all sorts of athletic sports. He is a champion pole vaulter, and she thinks nothing of running two miles before breakfast. Douglaston took it for granted that they were sweethearts, but no one thought for a moment that either of them would consider marrying for several years to come.

On July 10 Mr. and Mrs. Hyde went to Cape Ann, Mass., taking with them Helen Clark Hyde, but leaving her sister, Miss Edith, at home with her grandparents. On the afternoon of July 15 young Robbins whirled up to the Hyde cottage in his touring car, and asked Miss Edith if she wanted to take a motor ride. She did. They would not be back for dinner, they told the grandmother.

Young Robbins raced to Brooklyn, got a couple of friends of his to act as witnesses, went to Jersey City, and there the twain were married by a magistrate. They had a dinner at the Hotel Astor, and that night at 9 o'clock young Robbins delivered the young woman to her grandmother.

Nothing was said about any marriage. The bride continued her visit with the grandmother and the bridegroom at his aunt's. They motored, played tennis together, and went out walking and running together, as usual.

Four or five days ago, however, they appeared before Mr. and Mrs. Hyde and confessed that they had been married. They then went into details, and the young couple were duly blessed. They went on down to Great River, where the news was again told with the same conclusion. They remained there three or four days. They are now visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hyde.

The young husband will continue his studies at Williams College until graduation. He doesn't know what he will do after that. He has written some for the college publications, and he may go in for literature, his friends say. He is to come into a considerable fortune, and thus he will be able to serve literature without the usual preliminary lets and hindrances.

DEVERY'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Typewriter Falling from Window Just Misses ex-Chief's Brother.

A typist, cleaning her typewriter on last Monday at a window in the sixth floor of the office building at 203 Broadway, the roar of which abuts on the Fulton Street Police Station, let it slip, and it hurtled down through the air and smashed through the skylight of the police station. The girl, in tears, ran downstairs and into the station house.

She found Lieut. Andrew Devery, brother of ex-Chief William S. Devery, considerably shaken by his narrow escape from serious injury, if not death, for the typewriter had narrowly missed his head as it fell into the station house.

The Lieutenant was nearly struck by a giant firecracker which came through the station house airshaft last July. About a month ago an east side gang attacked him. He said yesterday that he was convinced that he would never die by violence.

VICHY CELESTINS

Avoid substitutes so-called "VICHY" offered by unscrupulous dealers

FEDERAL HAND IN STEEL CAR STRIKE

Government Orders District Attorney to Start Investigation of Peonage at McKees Rocks.

THE AUSTRIAN CONSUL ACTS

Town Is Quiet, but a Recurrence of Rioting Is Likely to Take Place at Any Moment.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24.—Late this evening announcement was made here that the Department of Justice at Washington had ordered an immediate investigation of conditions at McKees Rocks to determine whether or not peonage exists there.

While the investigation will be to a certain extent secret, the Government's agent will be accompanied by those persons who are convinced that they have a personal interest in the matter. Edgar Prochenk, who represents the Hungarian Government here temporarily, will be one of those to accompany District Attorney Jordon and others of his party to-morrow morning. Mr. Jordan had not decided to-night who else would accompany him in his search for evidence against Frank N. Hoffstot, President of the company, but it is understood that the strikers who have made the complaint will be amply represented.

Under these conditions no workmen will be permitted to quit the McKees Rocks plant during to-night. The augmented State Constabulary, which is on duty at the mills, received orders from Sheriff Gumbert to-night to be on guard and not permit any effort to fix things up inside the mill by getting rid of any one between now and the time the Government begins its investigation in the morning.

News that the Department at Washington had decided to take up the peonage case comes on the heels of an announcement by labor leaders that if District Attorney Jordan persisted in his published intention not to countenance the information made against Hoffstot, to appeal direct to President Taft. Jordan had a long distance communication by telephone with Washington this morning, after which he announced that he had not yet fully decided what action he would take.

In the meantime, however, Prochenk, who is Acting Consul for the Austrian Government at Pittsburg, fears that the case was to be completely whitewashed here, took steps to call the attention of his country's Embassy at Washington to conditions at McKees Rocks, asking that it be taken up with the State Department at Washington.

"While it should not be assumed that our Government will ask for the prosecution of any one, said Mr. Prochenk, "we want to know the facts and think the way to get them is by an investigation conducted by the United States Government. The action to be taken will no doubt be determined by what the facts show.

"According to my information, there are about 100 persons, citizens of Austria-Hungary, who are held in the McKees Rocks car plant aganst their will. As Consul of their Government it is my duty to secure their release. There is no law by which they can be detained and made to work against their will.

"I have laid the matter before my Embassy that it may secure reliable information. The way to get that information is through an investigation ordered by the officers of this country at the request of our Embassy. In addition, however, I expect to make an investigation of my own, and intend to apply to the officers of the Pressed Steel Car Company to go into their plant or send there and thoroughly interrogate all citizens of our country found there, as to whether they are held against their will or not. What action will be taken will be decided upon after we have all the facts in the case before us."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—With as much speed as is compatible with secrecy the Department of Justice is taking steps to get to the bottom of the situation that presents itself in the alleged peonage cases at McKees Rocks, Penn.

Officials in the department refused absolutely to discuss the situation, but while United States District Attorney John H. Jordan will continue to conduct the obvious details of the investigation into the affair, it can be stated positively that the real investigation will be conducted secretly by agents who have been hurried to the scene from Washington. This move on the part of the department does not mean that any dissatisfaction has been expressed or felt in regard to Mr. Jordan's work. The representatives of the Attorney General have simply realized that little reliable information on a case of the wide reach of this one can be secured through the ordinary channels. Mr. Jordan submitted his report in the first instance, and the present secret activity of the department is largely based on information he supplied.

What makes the case one of particular delicacy is the international aspect it may at any moment assume. Of the sixty or more laboring men who are alleged to have been held in a state of involuntary servitude by the officers or representatives of the Pressed Steel Car Company, nearly all are citizens of Austria, and representations of a pointed sort may at any time be made to the United States Government through the Austro-Hungarian Embassy.

Deny Diplomatic Protest.

At the Department of Justice this afternoon it was denied that any word has so far been received through diplomatic channels, and the impression given there was that the case up to the present time has no other complications than would be presented by a similar treatment of American citizens. But the fact remains that the first step in laying information before the Federal court at Pittsburg charging the company officials with peonage was taken at the instigation of Edgar Prochenck, the Austro-Hungarian Vice Consul at Pittsburg. The Consulate is closely in touch with the workmen and with District Attorney Jordan, and the impression prevails that his activities are based on direct instructions from the Summer Embassy at Manchester. In company with American officials, Mr. Prochenk will visit McKees Rocks to-morrow.

One phase of the question that would make a formal complaint from Austria particularly embarrassing to the United States Government is that from the nature of the case the authority of the State of Pennsylvania could hardly be used as an excuse for refusing the fullest satisfaction. Peonage is a Federal offense—an offense against the Constitution itself—and to that extent its punishment and the whole conduct of cases against the alleged offenders is directly under the control of the Washington authorities.

A somewhat similar case arose in Harrison's Administration as a result of the killing of several Italians at New Orleans, and in that matter, in reply to direct demands for reparation from Italy, the answer of this Government was that the affair came directly within the sovereignty of the State of Louisiana with which the Italian Government could not even communicate and which the Federal power could not coerce in any way.

That case dragged on through the ordinary diplomatic channels for many months, and was finally dropped—after the Italian Ambassador had been recalled—on the payment by Secretary of State Blaine of certain indemnities from the contingent fund of the State Department. Another more recent case was that of the Japanese difficulties on the Pacific coast. There, though the Government was really handicapped by its inability to control the actions of the California officials under our system of Government, it was able to convince Japan without giving direct satisfaction, that the Federal Government was acting in good faith toward the immigrant Japanese.

The present case will be tried in the Federal courts and prosecuted—if at all—by Federal attorneys. The whole responsibility will rest with the Federal Government and satisfaction, if demanded, will have to be directly given or flatly refused. It is thought here, however, that no definite complaint will be made by Austria until the case is finally disposed of in the courts.

The Federation of Labor will soon take a hand in the matter. Secretary Morrison said to-night in the opinion of the labor leaders the Department of Commerce and Labor or the Department of Justice should long ago have intervened in the interest of peace. Mr. Morrison is preparing a formal statement which he will submit to the Department of Commerce and Labor in the next few days severely criticising the Government for his dilatory policy.

CONFLICT MAY BE RENEWED.

Both Sides Determined to Maintain Present Situation at Any Cost.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 24.—Quiet prevails among the strikers for the time being, but there is absolutely no prospect in sight of the strike being settled, and a renewal of hostilities between the strikers and the State Constabulary may be expected at any time. Pittsburg and adjoining communities are in sympathy with the strikers, and are wholly sick of the situation and the attitude of the company in refusing to arbitrate the questions at issue.

The reporter visited the executive headquarters of the strikers and heard their grievances, and later called at the Pressed Steel Car Company's offices, and was permitted to go through the plant and view the existing conditions there. This was the first instance of an outsider being admitted through what has become known as the "stockade" of the plant since the strike began, and the first statement for the public was made by the company's representatives to the reporter.

The men are thoroughly well organized in this movement. There is an Executive Committee of six men who are in entire control. This committee is maintaining a commissary department, where food is distributed daily to the strikers who are in need of help. This afternoon there were fully 1,000 in line, men, women, and children, each carrying a basket, lined up before the commissary squares, in the vicinity of the works. Bread, sugar, coffee, beans, and other coarse groceries are dealt without stint to the applicants.

While the Strike Committee is thus caring for the men and their families they have exhausted every effort, apparently, to bring an end to the hostilities. One of the worst drawbacks to peace, however, is the persistence of the reports that men are confined within the works against their will. A German lad, who gave his name as Fred Rieger, told to-day of being brought from New York without knowing where he was going nor what work he was expected to perform. This is his story:

In Stockade Against His Will.

"With a friend I was walking in New York near the Bowery and a man came up and asked if we would like to work for the Erie Railroad at $2 a day. We agreed to take the job, and at 6 o'clock at night, after visiting the agency, which was near the Bowery, we were taken to the Erie station. Ninety men were in the station, and we were kept there until after midnight. Finally all were placed in a coach, and we traveled all night and all the next day, all that time without food. Two men had us in charge, and they told us we would get food when we got "there," wherever "there" might be. Between 7 and 8 o'clock at night we arrived in Youngstown, Ohio. There we were each given only a piece of cold bread and put in a box car. The car was so crowded that we could not lie down or even sit own, and we had no water.

"Some time during the night, after we had been traveling rapidly, the car was stopped, the door opened, which had formerly been locked, and we found ourselves in the yard of the Pressed Steel Car Company's plant here at McKees Rocks. We were strikebreakers."

Rieger went on to tell further of his escape over the wall of the inclosure, and he is now in the ranks of the strikers. He said that the company's inclosure was filled with men who were being beaten, starved, and forced to work against their will, and not allowed to escape, as their every movement was watched.

THE TIMES reporter, while being conducted through the works this afternoon, counted between 300 and 400 men at work. At least a dozen of the strikebreakers were interviewed, but they all professed to be satisfied, and said that they felt assured they could get out when they wanted to. They said they had plenty to eat.

It is evident that there is woeful exaggeration and misunderstanding on both sides of the question. The reporter found no such condition within the stockade as was represented to exist, but it is said that conditions have been altered there within the last twenty-four hours, and just how much influence the presence of F. E. Diffenbach, an officer of the company, who accompanied the reporter, had upon the statements of those interviewed could not, of course, be determined.

Mr. Diffenbach aired the grievances of the company against the strikers, saying that the reason they did not return to work was becuse they had been intimidated by a small company of agitators who are active in the ranks of the strikers. He said that the men were better paid than perhaps any operatives in Pittsburg or vicinity, and that the system of pooling in operation, which is a grievance the men have, is entirely just, and such a system is in vogue in practically every car-manufacturing plant in the country. He cited the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Philadelphia as an example of a great corporation conducting business on the same plan.

Situation Still Ominous.

There is a system of compulsory insurance in the plant against which the men are rebelling. This system was adopted just prior to the commencement of the strike and the men are taxed $1.35 in each hundred dollars for protection, while within the works. They assert that they have been given no policies and they profess to see graft in the enterprise. In their demands they request that this plan be abolished. Mr. Diffenbach said the insurance feature was added for the protection of the men, with no idea of money making, and he asserted that those who are doing the kicking on this phase of the question, are those who have not been benefited by the fund.

The situation here to-night is menacing in the extreme. It is common talk that a match would set the whole community into uproar. The strikers are assembled in groups all over the district, and they are quiet and sullen, and their attitude is one of extreme menace.

Eighty members of the constabulary are patrolling McKees Rocks, and to-night a strong guard of the mounted horsemen is patrolling the bordering outskirts of Pittsburg itself. Extreme hatred exists between the strikers and the constabulary, and the fact that the latter are quartered in the company's inclosure is extremely irritating to the strikers. They look upon the State as siding with the company. It has been learned to-night that a committee is being formed composed of two members of McKees Rock Town Council, two members of the Board of Trade, and two members of the Stowe Township Council, to go to Harrisburg to lay the matter before Gov. Stuart with the end in view of bringing some influence to bear upon President Hoffstot to end the strike.

The situation has reached the point where the citizens of Pittsburg are about to step in, to try to bring some influence to bear to end the strike. A well-known Catholic priest, Father Coyne, has just inaugurated a movement whereby he intends to organize a large committee of clergymen to try to influence public opinion. He said this afternoon that he considers the strike to be a just one and that the clergy are fighting on the side of the strikers.

The neighborhood of McKees Rocks is being pauperized, he said, to keep the strikers in food and clothing to enable them to hold out against the company. Storekeepers in the vicinity of the works have given their limit of credit, and he believes that some of these will be ruined on account of th strike.

$95,000 BAIL FREES HEINZE PRISONERS

But Jerome Demands Proof That "Man Higher Up" Isn't Putting Up for It.

HINTS AT NEW INDICTMENT

Wants Assurance That Defendants Will Be Here When Wanted—Birmingham Gives His Side.

After long argument with District Attorney Jerome as to the advisability of accepting the bonds of a surety company for the men indicted in the Joyce-Heinze $50,000 loan swindle, all the accused men were released from the Tombs late yesterday afternoon by Judge Mulqueen, counsel for the defendants agreeing that Jerome should be allowed to satisfy himself that "the man higher up" was not indemnifying the surety company.

A. D. F. Adams, the Boston broker, who gave himself up last week on a charge of grand larceny in connection with the Eclipse Oil Company deal, which was unearthed in investigating the $50,000 loan, is still in the Tombs, however.

There was a meeting yesterday of the Executive Committee of the Windsor Trust Company, at which, it is understood the demands of Theodore P. Shonts for a thorough investigation of the transaction were considered. Those who attended the meeting were Cornelius Vanderbilt, Robert H. McCurdy, A. Gordon Norrie, John Alvin Young, and Jordan J. Rollins. So far as known Mr. Shonts was not advised what action was taken at the meeting. Mr. Shonts will have his innings at a meeting of the Board of Directors to-day.

In debating the question of the acceptance of the Trust Company bond for Persch, Clark, and Katz, Mr. Jerome made the flat statement that he believed there was a man higher up in the transaction, who, fearing that some one of the prisoners might turn State's evidence, was behind the Guaranty Company bond. He explained that the law did not look for a money recompense for the disappearance of an indicted man, the object of bail being to guarantee the attendance of accused persons for trial.

He said he made no question of the responsibility of the bonding company, but wanted assurance of its power to bring the defendants back when wanted.

Hints at Another Indictment.

"The circumstances indicate," said the District Attorney, "that it may be necessary to hand down another indictment. It is plain that if some of those already indicted should turn State's evidence, testimony would be forthcoming that would result in the indictment of another man, and, I believe, in his conviction. I want to know if somebody whose interests would be to have the prisoners flee is interested in obtaining these bonds. If the indemnator of the Guaranty Company is one who is involved in these transactions the court should know it."

The District Attorney asked the counsel for the surety company for a copy of the agreement made between the company and the indemnator, agreeing to regard it as confidential. The surety company's lawyers were apparently willing that the District Attorney should be satisfied in this respect, but counsel for one of the defendants said that he could not reveal the names.

The District Attorney was then for remanding the prisoners back to the Tombs and sticking out for his allowance of forty-eight hours to investigate the bond. He said that he would not take the responsibility of releasing the men on the guaranty company's bond when he believed "the very indemnator was gravely interested, not in the appearance, but in the disappearance, of the defendants."

At this point Max Steuer, counsel for Katz and Clark, explained that those who had agreed to go behind the surety company bond had insisted on their participation being confidential.

As to the "Man Higher Up."

At this Mr. Jerome remarked dryly that he thought it strange that, after the District Attorney had refused to tell a certain lawyer whether or not a certain man was to be indicted in this case, some one became suddenly interested in a poor fellow who had been sweating in the Tombs for two weeks, and showed such remarkable anxiety to get him and the others out on bail.

Attorney Steuer rejoined that the District Attorney seemed in need of help in getting the person referred to indicted. His information was, he said, that this man would rather be indicted than not.

Finally when it seemed as if Judge Mulqueen had determined to send the prisoner back to the Tombs pending the District Attorney's investigation of the bond, the attorneys agreed if the bail was accepted then to let the District Attorney satisfy himself to-morrow about the identity of the indemnators.

Clarke's bail, after he had been arraigned on a second indictment charging him with grand larceny in the first degree as a second offender, has been raised to $20,000. Judge Mulqueen accepted this amount in a bond of the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, and the same company put up the $50,000 in which Donald L. Persch was held two weeks ago, and the $25,000 demanded for Katz.

Meantime Stirling Birmingham was being examined before Magistrate Barlow in the Tombs Court. Richard S. Kaufmann, the note broker, who first approached the Windsor Trust Company in the deal, repeated his story of the transaction as already told. President Young also gave his version of the transaction substantially as he had already told it. He said, however, that he had not known until after the matter had come before the District Attorney that his bond clerk had accepted the $250 bonus.

In holding Birmingham for further examination Magistrate Barlow said that in this case it was from a trusted employe that had come the first suggestion of what he thought was a "shady" loan, and that as soon as it was put through he had received his $250.

Birmingham's Side of the Case.

Birmingham sent this letter to the Directors of the Windsor Trust Company:

New York, Aug. 24, 1909.

To the Board of Directors Windsor Trust Company, New York City, N. Y.:

On July 23 your company was approached through me as manager of the Bond Department, by Richard S. Kaufmann, with the proposition that the company act as clearance agent, or intermediary, in a loan transaction, all the details of which had been arranged between brokers friendly with both the lender and the borrower. After due course this transaction was consummated. Within the week it developed the "Joyce-Katz-Windsor Trust" case.

The course for the Windsor Trust Company to have pursued at that time was clear. It was to take the public into its confidence and explain its entire connection with the matter. This was clear—it was natural, it would have inspired confidence, and have saved the company's good name, and also that of its officials. This course I pointed out, and urged in the rooms of Jordan J. Rollins on Monday evening, Aug. 9, in the presence of Jordan J. Rollins, John Alvin Young, Mr. Wheat, and Mr. Smith, both of Rollins's law firm, and Mr. Paul Raborg, Treasurer of the Davis-Daly Copper Company, a Heinze concern.

Instead of acting upon my suggestion the advice of Jordan J. Rollins was accepted, and he prepared and handed to the reporters the statement published on the following morning, Tuesday, Aug. 10—a misleading statement filled with evasion and equivocation. That first step being false, every step since on the part of the Windsor Trust officials has been to bolster up those misstatements.

It is for Rollins and Young to explain their own conflicting statements, which were exposed by Kaufmann's evidence and the corrspondence in the matter. But it is due to the Directors of the Windsor Trust Company that a full and complete statement of the entire transaction be made without reservation. I asked to be permitted to make a statement to the Executive Committee at its meeting one week ago. This Mr. Young did not permit. He afterward assured me that he had fully presented the matter, and that the committee "had been very nice about it."

I am now ready to go before your board to explain every phase of the matter from beginning to conclusion. The facts when made public will exonerate the Windsor Trust Company from any wrong committed or intended, as well as myself. It is proper that this information should be disseminated by your board. Its failure to do so will only compel me to break the silence first imposed upon me, and which I trust I may be enabled to continue to keep. Very respectfully,

STIRLING BIRMINGHAM.

It is expected that the letter will be acted upon at to-day's meeting of the Directors.

Levy, Rosenthal & Heermance, counsel for J. J. Joyce, have written to the Windsor Trust Company, demanding the return of their client's $110,000 worth of copper stocks, or its money value.

DELAY IN BINGHAM'S SUIT.

Justice Gaynor Gets an Extension of Time in the Libel Action.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday granted the application of counsel for Supreme Court Justice Gaynor of Brooklyn, asking for a twenty days' extension of time in which to file his answer to the $100,000 libel suit brought against him by ex-Police Commissioner Bingham, growing out of a letter written by the Justice to Mayor McClellan in connection with the case of George B. Duffy, the boy whose picture was placed in the Rogues' Gallery, although not convicted of a crime.

Counsel for Gen. Bingham, in opposing the motion on Monday, stated that an early trial was desired during the October term, but Justice Giegerich said that by the condition of the calendar he did not think the suit could be reached in that term.

Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., Fined $10.

Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., son of the proprietor of The New York World, made no effort to mislead the Justices presiding in the Court of Special Sessions at Jamaica yesterday when he was tried for automobile speeding, and was released with a $10 fine. His frank statement, accompanied by a plea of guilty, was received with a satisfied sigh by the court. Mr. Pulitzer was arrested on Aug. 7 for speeding thirty miles an hour on Jackson Avenue. He explained to the court that he had let his car out, as he was near no houses and believed he was outside the city limits.

Find They Struck Without Cause.

The employes at the smoking pipe factory of S. M. Frank, 292 Avenue B, who went on strike about six weeks ago to force the firm to install a "blower," found yesterday after returning to work that they had no need to strike, because an order for a blower had been given by the firm before the strike was thought of. The polishing and grinding of the pipes raise clouds of dust and the employes complained that this dust got into their lungs.

MARIX BACK FROM TOUR.

Rear Admiral Adolf Marix, Chairman of the Lighthouse Board, returned yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. from a two months' tour of inspection of lighthouses along the coasts of various European countries.

On one trip in the North Sea in a lighthouse tender, the Admiral said, a heavy storm was encountered in the night which nearly swamped the tender.

He said that he had found the United States as well equipped with coast lights as any country in Europe. Acetelyne buoys are being experimented with in Sweden, Denmark, and Scotland, he said, and in Sweden the majority of the lighthouses he inspected were unattended and are lighted automatically, at a great saving in the cost of maintenance.

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355 Broadway (near Franklin St.)
140 Broadway (near Liberty St.)
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245 Broadway (near Park Place)
182 Fifth Avenue (near 23d St.)
226 Fifth Avenue (near 27th St.)
Penna. Ferries, W. 23d St., Desbrosses St. and Cortlandt St.
BROOKLYN:—30 Flatbush Av. & Annex Ferry
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SPAIN IMPRISONS 5,000 IN BARCELONA

Thousands More, Men, Women, and Children, Arrested in Outside Cities as Rebels.

TWO BOMBS ARE EXPLODED

Fresh Revolt Feared If Gen. Marina Is Defeated—He Plans to Attack the Moors Soon.

LISBON, Aug. 24.—A dispatch to the Mundo from Barcelona says that at the last meeting the Spanish Cabinet decided upon the most stringent measures against all those suspected of taking part in the recent revolutionary movement. In consequence of this an enormous number of arrests have been made during the last few days, including all the members of the Casa de Poro, or the Patriotic Liberal Association.

Whole families, men and women, and even young children, have been torn from their homes.

Yesterday civil guards, with fixed bayonets, went to the residence of Señor Diaz, a wealthy merchant, and dragged him and his wife and two children, aged 7 and 9 years, from their beds at 2 A. M. A rich banker, his wife, and daughter were treated in a similar way.

The Montjuich Modillo prison is overflowing, and even the old castle of San Juan has been pressed into service. The prisoners at Barcelona number 5,000, while large numbers have been arrested in other cities. Seventeen hundred are confined at Montaro, 1,000 at Munresa, 1,200 at Sabadell, 300 at Gerona, and 490 at Angles.

Men, women, and children are packed together indiscriminately. Indignation is increasing, and is likely to culminate in a general revolt. Meanwhile, flying columns of infantry and cavalry continue to scour the whole province in the search for revolutionists. Fights are frequent, there being considerable losses on both sides.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—A dispatch to The Journal from Barcelona says that bombs, which have not been heard of since the recent occurrences, have again made their appearance. Two were exploded to-day outside the women's prison, where the revolutionists are incarcerated. Another was thrown outside the barracks and narrowly missed blowing up a crowded trolley car. None of the bombs did more than material damage.

The authorities have expelled from Barcelona all the known friends of Señor Ferrera, whose name was associated with the attempt made on the life of King Alfonso by Mirales.

The Civil Governor has not disguised the fact that if another defeat is experienced by the Spanish forces at Melilla the agitators will profit by it to start another revolutionary movement.

MELILLA, Morocco, Monday, Aug. 23.—Gen. Marina, commander of the Spanish army, which now amounts to 35,000 men, hopes to assume the offensive within ten days or a fortnight. It is evident that he feels very keenly the responsibility resting upon him, knowing that far more depends upon the next movement than the actual success or failure of the operations against the Moors.

The events of the next few weeks here may decide the fate of the dynasty. A reverse might prove fatal; hence Gen. Marina is wisely leaving nothing to chance. When he moves he will be at the head of a force so strong that the Riffs cannot win a victory in the open. The policy of the Riffs, therefore, will be to attack the ever-lengthening line of communications. Melilla and the railway have been converted into a veritable fortress, and it would require an army with a siege train and modern ordnance to capture these points.

Hitherto caution seems to have been carried to excess. Many feel that a little more dash to the enterprise would have been advisable. The extraordinary latitude allowed the Moorish "snipers" proves very trying to the nerve and morale of the young soldiers. The fact that no attempt is permitted to dislodge the enemy has resulted in more daring tactics on the part of the Moors each day, which might all be checked if the Spaniards sent out a few sharpshooters to meet the tribesmen at their own game and leveled all the villages and plantations along the railway which provide covers for "snipers." There is a strange fear of some lurking trap like that into which Gen. Pinto fell.

Spain has made every effort quickly to concentrate this army, but her soldiers are now cooped up in unhealthy camps, and if they do not move soon, they probably will be decimated by an outbreak of disease. The soldiers are discontented at the delay, and officers and soldiers alike detest the country and are anxious to return home.

MADRID, Aug. 24.—Sixteen thousand soldiers are ready for service in Morocco. Premier Maura, in an interview to-day, said the envoys of the Sultan of Morocco to the Riffs would not be allowed to proceed to their destination unless conducted by Spaniards. If the Sultan fails to establish order in the Riff region the Spanish programme will be carried out to the letter.

Gen. Weyler, at one time Governor-General of Cuba, said that to-day he would like to go to Melilla and take command of the Spanish expedition, but that he was willing to wait the call of his country. "A policy of foresight," he declared to-day, "would have avoided the Catalonian trouble."

SULTAN TORTURES REBELS.

Hands and Feet of Moroccans Cut Off —Women's Teeth Drawn.

TANGIER, Aug. 24.—By the Sultan's special order, according to advices received from Fez, the prisoners captured at the defeat of El Roghi have been barbarously tortured.

The Sultan first personally questioned them, and then had them tken in procession to the gate of Babelhamis, where, in the presence of the troops and populace of Fez, every prisoner had his right hand severed and the stump plunged into boiling pitch. Some of the leaders of the rebels had their right foot amputated also. The women had their teeth drawn. The whole operation was conducted in the most cruel manner.

The British Consul has entered a formal protest against these atrocities.

Candidate for President of Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 24.—The opposition parties, in convention to-day, chose as their candidates for President and Vice President of the Republic Ruy Barbosa, former President of the Senate, and Albuquerque Lins, respectively.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LUCCA, Italy, Aug. 24.—The village church at Gello, a neighboring hamlet, was struck by lightning to-day. The roof of the building collapsed, killing two of the worshippers within and injuring fifteen others.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—Grand Duke Cyril, eldest son of the late Grand Duke Vladimir, enters the Russian Navy with his appointment to-day as second officer of the cruiser Oleg. He will have a separate command after he has undergone a period of training.

LIMA, PERU, Aug. 24.—Wu Ting-fang, the Minister of China to the United States and Peru, whose recall was announced recently, gave a farewell benquet in this city last night to the members of the Diplomatic Corps, the foreign Consuls, the Cabinet Ministers, and a number of prominent residents of the capital.

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—The delegates to the Dental Congress, now in session here, have formed themselves into twelve sections, and are busy with the purposes of the conference. Among the papers read and discussed to-day were four by Americans. H. L. Wheeler of New York lectured on the evidences of the need of popular dental hygiene in America. Victor Jackson of New York spoke of orthopaedia of the face. Dr. Jenkins of Paris on what modern dentistry should demand from the State, and A. W. Merritt of New York on surgical treatment of diseases of the mouth.

CRICHFIELD CLAIM SETTLED.

Venezuela Will Pay $475,000 to American for Forfeiting Concession.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Minister Russell at Caracas, Venezuela, has informed the State Department of the signing of the protocol settling the famous Crichfield claim, one of the most important points at issue in the demands of this country on former President Castro's Government. The protocol provides for the payment to this country as agent for the American and Venezuela Company of $475,000.

The protocol, signed by Special Commissioner W. I. Buchanan shortly after the deposition of President Castro, provided for the trial of the pending case before The Hague Tribunal. There were five cases pending then, and all but two have now been settled out of court. The two remaining cases are the complaints of the Orinoco Steamship Company and the Orinoco Corporation. If these two cases can be settled directly both nations will waive The Hague Tribunal.

The Crichfield case arose out of a confiscatory violation on the part of the Castro Government of a railroad and mining concession, held by the United States and Venezuela Company. The company complied in all respects to the terms of its concession, spent about $500,000 on such compliance constructing a railroad and erecting its plant under the most difficult circumstances. Then the Castro Government took back the concession.

ASK KING TO END STRIKE.

Swedish Women Petition Him to Bring About Arbitration.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 24.—A petition signed by women from all classes of society has been presented to the King, begging him to intercede to bring about arbitration of the dispute between the laborers and their employers that resulted in the strike now almost a month old.

The Ministry of the Interior has sent telegraph instructions to all local Governors to take drastic measures to protect the laborers who returned to work.

German stevedores have arrived here from Travemunde to unload a number of coal steamers that have been lying in the harbor over a fortnight.

Anticipating a court order sequestrating its funds pending the trial of the suit for damages begun by the newspapers of Stockholm in connection with the recent strike, the Swedish Compositors' Union has transferred all its possessions to private hands. Officers of the court to-day attempted to place an embargo on the funds of the association, but they were informed by the President of the union that the concern did not possess a kroner, either in cash or property.

CHOLERA SHIP AT ANTWERP.

Arrives from Riga with Six Members of the Crew Dead.

ANTWERP, Aug. 24.—The steamer Singapore arrived here to-day from Riga, Russia, with five members of her crew dead, presumably from cholera. The news has caused much apprehension. The Singapore has been placed in quarantine.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—There were twenty-nine new cases of cholera and twelve deaths from the disease during the twenty-four hours ended at noon to-day. The Prefect of St. Petersburg has fined a large number of householders and merchants because of the unsanitary condition of their properties. Fifty new cholera cases have been registered at Kolpino, in the Tsarskoe-Selo district.

Forty-one peasants have been arrested at Pskov, charged with having taken part in the recent cholera rioting in that town.

GEN. CHEFKET IS REDUCED.

Conqueror of Abdul Hamid Obeys Reform Law and Becomes a Brigadier.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 24.—The military commission is applying the recently adopted law under which some sixteen hundred officers, promoted by favoritism under the old régime, have been reduced in rank.

Many prominent officers are affected, including Gen. Mahmoud Mukhtar and Chefket Pasha, who led the forces that overthrew Sultan Abdul Hamid and for a time was dictator in Turkey. Gen. Chefket, who has been commander of a division, becomes a brigade commander, while Gen. Mahmoud, who was commander of an army corps, becomes a Colonel. Gens. Mahmoud and Chefket are submitting resignedly as an example to others.

Rives Explains Embassy Story.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Aug. 24.—George B. Rives, Chargé d'Affaires of the American Embassy here, is greatly annoyed over reports concerning his inattention to telegrams of the Waterways Commission. He declares that the board never communicated with the embassy here, and that the report originated from a confused telegram sent by Senator Burton to the Vienna Consulate.

HOLDS BOWEN FOR SHOOTING.

Though His Target, Tammany Capt. O'Shaughnessy, Kept Away from Court

Tammany Capt. Michael O'Shaughnessy of the Twenty-seventh Assembly District, who was shot at twice by President William J. Bowen of the Bricklayers and Masons' International Union of America, on Monday, failed to appear against Bowen in the Yorkville Court yesterday. This incensed Magistrate Cornell a great deal.

Bowen was arraigned by Policeman Hughes of the East Fifty-first Street Station, who had arrested him in a saloon at Forty-second Street and Lexington Avenue after the shooting. Hughes had found the discharged revolver in Bowen's pocket, and charged him yesterday merely with "carrying concealed weapons."

"But a man was shot at!" exclaimed the Magistrate, angrily. "Where is he? Why isn't he here to make a complaint against his assailant?"

Lawyer Steinert, for Bowen, said that the shooting had been merely due to a "friendly misunderstanding." But this did not appease the Magistrate. He ordered a subpoena issued for O'Shaughnessy, and had an additional complaint of felonious assault made against Bowen. Bowen was held in $1,500 bail for examination on both charges on Thursday. At the examination O'Shaughnessy will have to appear.

CHEATING ELECTRIC METERS.

Edison Co. Accuses Electrician of Shunting Current Around the Register.

David Chatterton, an electrician, of 588 Eighth Avenue, was held by Magistrate Corrigan, in Jefferson Market Court, yesterday in $500 bail for trial in Special Sessions on a charge of putting a "jumper" on the electric meter of a saloon at 253 West Thirty-fifth Street, last Sunday morning. The complainant was the New York Edison Company.

According to the testimony of Detective Finn and Warren Brown of the Edison Company, they lay in wait for Chatterton outside the saloon when he appeared at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, and followed him. They say they caught him in the act of attaching a device known as a "jumper," consisting of three feet of wire and some clamps, to the meter. This device, Mr. Brown testified, would have the effect of shunting all the current around the meter.

Chatterton put in no defense. Mr. Brown said some one has been attaching "jumpers" to a large number of meters in the Tenderloin, and that the Edison company has thereby lost thousands of dollars worth of current in the last few months.

Standard Oil Buying a Cemetery.

In pursuance of its policy of extension the Tide Water Oil Company, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company, is acquiring piecemeal the old Constable Hook Cemetery in Bayonne, N. J., one of the oldest burial grounds in Northern New Jersey. Interments having been made there since 1620. The ancestors of many men now prominent in public affairs are buried in the old cemetery.

150 DIE WHEN LINER HITS EXCURSION BOAT

Argentine Steamer Sunk at Entrance to Montevideo Harbor by the German Schlesien.

RESCUED ARE MOSTLY MEN

Most of the Passengers Were Asleep When Crash Came, and Women and Children Perished.

MONTEVIDEO, Aug. 24.—In a driving rainstorm about 6 o'clock this morning the Argentine excursion steamer Colombia and the North German Lloyd steamer Schlesien met in collision at the entrance of Montevideo Harbor. The Colombia was entering port and the Schlesien was outward bound for Bremen. The Colombia's bow was crushed in and she sank almost immediately. More than 150 persons were killed or drowned as a result of the accident.

The Colombia carried about 200 passengers, excursionists from Buenos Ayres, who were coming to attend the festival in this city, and a crew of 48 men. Most of the passengers were asleep at the time, and a panic followed the crash. Almost immediately small boats put out to the sinking steamer, but the work of rescue was rendered very difficult and dangerous by the high sea which was running. About 70 persons were taken into the boats and brought ashore.

Most of the survivors were taken from the masts, and many of them were injured. While great numbers of women and children were drowned, almost every one of the ship's complement was saved, and most of the others who were rescued were men. Scores of bodies have been recovered and are now lying at the Custom House, but many of them have not been identified, although they have been viewed by thousands.

The Uruguayan Government, in consequence of the disaster, has postponed the fêtes arranged for the celebration of the inauguration of the port.

The President and other public officials have been greatly affected by the disaster and every measure is being taken to care for the survivors.

The Schlesien, which was only slightly damaged, has been detained here by the port authorities. Her commander attributes the collision to the wind and the high seas, which made the steamships almost unmanageable in the harbor entrance. The channel is now partially obstructed by the wreck of the Colombia.

The storm still continues, rendering telegraphic and telephonic communication between Buenos Ayres and Montevideo extremely difficult.

The Colombia was an old steamer of 1,200 tons and had been engaged in the regular passenger service between this port and Buenos Ayres.

CHARGE CRUELTY AT SONYEA.

Epileptics in State Colony Said to Have Been Beaten by Attendants.

BUFFALO, Aug. 24.—William A. Douglass, a member of the Board of Trustees of the Sonyea colony for epileptics, said to-day that a meeting of the board will be held within a few days to consider an investigation of alleged cruelty to inmates and mismanagement of the institution.

An interview with an unnamed person, said to be a former nurse at the Sonyea colony, printed in an afternoon paper, will be forwarded to the Chairman of the board, and efforts will be made to secure an affidavit from the nurse.

"The attendants have several punishments for patients they wish to overpower," the nurse is quoted as saying. "Slapping, punching, and getting half a dozen nurses to hold a patient down while the unfortunate is pounded are ordinary sights. The most inhuman treatment, however, is the 'Willard twist,' which is administered by bringing the patients' hands to their backs and then pressing them up, with the palms turned outward, until they reach the shoulder blade. It causes excruciating pain.

"One of the revolting things I saw at the institution was the removal of a woman, apparently insane, from one part of the main building to another. One big woman had her by the arms, and another by the feet. She was entirely nude. As they came down the stairs they dragged her along, bumping her spine on every step. The cries and moans of the patient were distressing.

"The attendants are hardened to their work, and the majority appear to think they have the right to impose upon the unfortunates."

MRS. HONE LOSES HER HOME.

It Brings $13,750 Under the Hammer—Mrs. Sage Held the Mortgage on It.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 24.—For failure to pay $165 twice entered on a $6,000 mortgage the home of Mrs. Emma B. Hone at Cedarhurst was sold under the hammer in the lobby of the Nassau County Court House here this morning. C. G. Galston of Cedarhurst purchased the property for $13,750.

Mrs. Hone received a large estate from her late husband, Philip Hone, who until his mysterious disappearance in 1895 was prominent in Rockaway Hunt Club circles. He was the grandson of Philip Hone, a former Mayor of New York.

Mrs. Hone lost much of her fortune, and the sale of her home, directly over her head was a great blow to her, as she had invested the last of her money in the house which is opposite the Cedarhurst Golf Club.

The bidding started at $8,000. The amount of the mortgage, together with costs, amounted to $6,930.98.

Mrs. Russell Sage took out the mortgage at the request of a friend, but the interest was unpaid, it is understood, for several months. A dispute then arose as to the payment of fees, and though the $165 was finally offered it was returned.

CHILDREN'S BED ABLAZE.

Mrs. Dann Struck at a Mosquito and Pitched the Net on a Gas Jet.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Aug. 24.—The vacation of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dann of Fulton Avenue, this village, was terminated in an unusual manner several nights ago, and as a result they are going about with their arms wrapped in bandages.

The Danns had decided on a motoring trip after coming home for a few days while the weather was bad. Being tired, Mr. Dann retired early the first night after their return, while Mrs. Dann went to see if the children were all right for the night. There was a mosquito netting over the bed and before turning out the light on her return, Mrs. Dann discovered a mosquito buzzing under the protecting meshes. She flicked upward in an attempt to get rid of the insect. In a moment the net caught on the gas jet and blazed up. Mr. Dann ran to the rescue, and, with Mrs. Dann, worked frantically to get the burning net off the bed.

They were forced to use their hands to put out the flames, and as a result the motor trip has been indefinitely postponed.

Gov. Johnson to Undergo Fourth Operation.

AURORA, Ill., Aug. 24.—Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota will go into a hospital on Sept. 1 for a fourth operation for appendicitis. A statement to this effect was made by the Minnesota Executive yesterday.

W. H. CONSIDINE BEATEN.

Found Lying on Street in Detroit with Jaw and Nose Broken.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 24.—William H. Considine, brother of John and George F. Considine, former proprietors of the Metropole Hotel, New York, and up to a few weeks ago proprietor of a saloon at 20 Monroe Avenue, was found lying on the sidewalk on Adams Avenue late last night. A policeman was called by a man living near by, who had heard a disturbance, and peering from his bedroom window saw one man administering a severe beating to another. The man who got the beating proved to be Considine.

When he was registered at Woodbridge Station Dr. Thomas discovered that his jaw was broken in two places, his nose smashed, and a few teeth knocked out. Superintendent of Police Mack ordered Considine's release and a cab was called to take him to St. Mary's Hospital. He never arrived there, however, and it is thought that he went to his apartments, 174 High Street East.

Despite his injuries Considine was able to mumble to the officer who arrested him: "Young man, I'll get your badge and buttons for this." Considine was supposed to have gone to New York to run a saloon after he sold out here, but yesterday he reappeared.

He would not talk about the assault, but it is thought that he was worsted in a personal quarrel.

NAME HOTEL AFTER TAFT.

Largest One in Connecticut to Replace New Haven House and Other Property.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 24.—President Taft has agreed to allow the largest hotel in Connecticut to be named in his honor. The hostelry is to be erected partially on the site of the present New Haven House. An option on that property has been obtained by a New York financial syndicate, whose New Haven representative is Frank S. Butterworth, formerly State Senator and Yale football full back.

Mr. Butterworth said to-night that several other buildings adjacent to the New Haven House, on both College and Chapel Streets, would be purchased and torn down to make room for the new hotel, which will cost about a million dollars. It is understood that William H. Moseley, the present owner of the New Haven House, is financially interested in the venture.

NEGRO TOWN LOSES CHARTER.

Alabama Legislature Decides That Administration Was Unwise.

Special to The New York Times.

HOBSON CITY, Ala., Aug. 24.—The only city in the United States under the exclusive control of negroes was officially killed when Gov. B. B. Comer to-day signed a bill canceling its charter. The bill was passed at the special session of the Legislature, which adjourned to-night.

The town was named after Richmond Pearson Hobson, in memory of the Spanish war deeds of the Alabamian, and was incorporated by a special law. It elected a Mayor and a Board of Aldermen, confining the nominees, of course, to members of the black race. Only negroes lived in the town, which had a population of about 800.

It was found by Representative Cooper of Calhoun County, in which the negro town was located, that the Government had been unwise.

WOMAN'S BODY IN WATER.

Found Floating Near Newport by a Fisherman—Not Identified.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 24.—The body of a well-dressed woman of middle age was brought to Newport this afternoon. It was found early in the afternoon floating in the water about three miles east of Narragansett Pier by Nicholas Batilis, a Greek fisherman.

The woman, who appears to be about 48 years of age, wore a blue flannel suit. On the right side of her neck is a small scar, such as might be expected from a slight surgical operation.

MANY VICTIMS OF PELLAGRA.

Spread of the Disease Causes a Panic in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 24.—With five deaths from pellagra in Butler County, three persons dying, and five cases under observation, there is almost a panic in that district. The State Department of Health has been asked to send help, but Dr. N. Mason, the only expert in the service, is investigating in Clark County, where more than 100 cases are reported.

County Health Officers have been instructed to isolate all cases and watch them, with a view to determining whether or not they are infectious.

REALTY MAN HELD AS THIEF.

Moses A. Adler Accused of Failing to Account for Rents.

Moses A. Adler, a real estate agent living at 536 West 143d Street, was held in $1,600 on each of two charges of grand larceny in the Tombs Court yesterday by Magistrate Barlow, the complainant being Louis Werner, Secretary of the construction firm of Janpole & Werner, at 206 Broadway. He is accused of collecting and appropriating to his own use rents which belonged to the firm.

Werner alleges that Adler, while acting as agent for the firm during July collected $574 for the firm, and failed to turn over $319 of the money. He alleges that the rent was collected on the property at 536 West 143d Street. He also charged that Adler collected $205 from tenants of the property at 487 West 135th Street and failed to pay the money over.

Adler pleaded not guilty to both of the charges, and he was held for further examination to-morrow.

GOMEZ CAUTIONS EDITORS.

Cuban President Endeavors to Have Attacks on Government Abated.

HAVANA, Aug. 24.—Señor Pasalodos, secretary to President Gomez, announced to-night that the President had inaugurated a series of personal conferences with the editors of the newspapers which have recently been attacking the Government. These papers have not made any specific charges, but apparently have been drawing inferences calculated to disturb public confidence. The purpose of the conference is to reach a friendly understanding with the hitherto hostile press. Already two prominent dailies have assumed a more moderate tone toward the Administration.

President Gomez has issued a decree canceling a considerable number of contracts for public supplies which were made without public bidding.

Cyclone Near Havana.

HAVANA, Aug. 24.—The edge of a cyclone passed over Havana this afternoon. No damage was done in this city, but slight damage is reported in the eastern and central portions of the island.

Four Stowaways from New York.

HAVANA, Aug. 24.—A Cuban lawyer today applied to the Audencia court for a writ of habeas corpus for four Spanish stowaways found on the steamer Buenos Ayres from New York. The order was denied on the ground of lack of jurisdiction.

Wife Sues Convict Youtsey for Divorce

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 24.—Mrs. Henry Youtsey, wife of the only man who is now serving sentence for complicity in the murder of Gov. William Goebel in 1899, has entered suit for divorce. The papers were filed at Winchester, Ky.

NEGRO SHOOTS 21 MEN IN A SOUTHERN TOWN

Half-Crazed, He Dashes Down Street Firing Shotgun at Random.

KILLED, HIS BODY BURNED

Backs Into Hallway and Holds the Throng at Bay Until He Is Brought Down.

MONROE, La., Aug. 24.—Half-crazed, either by whisky or cocaine, Bill Way, a negro from Pine Bluff, Ark., dashed down the main street of Monroe to-day with a double-barreled shotgun, firing in every direction. Citizens returned the fire and the negro finally fell dead after receiving a score or more of wounds. Twenty-one persons were injured in the fight.

When the negro fell his body was dragged into the street and later taken to a public square and burned in the presence of several thousand people.

The negro appeared on the street with his shotgun under his arm and his pockets filled with shells. When he started to fire, those citizens who were armed covered him and forced him into a doorway where he held his ground. He would fire, step back into the doorway, reload his gun and fire again. Several men returned his fire every time that he appeared and he finally fell with a bullet through his heart.

Four of the twenty-one citizens who were wounded by the negro are in a serious condition, while the injuries of the other seventeen are of minor nature. It was feared for a time that a mob might wreak vengeance on other members of the race, but the authorities took prompt precautions and quiet was maintained.

Two officers who closed in on the negro were probably fatally wounded. They are Patrolman Bigger, shot in abdomen, and T. A. Grant, Deputy Sheriff, shot in breast and neck. Simon Marks, a merchant, received a wound in the breast which may prove fatal. George McCormick had his arm almost torn off by a shot, but will recover. Among those who received slight wounds was Mayor Forsythe.

It is believed the shells used by the negro contained small shot, for only those close to him were dangerously wounded.

The body of the negro was placed on a pile of rubbish and about ten gallons of coal oil poured over it. Mayor Forsythe, despite his injury, went to the scene and pleaded with the mob, but his entreaties were in vain.

HEARING ON DOCK QUESTION.

Commissioner's Plan to Add to Its Water Front to be Discussed.

Following a meeting of the Sinking Fund Commission held yesterday at the request of Mayor McClellan, it was announced that a public hearing will be held on Sept. 22 on a proposal submitted by Dock Commissioner Spooner to have the city add forty-two feet of land to its purchase of water front property acquired for ferry purposes near Broadway, Brooklyn. The Dock Commissioner was authorized by the commission to advertise for bids to operate the ferries, which will have their Brooklyn terminal at that point.

It was intended originally that the city should operate these ferries, which have been abandoned by the private company which operated them before on the ground that the business did not pay. It will depend on the bids received whether the ferries are to be operated by the municipality or under private auspices.

MINIMIZE MEXICAN PLOTS.

American Ambassador and Consul Say There Is No Real Danger.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—David E. Thompson, the United States Ambassador to Mexico, has telegraphed the State Department that there is no danger of serious trouble in that country. He says the elements of disorder are practically confined to the Northern States and may, as heretofore, cause local disturbances; but that the Mexican Government is fully prepared to take care of any condition that may arise. He adds that no hurt can come to any foreign interests.

In a dispatch to the State Department, upon the reported disturbances in the State of Sonora, Louis Hostetter, United States Consul at Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico, states that the reports recently issued are misleading. He adds that some arrests have been made of persons, who while under the influence of liquor, have created disorder by yelling in the streets for some of the political candidates, but that other than these few instances the conditions are normal.

ZELAYA PREFERS TO RETIRE.

Declares He Wishes to Keep Washington Agreement Against Re-elections.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Aug. 24.—In reply to the offer of a committee to proclaim his candidacy for the Presidency next term, President Zelaya stated that he needed rest and desired to comply faithfully with the recommendation of the Washington agreement that there should be no Presidential re-election in the Central American republics.

FOOD.

SURE TO ASK

The Kind of Coffee when Postum is Well-made.

"Three great coffee drinkers were my old school friend and her two daughters.

"They were always complaining and taking medicine. I determined to give them Postum instead of coffee when they visited me, so, without saying anything to them about it, I made a big pot of Postum the first morning, using four heaping teaspoonfuls to the pint of water, and let it boil twenty minutes, stirring down occasionally.

"Before the meal was half over, each one passed up her cup to be refilled, remarking how fine the coffee was. The mother asked for a third cup and inquired as to the brand of coffee I used. I didn't answer her question just then, for I had heard her say a while before that she didn't like Postum unless it was more than half old-fashioned coffee.

"After breakfast I told her that the coffee she liked so well at breakfast was pure Postum, and the reason she liked it was because it was properly made, that is, it was boiled long enough to bring out the flavour.

"I have been brought up from a nervous, wretched invalid to a fine condition of physical health by leaving off coffee and using Postum.

"I am doing all I can to help the world out of coffee slavery to Postum freedom, and have earned the gratitude of many, many friends." Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

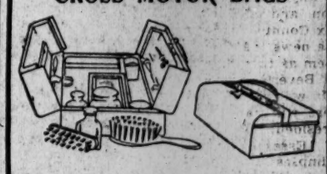
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

MARK CROSS
LONDON
89 REGENT ST.

AFTER THE MOTOR TRIP

A Brush-up Is Essential.

CROSS MOTOR BAGS



Purple—Red—Black Morocco—Silk Lined—Shell Comb—Ivory Brush—Clothes Brush—Standing Mirror—Leather Jewel Box—Pin-cushion—Nail Scissors—File—Buttonhook—2 Glass Bottles—Salve Jar—English Hallmark Silver Tops—Compartment for Veils, etc.—Cabin Top—Lock and Key—6 Inches Wide—6½ Inches Long—3½ Inches Deep.. $59.50
OTHERS up to.... $102.50

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
Boston—145 Tremont Street

242 FIFTH AVENUE
THE KNAPP-FELT SHOP
Hats for Men

The new shapes in Knapp-Felt hats may be seen at the Knapp-Felt Shop to-day. The styles are of sufficient variety to afford an opportunity for the exercise of individual taste in the selection of a proper hat.

Knapp-Felt De Luxe hats are Six Dollars; Knapp-Felt hats are Four Dollars.

Dobbs & Co
242 FIFTH AVENUE
between 27th and 28th Streets

EXCURSIONS
Via New Jersey Central
Hard Coal—No Smoke—Comfort.
$1.00
Lake Hopatcong
NEXT FRIDAY AND EVERY SUNDAY
Special train leaves W. 23d St., Friday, 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.
Special train leaves W. 23d St. Sunday, 8:50; Liberty St., 9:00 A. M.
Round Trip, $1.00. Children, 50 Cts.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York.

ELECTRICITY—
The Silent Servant.
Electrical appliances of all kinds—smoothing irons, small stoves, chafing dishes, heating pads.
The BEST MAKES at the LOWEST PRICES.
C. C. Bohn Electric Co.,
780 Sixth Ave., near 44th St.

OLD CROW RYE
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Perhaps you are looking for a Boarding House. See Page 15.

TAFT TO BREAK RULE FOR A.G.A.R. REVIEW

The Only Function That Will Be Permitted to Break In Upon His Vacation.

ALDRICH WILL VISIT HIM

Senator to be Received To-morrow—Mrs. Taft Walks Out Briskly on a Short Shopping Tour.

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 24.—Earnest pleadings of several veterans of the civil war broke down to-day the firm resolution of President Taft not to participate in any public function during his vacation, and 2,500 Grand Army men in Essex County were made happy to-night by the news that the President would review them as they marched through the streets of Beverly on Sept. 11.

It will be the only time that the public here will have a good chance to see the President. All Beverly and a greater part of Essex County have had fleeting glimpses of him as he motored swiftly along the smooth roads or stepped from the automobile and entered church. But at the Fall muster of the Grand Army of Essex County the President will sit in his automobile for half an hour while the posts march by.

Perhaps the happiest man in the county to-night is Corporal Alvin A. Hanscom, 68 years old, commander of the John E. Chipman Post, 89, of Beverly. He charged the Summer capitol this afternoon, but the Secret Service line at the Taft cottage was too firm to be penetrated, and so he had to be content with sending in his card with a message. It was in sad spirits that he mounted his bicycle and pedaled slowly away to resume his house painting. What other forces assailed the President in his stronghold are not known, but late this afternoon Secretary Carpenter announced the terms of surrender. They were that the President would review the parade as an incident in his afternoon ride, tha the time should be between 3.30 and 4 o'clock, and that under no conditions would he attend a reception or make a speech.

Myopia was again the scene of the President's golfing exploits to-day. It was a three-ball match with Robert Taft, his eldest son, and Capt. Butt, his Military Aid, as his opponents. He lunched at the clubhouse in Hamilton, and then motored back to Beverly, where he devoted an hour to his mail before accompanying Mrs. Taft on the customary afternoon motor trip.

It was with sprightly step that Mrs. Taft walked briskly through the business streets of the city this afternoon on a brief shopping tour. Her face still showed the effect of her long illness last Spring, but the townspeople who saw her when she arrived said that she was vastly improved.

There will be a continuation of placid conditions with Mr. Taft to-morrow, but on Thursday business cares will be resumed with the arrival of Secretary MacVeagh and Senator Aldrich. Among the visitors at the Executive Offices to-day were Edward A. Mosely, Secretary of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, who motored over from his home, in Newburyport, to pay his respects, and ex-Senator G. William Hinds of Mississippi, who wanted to see the President in behalf of the old-age pension plan. Visitors are surprisingly few as compared with the steady tide of callers at Oyster Bay. Every one has apparently realized fully that the President is here on a genuine vacation and does not desire to be disturbed.

NO ROOSEVELT EXHIBIT.

Smithsonian Institution Won't Add to Former President's Fame as a Hunter.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The delayed Roosevelt trophies, constituting the first installment of specimens collected by the expedition of the Smithsonian Institution in Africa, arrived in Washington to-day from New York. There are about seventy-five specimens altogether. The uncured skins are packed in brine and occupy twenty barrels. Skins already cured take up nine cases.

To the chagrin of the officers of the institution, who have repeatedly announced in the last few days that the expedition now carrying havoc into Africa is a Smithsonian and not a Roosevelt expedition, every case and barrel in the cargo addressed to the institution was conspicuously stenciled with the initials "T. R." The officials, however, declare that the seeming freshness of the paint indicates that this stenciling was added in New York for photographing purposes.

Several months will elapse before any of the specimens are actually mounted, and it is thought possible that Col. Roosevelt and his party may have returned to the country by the time the first specimen is placed on view. It has been officially denied that anything like a "Roosevelt exhibit" would be made of the specimens of the African expedition.

SPENT 26 YEARS AFLOAT.

Rear Admiral Swinburne Retires with Longest Sea Record in Navy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—Holding a longer record for sea service than any of his contemporaries, Rear Admiral William T. Swinburne was transferred to the retired list to-day, when he attained the age of 62. Twenty-six years of his forty-three years of service were spent at sea.

Admiral Swinburne's retirement does not leave a vacancy in the grade of Rear Admiral. He is an extra number, and received his promotion because of the conspicuous part he played in the Spanish-American war. He was promoted to his present rank July 22, 1906. The following month he was detailed commander in chief of the Pacific squadron, and in such capacity served until a short time ago, when he was assigned to duty at the Naval War College at Newport, R. I.

NAVY RECORDS BROKEN.

The South Carolina Averages 19.23 Knots an Hour in Five Trial Runs.

Special to The New York Times.

LEWES, Del., Aug. 24.—The battleship South Carolina, built at Cramps' shipyard, Philadelphia, to-day broke the navy record over the measured mile off here by making an average of 19.234 knots for five consecutive runs. This exceeds, by nearly three quarters of a knot, the contracted speed.

The South Carolina is a sister ship to the Michigan. These two ships are the latest product in battleship construction and carry eight 12-inch guns.

OPPORTUNITIES.

If a man wishes to dispose of his business it doesn't necessarily mean his business is of no account. Sickness may compel him to give it up. Yet to another man it may be just the opportunity he is looking for. The best class of Business Opportunities are advertised daily in The New York Times. Read those this morning on Page 15.

W. K. VANDERBILT, JR., FINED.

Pleads Guilty to a Charge of Speeding in an Automobile.

W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., was fined $15 yesterday by Acting Judge Gay in Special Sessions at Mount Vernon for speeding an automobile. The arrest was made on Monday at East Lincoln and Fulton Avenues by a motor cycle policeman after he had trailed the car from Scotts Bridge through First Street and Fulton Avenue. The policeman had a hot chase after the car, reaching at one time a speed of sixty-five miles an hour.

With Mr. Vanderbilt when he was arrested were a man and a woman. They got out of the machine and took a train to New York. Their identity could not be learned. He was released on depositing $50 bail.

Mr. Vanderbilt was on hand a quarter of an hour before court convened. He sat down among the spectators and read a newspaper until his case was called. When the charge was read to him he said quietly:

"I plead guilty, your Honor. I didn't think I was going thirty-five miles an hour." He said his speedometer only showed twenty-two miles an hour. Judge Gay said that the speed at which he was traveling was dangerous. Then he imposed the fine, which was paid without comment.

LUTHERAN HOME FOR GIRLS.

Its Privileges Restored at Ellis Island After an Investigation.

Immigration Commissioner Williams, after an investigation, has restored all the privileges of Ellis Island to the Trustees of the Swedish Lutheran Immigrant Home of 5 Water Street, which he revoked on Aug. 10, following charges against the management of the home.

The charges in question had to do with the whereabouts of girls taken from Ellis Island to the home. An investigation showed that the address of every girl was known, but that an official of the home, who has since been discharged by the Trustees, through carelessness had mixed the records somewhat. In restoring the privileges Commissioner Williams, in a letter to the Trustees, said:

"I take pleasure in restoring your home to all of the privileges heretofore enjoyed by it at Ellis Island, and confidently believe that with the personal attention which the Trustees have now assured me they will give to the more important details of the management, your home will be in a position to render useful service to a large number of Swedish immigrants."

PROMISES NOT TO SEE GIRL.

Lawyer Agrees to Cease His Attentions When Haled to Court.

A man who said he was Edward C. Elliott, a lawyer of 14 East 124th Street, and served in the Harrison Administration as an Assistant United States District Attorney in Virginia, was before Magistrate House in the Harlem Court yesterday, having been arrested the night before on the charge of disorderly conduct and intoxication. Mrs. Carrie Bicknell of 28 West 125th Street was the complainant against him.

Annie Bicknell, her daughter, is employed at the main office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, she said, and Elliott had been coming home with her for months in the morning at 2 o'clock, when she was relieved at the office. Elliott was often drunk and disorderly, she went on, and she had had him arrested. She asked that Magistrate House try to do something to prevent her daughter from associating with him.

Magistrate House released Elliott on his promise that he would not see Miss Bicknell again. She said, however, that she was her own mistress and refused to promise not to see him. Elliott left the court weeping. He is 40 years old.

PRISONER ESCAPES IN COURT.

Arrested for Theft, He Decides His Presence Is Not Needed.

A man describing himself as Michael Riebe of 43 Greene Street arose from the prisoners' bench in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday, and while the back of the policeman who arrested him was turned walked past Policeman Patrick McKenna at the gate and left the courtroom. When his disappearance was discovered the neighborhood was searched, but he was not found.

At dinner time Riebe had walked into the workshop of William Schultz, a manufacturer of church furniture at 23 Sixth Avenue, and, not seeing Mr. Schultz at his desk, picked up a coat belonging to Anton Fabris, a designer, and walked out. Schultz called Fabris, who said there were $28 in the coat, and they followed Riebe to Eighth and Macdougal Streets, where Patrolman Standing was called to arrest him.

Riebe disappeared while Standing and Schultz were making out the complaint. Standing inquired of a fellow-policeman if he had seen Riebe.

"Why, I saw him here five minutes ago," was the answer. "He came out leisurely, and when I asked him how he made out he said, 'They let me go,' and he lighted a cigarette and wandered out Tenth Street."

E. F. C. YOUNG LEFT $1,787,000

Widow Gets a Life Interest and Children the Estate at Mother's Death.

The report of the appraisal of the estate of Edward F. C. Young, former President of the American Graphite Company, the Joseph Dixon Crucible Company, and a Director in nearly a dozen banking institutions in Manhattan and New Jersey, who died at his home in Jersey City, on Dec. 6, 1908, which was filed yesterday, gives the value of the personal holdings of Mr. Young in New York State as $224,340 gross and $168,540 net; the value of the personal estate, wherever situated, is given as $1,787,022, that in New Jersey being $1,608,094.

Under Mr. Young's will, the widow, Harriet M. Stober Young, has a life interest in the residuary estate, and his son Edward and daughter, Hattie L. Smith, will each get half of the estate at the death of their mother.

Mr. Young was a Presidential Elector on the Democratic ticket in 1880, and was defeated for the nomination for Governor after a hard fight in 1892. He died at the age of 74 years.

CITY BREVITIES.

It was announced yesterday by the New York local of the Socialist Party that it will hold a ratification meeting for its municipal candidates, headed by Edward Cassidy for Mayor, at Cooper Union on Friday evening, at which Albert Abrahams, President of the Central Federated Union, will preside.

On complaint of the Knights of Labor of New York State, the Public Service Commission issued a complaint order calling for an investigation against the type of vestibule on surface cars in Brooklyn and Queens, known as the "one-third vestibule." This form covers only the front and rear of the car, and leaves the sides of the front and rear platforms unprotected.

A juryman in Coroner Harburger's Court was attacked with heart disease and collapsed yesterday morning while an inquest was being held into the death of Abraham Laberowitz, who died on July 26 from chloroform narcosis, and the case had to proceed with but eleven men in the box. Dr. Philip Sussman of 13 St. Mark's Place was held in $5,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury, the jury finding him responsible for the death of Laxerowitz, on the ground that he had been negligent in administering chloroform.

The New York Public Library has arranged at the Lenox Library Building an exhibition of books, maps, and prints, mainly the latter, relating to Hudson, Fulton, and the Hudson River.

Supreme Court Justice Amend gave permission yesterday to Valentine Gourkonski of 352 West Fiftieth Street to change his name to Valentine Brenner after Sept. 20. The petitioner stated that for many years he has used the name of Brenner, which is the same as that of his uncle, with whom he lives, and that he had made contracts under that name as well as joined different societies.

The Summer camp of the Newsboys' Home Club at Woodland Beach will be kept open until Sept. 1, and possibly later, if the weather and the boys demand it. The attendance at the camp from Saturday to Monday since the opening in July has not fallen short of 400.

SIMPLIFIED SPELLERS PUBLISH NEW LIST

Board Presents 3,261 New Words and Is Busy "Improving" 25,000 Others.

IS GAINING MEMBERS DAILY

Secretary Announces That 259 Periodicals as Well as Schools and Colleges Have Adopted New Forms.

The Simplified Spelling Board which started its spelling reform three years ago with a list of 300 words now has published a list containing 3,261 words that the board thinks need reforming.

Every day from twenty-five to fifty signatures come into the office of the Secretary, Dr. Charles P. G. Scott, whose owners pledge themselves to enlist in the crusade against unregenerative English speech. Twenty-five thousand of such signatures have been received to date, and the officers of the board are at present at work compiling a "Manual of Simplified Spelling," dealing with about 25,000 words.

The Simplified Spelling Board has agents wherever English is spoken. In London two of its members have formed lately the Simplified Spelling Society of Great Britain. In Maine a State centre has been organized, and here in New York its officers are hard at work to form the 25,000 signers, by means of the Simplified Spelling Bulletin, the new quarterly organ of the board, into a Simplified Spelling Alliance.

Dr. Scott is authority for the statement that there are 259 periodicals in forty-one States and Territories which have taken up the spelling reform to a greater or lesser extent. Among these eighteen dailies, twenty weeklies, and twenty-four monthlies have adopted the list of 300 words, while two dailies, four weeklies, and five monthlies have gone considerably further. In New York City six weeklies and fifteen monthlies are using this list.

The latest list contains, in round numbers, 1,100 separate words, simplified in the root, and 2,200 inflected forms, in which the change appears only in the inflection. It contains, in addition to the former list, words having -ea- pronounced -e-, and so simplified as in hed, helth, spred, &c.; preterits and participles ending in -ed pronounced -d, and so simplified as in armd, burnd, flid, livd, &c.; words ending in -ice pronounced -is, and so simplified as in coppis, cornis, crevis, justis, &c.; words ending in -ve pronounced -v, and so simplified, preceded by l or r, as in delv, solv, carv, serv, &c.

This list is intended as a present guide for teachers and pupils, and for persons who adopt the simpler spellings in their personal, official, or business correspondence.

Nearly 7,000 teachers, (among them 300 public school teachers in New York City,) Superintendents, and college professors have signed the cards of agreement to use the shorter forms of spelling recommended by the board. Every large university and college is represented. The educational elements of the community are reported as taking so great an interest in the spelling reform that the board will issue within ten days a circular on the subject especially addressed to public school and other teachers throughout the country. One hundred thousand copies of this circular will be mailed.

The National Education Association has indorsed simplified spelling, and nearly 1,000 of its active members have signed the card of agreement.

Individual public and private schools in the following States teach the simpler spellings as reported by the officers of the board: Colorado, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Washington, and Wisconsin.

The Iowa State Normal School of Cedar Falls and the Illinois State Normal University of Normal use the full list of simplified spellings in their catalogues and other publications. Other normal schools in Colorado, Minnesota, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin use simplified spelling in a greater or less degree, and are preparing the graduates to teach the new forms along with the old wherever as teachers they may be permitted to do so.

The State Teachers' Associations of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, South Carolina, and Wisconsin have approved simplified spelling. The State Teachers' Association of Tennessee has recommended it to the attention of teachers.

The public schools of Houston, Texas, and Duluth, Wis., have adopted simplified spelling. Easton, Penn., is expected to do so this Fall, and the matter is pending now before the school authorities in New Rochelle, N. Y.

The officers of the Simplified Spelling Board for 1909-1910 are Thomas R. Lounsbury, President; Charles E. Sprague, Treasurer; Dr. Charles P. G. Scott, Secretary; Executive Committee—Isaak K. Funk, Henry Holt, Brander Matthews, Charles P. G. Scott, Benjamin E. Smith, Charles E. Sprague, Calvin Thomas, William Hayes Ward, and the President, ex-officio.

Among the members of the board are E. Benjamin Andrews, Chancellor of the University of Nebraska, Nebraska; William Archer, author; O. C. Blackmer, publisher; Henry Bradley, associate editor of the Oxford English Dictionary; David J. Brewer, Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States; James W. Bright, Professor of English Literature in Johns Hopkins University; Andrew Carnegie, Lord Rector of the University of St. Andrews; Samuel L. Clemens, Lyman J. Gage, ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, Andrew D. White, formerly President of Cornell University, and Robert W. Woodward, President of the Carnegie Institution.

HIS LIBERTY SHORT-LIVED.

Lamberg Likely to Go Back to Sing Sing for Breaking His Parole.

After his recent release from Sing Sing, where he was serving a five-year sentence for forgery, Samuel Lamberg, an Austrian, living at 403 West Eighteenth Street, turned his first thoughts homeward. But instead of the joys of domesticity, he found a bench warrant charging bigamy awaiting him.

Clara Hahn, his second wife, who lives at 73 East Ninetieth Street, after discovering the existence of a former wife, had the marriage annulled, and on Aug. 16 arraigned the prisoner before Judge Rosalsky, in General Sessions, on a bigamy charge. He was released on suspended sentence on condition that he would not annoy her.

His wife and her sister, Annie Wachter of 519 West 147th Street, reported, however, that Lamberg had been bothering them with calls and threatening letters. One of these said that unless his former wife came back to him he would hire an automobile and drive from house to house, killing them and their friends.

Lamberg was arrested yesterday by a detective from the District Attorney's office, at the drug house of Lenorini & Co., 70 Pine Street, his employers, whom he had swindled before through a forgery transaction involving $2,200. They had taken him back to give him another chance.

The prisoner will be arraigned to-day before Judge Rosalsky for breaking the conditions of his parole, and will probably receive a long prison sentence.

DOZEN HURT IN CAR CRASH.

Trolley Hits Steam Roller — Two Women Go to Hospital.

An open trolley car and a big steam roller collided in Jackson Avenue and Tenth Street, Woodside, Queens, about 11 o'clock yesterday morning and more than a dozen of the passengers aboard the trolley car received cuts and bruises. Mrs. Elsie Dengler, 25 years old, of 547 East 169th Street, and Mrs. Elizabeth Stadelberger, 10 years old, of 450 West Fifty-eighth Street, Manhattan, who were both badly cut and suffered from shock, were taken to St. John's Hospital, Long Island City.

Motorman John Rowan of 237 Steinway Avenue, Long Island City, was in charge of the trolley car, which, with about forty passengers, mostly women and children, was on its way from the Thirty-fourth Street Ferry entrance, Long Island City, to Flushing. For the last few days city employes have been repairing the highway along Jackson Avenue, Woodside, and when the trolley car hove in sight yesterday a big steam roller, in charge of Engineer Patrick Cooney of 80 East Avenue, Long Island City, was coming in the opposite direction, towing a heavy machine known as a "scarifier," which, by means of its big steel teeth, was tearing up the macadamized highway, getting it ready for rebuilding.

According to Cooney and spectators along the roadway, the loaded trolley car went dashing ahead with unabated speed, despite the fact that the steam roller was coming toward it and was running close to the outside edge of the track. Probably thinking that there was plenty of room for his car to pass the oncoming steam roller Motorman Rowan, it is said, made no effort to stop his car. In the crash the trolley car and the steam roller sidewiped each other.

MRS. STERRY WINS A POINT.

She Compels Filing of Her Father-in-Law's Will in $1,000,000 Estate.

Mrs. Mildred E. Sterry of 37 West Eighty-second Street, widow of George E. Sterry, Jr., who in May, 1908, shot and killed his father, the drug manufacturer, and then himself, after fourteen months' delay, has forced her brothers-in-law to file the original of their father's will, under which she claims by reason of her husband's death a one-quarter interest in the $1,000,000 estate.

This document provided that the estate shall be divided, equally among his four sons, George E., Jr.; William, John De Witt, and James W. Sterry, and made the latter two the executors. The will of George E. Sterry, Jr., left all of his estate to his wife, and at the death of father and son Mrs. Sterry contended that her husband survived his father and that his rights descended to her. She filed her husband's will and subsequently a copy of that of her father-in-law, but the executors refused to offer the original for probate.

After Surrogate Cohalan had denied the motion of her counsel, George W. Simpson, asking that the executors be compelled to file the original document, a subpoena was obtained compelling them to produce the document, together with a citation directed to the three sons and the subscribing witnesses, Frederick H. Man and Robert Martin. It was made returnable yesterday. Counsel for the executors then produced the will in question in the Surrogate's Court, which was filed at once, proved by the witnesses and offered for probate.

Answers were filed, however, on behalf of the sons, denying that Mrs. Sterry, Jr., is an heir under the will of their father, or that she is a next of kin. The statement also denies that her husband survived his father.

COACH DOG BITES FOUR.

Attacks Young Woman and Three Children, Seriously Hurting Two.

A small coach dog owned by Charles J. Sullivan of 540 Van Cortlandt Park Avenue, Yonkers, attacked Miss Alice Sullivan, the owner's sister, yesterday, and after biting her four times ran to McLean Avenue, where it attacked and severely injured three children. One of the three, Martha Earl, 3 years old, daughter of William J. Earl, a contractor, is in a dangerous condition, the animal having torn her arms and ankles.

The dog is a pup which Mr. Sullivan got two weeks ago, and was a great pet with the children. It gave no trouble until Miss Sullivan, who had noticed that the animal appeared ill, went into the garden and stooped down to stroke the pup's head. Then it sprang at her.

It ran into a group of ten small children and bit, besides Martha Earl, Ruth Mackechline, 3 years old, of 31 Cornell Avenue, and Esther Brooks, 4 years old, of Randolph Street. William G. Mackechline, the father of Ruth, was returning home when the dog darted into the crowd of children. Mackechline seized a stick and chased the dog to an alleyway, where the pup, when cornered, turned and fought viciously. Police Lieutenant Joseph Van Steenburgh finally stunned the dog with his billy.

The children were attended at their homes by the family physicians. The dog was removed to the Health Department, where it will be kept under observation for ten days to determine whether it was afflicted with rabies.

KATHAN HERE FROM SING SING.

Convict Lawyer a Witness in Investigation of Magistrate Furlong.

Rutherford W. Kathan was brought from Sing Sing yesterday to the Brooklyn District Attorney's office to be a witness before Supreme Court Justice Crane, sitting as a Magistrate, in the investigation into the official acts of Magistrate Henry E. Furlong of the Gates Avenue Court. Before his conviction for bribery in the case of Louis Wolfe, the Williamsburg rug manufacturer and self-confessed pickpocket, Kathan was the leading lawyer in Magistrate Furlong's court.

Practically all the persons connected with the investigation were in Assistant District Attorney Elder's office for the greater part of the day. They were Kathan's lawyer, John P. Lamerdin of 100 Broadway; Charles J. McDermott, representing the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association; Jacob W. Gotthelf, former clerk for Kathan, now in the Raymond Street Jail; his lawyer, Edward J. Reilly, and Mrs. Fannie Arnstein, Gotthelf's sister.

Later in the day they went before Justice Crane, where, it is said, Kathan and Gotthelf were questioned about their confessions concerning Magistrate Furlong. Justice Crane's decision is expected in a day or two.

Kathan and Gotthelf were taken to the Raymond Street Jail after the proceedings before Justice Crane.

Leave Granted to Jewish Soldiers.

Before his departure for Europe, where he hopes to recuperate, Albert Lucas, the Honorary Secretary of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of United States and Canada, communicated with the various Federal, State, and city officials, requesting that leave of absence should be grante dto the Jewish soldiers and other officials and employes on the high holy days of Sept. 16, 17, and 23. In reply the Adjutant General wrote to Mr. Lucas that the proper commanding officers had been authorized to grant the privilege.

German Liner Near Collision in Fog.

Capt. Rott of the North German Lloyd liner Grosser Kurfuerst, in yesterday from Bremen, reported that on Friday night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, he was on the bridge when he heard the foghorn of a vessel sounding close by out of the heavy fog. He went astern just in time to clear the other ship by twenty feet. The stranger carried a big array of electric lights, and the Captain thought she was a passenger vessel.

Rutherfurd Stuyvesant's Body Here.

The body of Rutherfurd Stuyvesant, brother-in-law of Ambassador Henry White, arrived here yesterday on the German liner Grosser Kurfuerst. Mr. Stuyvesant died in Paris while on a tour abroad with his family. The body will be taken to the Stuyvesant country home, at Alluchy, N. J.

BINGHAM WRITES OF "POLICE IN POLITICS"

Says They Pay for Good Berths by Political Work for the Dominant Party.

INTIMIDATION OF VOTERS

Petty Persecutions Resorted to by Politicians—Tells In The Century How He Tried to Check Practices.

Gen. Theodore A. Bingham is out with another article, this time in The Century Magazine, telling about political uses to which, he says, the police are often put, and, incidentally, criticising Mayor McClellan, who removed him from the position of Police Commissioner. The title of the article is "The New York Police in Politics."

Mr. Bingham begins by rehearsing the part the police have in the regular election machinery. There is a State Superintendent of Elections, he says, and a local Board of Elections, but, he says, they both depend largely on the police. According to law, the policemen investigate and report on lists of residents, check up changes of address or removals of voters, make almost house-to-house visitations, and come in possession of the most minute information in regard to the voting population, all of which information gets to the leaders of the party controlling the Police Department, says Gen. Bingham.

The writer characterizes the School Census law, as applied to the city, as a piece of vicious legislation, because it provides for the appointment of clerks and helpers outside of the Civil Service rules, "thus creating a new, valuable, and much-needed resource of direct patronage for the politicians." Moreover, the details of the work were put in the hands of the police, and, on top of that, the political schemers had the date of the census set just before election time, continues Gen. Bingham, and thus get together more valuable information for use by the party dominating the Police Department.

"With this detailed information at their disposal," Gen. Bingham continues, "the politicians in power go over the lists carefully, name by name, and check off the voters as safe for their side, as doubtful, or as opposed. Men are hired and carefully coached as to name, residence, &c., to impersonate at the polls voters who have died, or removed from their election districts, or even those who are clearly entitled to vote.

"Meanwhile a vigorous campaign is begun to secure the doubtful and to convert the hostile. For this purpose every conceivable device, straight, bent, or crooked, is invented and used. In the case of a voter inclined to be hostile, the party in control, through its members in public office, can exert the greatest pressure.

"The voter finds it impossible for him to get a bill paid or an honest claim allowed by the Finance Department; or the building which he is erecting cannot be finished because the necessary permits cannot be obtained from the Building Department, or the plumbing, gas or water permits; or an inexplicable strike of workmen may occur; or the citizen may be robbed, and the matter receive no attention from the police; or he may be annoyed for the violation of petty ordinances never before invoked, but now enforced by a suddenly virtuous and active Police Captain. In such devices the ingenuity of the political managers is inexhaustible."

Police officials are supposed to pay for their positions by political service, continues Gen. Bingham, and the politicians, even when an election is not imminent, are planning for the next one; thus the public gets only the incidental services of the police. Even the ordinary patrolman, goes on the writer, asks for the favor of a desirable transfer, or an easy berth, for which he pays in political service.

The former Commissioner says that while he was in office he tried with some success to change all this.

"When criminals and other law-breakers actually felt the screws, they rushed to their political friends, who at last appeared to be helpless," he says. "For once protection money did not protect. * * * The livelihood of the under-world was at stake. * * * Clearly the Police Commissioner must be gotten rid of."

And so that was done, concludes the late Commissioner. Gen. Bingham wants the citizens, he says, to be on their guard next November.

SEARCHED CONSUL GENERAL.

Customs Men Held Up Danish Representative Landing Here.

M. J. C. T. Clan, the Danish Consul General to New York, who came in yesterday on the Scandinavian-American liner United States, which docked at the foot of Fifteenth Street, Hoboken, at 11 A. M., was held up at the gate leading from the pier by two Custom House men. He had an overcoat over his arm, and a valet carrying two valises followed him.

The Custom House men began to feel the pockets of his overcoat, explaining that such was their duty.

"Well, stop right where you are," said Mr. Clan. "I'll convince you that you needn't go any further."

He walked down toward the ship and brought back with him a Deputy Surveyor, who explained that he was a diplomatic officer and entitled to a free entry at this port. Mr. Clan then walked out.

He said later that the Custom House men had done only their duty, and he was not vexed at their attempt to search his clothes.

WED 39 YEARS, BUT UNHAPPY.

Mrs. Hinton Says Her Husband Is Cruel, and Seeks a Separation.

For the second time within a year the matrimonial troubles of Mr. and Mrs. John Hinton, who have been married thirty-nine years and now seek a separation, were in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday. Last Spring Mrs. Hinton, who is 72 years old, appeared through counsel before Justice Jaycox of the Supreme Court, on a motion for counsel fees and alimony in a suit for separation which she began against her husband. Justice Jaycox refused to grant the motion and made an effort to reconcile the couple.

They have apparently refused to be reconciled, for yesterday the motion for alimony and counsel fees was renewed. Mrs. Hinton charges her husband, a retired fireman, with cruelty. She says he has made her life miserable in the last four years, frequently driving her from her home, in First Place. The aged couple have five children. Decision was reserved.

Seven-Foot Sturgeon Caught.

Special to The New York Times.

CATSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 24.—The largest sturgeon caught here this season was captured off Catskill Point this afternoon by Harrison Pindar, a local fisherman. The fish measured nearly seven feet in length.

Impressions
of your office count. Before buying office furniture call and see our stock.
Derby Desk Co
City Investing Bldg 165 Broadway New York

BACK IN THE OLD HOME

Knox Hats

FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING

For 30 years KNOX HATS have been sold in a store on the site of the old Fifth Avenue Hotel, and we take pleasure in announcing the reopening at the old location, in the Fifth Avenue Building, after a year's temporary location at 204 Fifth Avenue.

To celebrate our return to the old home we present new Fall shapes for the public's favorable consideration.

Fall Shapes on View To-Day

As usual, they are advanced in style, superior in quality and workmanship.

NEW YORK STORES:

452 Fifth Avenue (Cor. 40th St.) 161 Broadway (Singer Building)

Fifth Avenue Building (5th Ave. & 23d St.)

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34 to 35th St.

Couch Covers and Portieres At Half Prices 3d Fl.

This is a notable sale, even for us. It isn't often that we can buy Couch Covers and Portieres of these particular grades at a little less than regular prices. Therefore, when we secure them at exactly *half price* and offer them to you on the same basis, you may readily understand what an exceptional chance it is.

The reason is a commonplace story enough. A prominent manufacturer, whose trade in the finer qualities grew so rapidly, suddenly decided to devote himself exclusively to the costlier products, and wishing to eliminate the lower priced lines quickly sold his entire holding of them to us at half.

These goods are very pretty, very serviceable, and are just right for thousands of flat dwellers. Also pat for bungalows and other brands of country homes. Hotel keepers should take notice, too.

$2.25 Couch Covers at $1.24

Negus Tapestry Couch Covers, in Oriental stripes and figures, and Bungalow Couch Covers in Persian figures, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long, fringed all around.

$2.75 Bagdad Couch Covers, $1.69

There is a very large variety of these domestic Bagdad Couch Covers—many stripes in many colors, fringed all around, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long.

$4.50 Portieres at $2.24

The assortment includes Armure, Roman and Bagdad Striped Portieres in a wonderful assortment of color combinations, top and bottom fringed, 50 inches wide, 3 yards long—worth $3.50 to $4.50 a pair, choice $2.24.

$5.50 Repp Portieres at $3.24

Extra heavy Repp Tapestry Portieres, finished with artistic tapestry borders, 50 inches wide. They usually retail at $5.50 a pair; special at $3.24.

32c for 70c Figured and Striped Repps, 50 inches wide, reds and greens.

Irish Table Cloths & Napkins

Main Floor.

"Guaranteed to give satisfaction in wear"—each Cloth and each dozen Napkins bear that distinct assurance print d in words susceptible of only **one** construction.

Here are beautiful Linens, products of that grand old Irish firm, John S. Brown & Sons, and you may buy not only at extremely low prices, but with the confidence felt when you know, beyond doubt, that if your purchase fails to render the service it should your redress is easy to secure.

The bleaching is exquisitely white, and but for the mellowing effect of delicately flaked patterns would be a bit glaring.

Needing Cloths and Napkins—not to buy these would be a mistake.

Cloths 72x 72 inches at $3.43 | The Napkins are
Cloths 72x 90 inches at $4.26 | 24 x 24 inches—
Cloths 72x108 inches at $5.14 | $4.44 a dozen.

The Crawford Shoe

SALE

$2.90 Per Pair

Entire Stock Men's and Women's

$4.00 Low Shoes $3.50

These Stores Only Until Sept. 1st

1,383 B'way, near 36th St.
23d St., near 4th Av.
115 Nassau St.
141 West 125th St., opp. Koch's.
103 West 42d St., near 6th Av.
433 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

THERE'S A WESTINGHOUSE NERNST HIGH EFFICIENCY LAMP FOR EVERY REQUIREMENT.

Nernst Lamp Co., 241 W. 42d St.
(Open till 9:30 P. M.)

Victor

Victor Talking Machines and Records. Buy from us direct.

LANDAY BROS.
400 Fifth Av.
(OPP. TIFFANY'S)

WESTERN RAILROADS WIN RATE FIGHT

Commerce Commission Enjoined from Enforcing Its Through Tariff to the Missouri.

EXCEEDED ITS POWERS

Opinion Declares Congress Never Intended to Delegate Right to Establish Rates.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The permanent injunction sought by Western railways against the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the Missouri River rate case was granted here to-day by Judges Grosscup, Baker, and Kohlsaat of the United States Circuit Court. Judge Grosscup delivered the opinion of the court, Judge Kohlsaat concurring, while Judge Baker delivered a dissenting opinion.

The commission, thus defeated in its first attempt to bring about what is alleged to be a new system, or principle of rate making, will, it is expected, carry the case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

"The question raised," said Judge Grosscup in rendering his opinion, "in its larger aspects is not so much a question between the shippers and the railroads as between the commercial and manufacturing interests of Denver and of the territory east of the Mississippi River on the one side, and the commercial and manufacturing interests of the Missouri River cities on the other."

The railroads in the Missouri River rate case sought to have the Inter-State Commerce Commission enjoined permanently from enforcing an order of the commission made June 24, 1908, relating to joint rates from the Atlantic seaboard to Missouri River cities. This order sought to create a system of through rates from the Atlantic seaboard to the Missouri River that were a reduction from the sums of the local rates. This, according to Western roads, threw the burden upon them.

The joint rate now in force from the Atlantic seaboard to the Missouri River on first-class matter is $1.47 per hundred pounds. The reduction proposed by the commission was $1.38. The through rate now in force on the same matter from the Atlantic seaboard to the Mississippi River is 87 cents, which, plus the through rate from the Mississippi River to the Missouri River (60 cents) makes the same total $1.47 per hundred pounds, as the joint rate from the Atlantic seaboard to the Missouri River.

The commission's defeated purpose would have allowed the Atlantic seaboard to deliver goods to Missouri River cities on a joint rate 9 cents less than could have been done if the shipments were sent first to the Mississippi River and then resent to the Missouri River.

In the Denver case, it is said, the seaboard, by shipping direct to Denver, under the order of the commission, could save 23 cents on first-class shipments and proportionately on other classes, instead of reshipping at the Missouri. Shippers of the Missouri Valley thereupon protested that the enforcement of the order would discriminate against them.

In the present case the railroads maintain that the principle laid down by the Inter-State Commerce Commission would be proper if applied to but one road, but that its application to more than one would work a hardship because of the expense of operation of terminals by each road. The railroads also contended that the reductions ordered by the commission meant discrimination against Western manufacturers and merchants in favor of the Atlantic seaboard shippers.

Speaking of the power of the commission, the opinion says:

"We are not prepared to say the commission has not the power to enter upon a plan looking toward a system of rates wherein the rates for longer and shorter hauls will taper downward according to distance, providing such tapering is both comprehensively and symmetrically applied—applied with a design of carrying out what may be the economic fact that, on the whole, it is worth something less per mile to carry freight long distances than shorter distances.

"But it does not follow that power of that character includes power, by the use of differentials, artificially to divide the country into trade zones tributary to given trade and manufacturing centres, the commission in such cases having as a result to predetermine what the trade and manufacturing centres shall be; for such power, vaster than any one body of men has heretofore exercised, though wisely exerted in specific instances, would be putting into the hands of the commission the general power of life and death over every trade and manufacturing centre in the United States."

Judge Grosscup's opinion concludes:

"It must be understood, however, that these orders of the commission are enjoined solely because, in our judgment, they lay upon the commerce and manufacturing of the localities affected an artificial hand that Congress never intended should be put forth, and therefore are outside the power conferred upon the commission by Congress; for, with the question of a reduction in rate, or a readjustment of rates, from which such artificial results have been eliminated we are not now dealing."

NEW CONTEST FOR D., T. & I.

Stockholders Asked Not to Sign Proxies for Young Committee.

The Detroit, Toledo & Ironton noteholders' committee, of which Joseph Ramsey, Jr., is Chairman, issued a request to the stockholders of the Ann Arbor Railroad yesterday that they do not sign the proxies in the name of George W. Young, L. M. Butzel, and G. Caspar Niles, which have been sent out presumably in behalf of the present Ann Arbor management, but that instead they await the preparation of proxies which are being drawn up in the name of the noteholders' committee.

The notes are secured by a majority of the stock of the Ann Arbor, because of which the members of the noteholders' committee are interesting themselves in the annual meeting of the Ann Arbor, which is scheduled to be held on Sept. 18.

Some time ago an understanding was reached regarding a readjustment of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton's affairs between the noteholders' committee and the Hollins interests, but the fulfillment of this agreement has been delayed owing to litigation in the Michigan courts. The appearance of two proxies' committees for the Ann Arbor was taken yesterday as a sign of the resumption of the contest for control of this property between the noteholders and the interests identified with the present management.

Kean Interests Buy a Jersey Bank.

PLAINFIELD, Aug. 24.—United States Senator John Kean and other prominent Republican politicians of Union County to-day obtained control of the Rahway National Bank, the deal having been made by Fred C. Hyer, at a cost of $110,000. Senator Kean's associates in the syndicate include State Senator Ernest R. Ackerman, President of the Lawrence Cement Company of New York; Republican County Chairman Frank H. Smith, a Director of the Plainfield Trust Company, and the Senator's brother, Hamilton F. Kean, a New York banker. Some months ago these same men organized the Rahway Trust Company, one of the largest financial institutions in the county.

Perhaps you want a desirable Furnished Room. See Page 13.

STRAUS AIDS MILK FIGHT.

Supplies Figures to Dairy Association While Pleading for Their Support.

DENVER, Col. Aug. 24.—Nathan Straus, in a letter to the Association of State and National Food and Dairy Departments, in session here to-day, urged the association to give earnest support to the public officials who are endeavoring to prevent the sale of tuberculous milk. In part, Mr. Straus's letter read:

"Since your last annual meeting very important advances have been made by many of the members of your association in the protection of the public from the infections that are often carried in milk. In every case, however, bitter opposition has been the lot of the official who has been so conscientious as to try to save the people of his city from tuberculosis, and those who want no restrictions put upon the sale of tuberculous milk have been diligent in fomenting trouble for such intelligent and right-acting public officials.

"The situation is one that cannot fail to merit your attention and to call from your association a straightforward declaration that will be of practical assistance to those officials and that will encourage others to follow their example in putting up the bars against tuberculous milk.

"In cases where the attack is upon the tuberculin test, there is the fact that in 24,784 applications of tuberculin to cattle there were only 397 errors in the diagnosis. Dr. Mohler of the Department of Agriculture at Washington has these records. In cases where the attack is upon pasteurization, there is the exhaustive investigation by the Public Health Service, which proved both the necessity for pasteurization and the fact that the process in no way impairs the nutritive qualities of the milk or its digestibility.

"Your association can render no greater service to the public than by holding up the hands of the officials who are adopting the scientifically justified policy of forbidding the sale of milk unless it comes from tuberculin-tested herds or has been properly pasteurized."

INSURANCE MEN MEET.

President of Commissioners' Convention Against High Taxation of Companies.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 24.—The fortieth annual convention of Insurance Commissioners began in this city today with 350 delegates, representing practically all of the States, in attendance.

President Benjamin F. Crouse of Maryland introduced Gov. John F. Shafroth of Colorado, who spoke a welcome, which was responded to by Fred W. Potter of Illinois, Vice President of the convention. President Crouse in a speech referred to taxation of insurance companies.

"The insurance business," said he, "should undoubtedly bear its fair share of governmental expenses, but should not be burdened with excessive taxes simply because it can be done by hiding and covering them up in the premiums paid by policy holders or by reducing dividends which otherwise would be largely increased.

"If the people who do the voting are clearly convinced that those who pay insurance premiums are paying excessive taxation on their savings, some relief will undoubtedly come."

Of some fraternal insurance associations he said:

"One of the great troubles is how to deal with a great number of associations styling themselves fraternal whose conduct and actions toward their members are of the most unfraternal character. Some plan should be devised to eradicate these concerns, which exist only to rob those who are induced by false promises of rich returns to become members."

E. E. Rittenhouse of New York arrived here to-day with sixty-seven delegates from the East in a special train.

The convention will be in session three days.

EXPECTING HALLEY'S COMET.

Lick Observatory Watching for Return of the Periodic Visitor.

LICK OBSERVATORY, MOUNT HAMILTON, Cal., Aug. 24.—Keen rivalry has developed among the astronomers of the world and all through the night every available telescope is sweeping the heavens to gain the first sight of the returning Halley's comet. Owing to the high power "comet seeking" glasses on Mount Hamilton, the Lick astronomers expect to announce the return of Halley's comet after its 75 years' absence from the solar system.

In the years between 1895 and 1905, of 38 comets discovered by the astronomers of the world, twelve were first sighted by Lick observers.

CITY NOT TRACTION PARTNER.

Denial That Plan Has Been Recommended, but It Is Being Considered.

Reports that Stone & Webster, acting in behalf of the joint reorganization committee of the Metropolitan Street Railway security holders, had submitted a report formally recommending the adoption of the Chicago method of partnership between the city and the local traction lines as the only solution of the traction situation in this city, were denied yesterday by representatives of the joint committee. At the same time no little interest was aroused by the repetition of this suggestion which was first rumored some time ago as the form which the reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway properties is likely to take.

It is known that some banking interests identified with the traction situation here regard favorably this solution of the difficulties which confront the holders of the securities of the city's surface traction lines, and the fact that L. C. Krauthoff, who was instrumental in shaping the present Chicago arrangement, is counsel to the Metropolitan joint committee is regarded as strengthening the likelihood of a similar plan being recommended here.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

American Meats Returned Must Be In the Same Condition as Exported.

In overruling a claim filed by F. L. Roberts & Co. of Boston, the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday made a ruling of considerable importance to exporters of meats. It appears from the evidence that pork was exported from Boston in the form of carcasses of hogs, not salted or preserved in any way.

On arrival in England it was found that the required inspection could not be made because of the absence from the carcasses of certain glands. For that reason a number of the carcasses were rejected and returned to the United States. To transport the merchandise safely the carcasses were cut up and pickled in brine, thus converting them into salt pork.

Upon arrival back in this country the owners claimed free entry, under Paragraph 483, as being American goods returned without having been advanced in value. While acknowledging that the salt pork is of less value than the fresh pork as exported, General Appraiser Waite overrules the importer's contention, on the ground that the article as returned is a different article from that originally exported.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—First Lieut. R. S. Bamberger, Second Cavalry, to Des Moines, Iowa, for temporary duty pertaining to the securing of supplies.

First Lieut. T. H. Emerson and Second Lieuts. E. D. Ardery, R. Park, V. L. Peterson, J. W. Schulze, E. J. Atkisson, and R. T. Coiner, engineers, to Washington Barracks.

First Lieuts. J. F. Bell, A. B. Barber, and T. H. Emerson and Second Lieuts. E. R. Ardery, R. G. Alexander, and C. L. Hall, engineers, in addition to their other duties, Washington Barracks, for duty at the school.

First Lieut. W. H. Rose, engineers, to engineer school, Washington Barracks, for duty.

First Lieut. F. W. Herschler, Fourth Cavalry, to General Hospital, Washington, for treatment.

The Navy.

Capt. E. E. Wright, to navy yard, Philadelphia, as Captain of the yard.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—St. Louis at San Francisco, Cumberland and Pawtucket at Newport, Sterling at Charleston, S. C.; Hannibal at Boston, and Charleston, Cleveland, Denver, Galveston, and Chattanooga at Chingwangtao.

Sailed.—Olympia, Chicago, Hartford, and Tonopah from Newport for Solomon's Island, Buffalo from Honolulu for San Francisco, Supply from Honolulu for Guam, Brutus from Seattle for Hood's Canal, Washington; Perry and Hopkins from Seattle for Case Inlet, Washington, and Truxton and Whipple from Seattle for Hood's Canal, Washington.

THE MAYOR PUZZLED BY HAFFEN'S CASE

Undecided What Course to Take Should Hughes Remove Him and Aldermen Re-elect.

RESUMES HIS VACATION

Says Before He Leaves That He Is Pleased with Baker's Work—Will Return for Good on Sept. 6.

If Gov. Hughes, as many seem to expect, should order the removal of Borough President Haffen of the Bronx, the way of the latter back to his office, via the Board of Aldermen, will not be as smooth, politicians say, as was that of President Ahearn of the Borough of Manhattan, who was removed after charges had been preferred against him before the Governor, and reinstated by vote of the Aldermen.

The Appellate Division in a recent decision has declared that the re-election of Borough President Ahearn, after he had been removed on charges, was contrary to the spirit of the Constitution and the City Charter. Mayor McClellan who, under the Charter is required to preside at any meeting held by the Bronx Aldermen to fill the place of President Haffen, should it become vacant by the action of the Governor, in the absence of any ruling from the Court of Appeals, to which Ahearn's case was appealed, will regard the Appellate Division's ruling as the law.

The Mayor will interrupt his vacation again should the Governor's decision be given so early as to make the election of a successor to Borough President Haffen necessary, prior to Sept. 6, when the Mayor expects to return for good. There is one feature of the Haffen situation, however, which is puzzling the Mayor and on which he has sought the opinion of Corporation Counsel Pendleton.

Friends of the Mayor declare that he has not yet decided whether to decline to entertain the nomination of Mr. Haffen, should the Bronx Aldermen determine to pursue the course taken by their confreres in Manhattan in Ahearn's case, or whether he should declare any vote favoring the re-election of Haffen void. This is the technical question on which the Mayor has sought advice.

It is doubtful, however, politicians say, whether the Mayor will be called on to face this dilemma as, according to those posted on Bronx sentiment, Haffen is by no means as popular in the Bronx as he used to be.

The Mayor returned to Winter Harbor, Me., last evening. He will remain there another fortnight before returning for the remaining months of his term. Before he left the City Hall, he was asked if he was pleased with Commissioner Baker's administration of the Police Department so far.

"If I were not," he replied, "there would be a vacancy in the department."

He was also asked about a rumor that certain records and documents had been missing from Police Headquarters since the last police administration. The Mayor replied that he had nothing to say about that matter.

The Mayor said he was pleased to hear that Inspector at Large Kelly had already succeeded in doing what Commissioner Bingham had not been able to do in the three years of his administration—closing up a gambling house at Rockaway, said to have been conducted by one of the notorious group of gamblers which clustered in the Tenderloin before District Attorney Jerome's activity drove them into new fields.

TRACES OF PREHISTORIC MAN.

Ethnologists Find Skeletons on the Island of Attu in Aleutians.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Aug. 24.—News is brought by the United States revenue cutter Tahoma, which reached Puget Sound to-day after steaming around the world from Baltimore, that a party of ethnologists, headed by Dr. Waldemer Yochelson, a noted Russian explorer, was encountered at the Island of Attu, in the Aleutian Archipelago, and that the expedition has discovered relics and skeletons that would establish the character of the population of Northwestern North America during prehistoric ages.

In a statement to Capt. Queenan of the Tahoma, Dr. Yochelson told of differences from the present civilization which the relics disclosed. They would lead to the belief that thousands of years ago the highest type of humanity in the New World existed in the north, he said. The search of the Yochelson party is directed by the Royal Russian Geographical Society, and will be continued several years before a formal report is made in St. Petersburg.

The report is also brought that the Bogoslov Islands, in Bering Sea, the field of numerous changes through volcanic eruptions, are now undergoing further marked configurations.

FLAW STOPS GOULD DECREE.

Alimony Not Mentioned in It—Parents to Divide Children's Custody.

The final decree of divorce of Mrs. Helen Kelly Gould from Frank J. Gould was not signed by Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday, as was expected, owing to a technicality in connection with one of the motions for adjournment, which will probably be adjusted to-day.

Counsel for Mrs. Gould appeared in court yesterday and made application for the final decree, and, there being no opposition, the court took the papers. The technical hitch was discovered later.

Mrs. Gould's interlocutory decree was signed by Justice Gerard in May last. In the decree there is no mention of alimony, and the parents will divide the custody of the two children, Helen and Dorothy, each having them for six months in the year.

Mrs. Gould may remarry, but Mr. Gould is not permitted to marry in this State in the lifetime of his wife.

NIMBUS WINS FAST RACE.

Takes the Amsterdam and Nearly Cuts Mile Record for Course.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, Aug. 24.—On the fastest track of the meeting the winners of the feature races to-day ran close to the records for the course, with the triumph of G. M. Odom's fast four-year-old Nimbus in the Amsterdam Selling Stakes, at one mile, in 1:38, as one of the most remarkable performances of the Saratoga season.

Nimbus, with Grand, substituted for Upton, as his rider, started as an odds-on favorite in the lightest field of the afternoon, with a common expectancy that he would be beaten. Nimbus slipped along in the lead with such effortless command of his field that he was extended only once in the running of the mile; that was on the turn coming to the stretch, where Beaucoup raced past Tony Bonero and made a rush for the leader. Grand hardly eased his hold on the pacemaker, and Nimbus came away again, with Beaucoup driving hard after him, but unable to close an inch of ground. Cantering to the end, Nimbus won pulled up by three lengths, the fractional time showing 0:24 3-5, 0:48, 1:12 2-5, and 1:38. Some trainers caught the mile two-fifths of a second faster, or equal to the track record.

Through the remainder of the programme post favorites were beaten, with some long-chance horses that were out of all consideration on form among the winners. The chief surprise was in the mile handicap, for which Donald McDonald, at 15 to 1, ran over his field at the finish and won easily by two lengths from another long chance, Fort Johnson.

In the selling mile and a furlong The Wrestler also performed a notable form somersault, and, snapping away in the lead, was never headed, winning handily in the fastest mile and a furlong of the meeting. The Wrestler, entered to sell for $500, was bid up to $1,200 and bought by H. G. Bedwell, owner of Hans, the second horse. Hans, entered to sell for $600, in turn was claimed for $1,050 by A. Weber, owner of the beaten favorite, Console, which never looked like a contender.

Cherryola, well up all the way, brushed to the front in the stretch and easily won the handicap for two-year-olds, after Lucetta, a 40-to-1 chance outsider, led into the stretch. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs.

J. T. Ireland's Cherryola, ch. f., Tansmeister-Last Cherry, 109, (Page,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1½

W. J. Young's Fair Louise, 112, (Butwell,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.....2

T. W. O'Brien's Perry Johnson, 104, (Walsh,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1.....3½

The Fad, 119, (Austin,) 6 to 1; Loco, 95, (Davenport,) 7 to 1; Herkimer, 109, (Taplin,) 2 to 1; Magdalen, 106, (Lang,) 10 to 1; Lucetta, 98, (Ural,) 40 to 1, and Lothario, 102, (Grand,) 25 to 1, also ran. Won cleverly. Time—1:07.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a furlong.

Chelsea Stable's The Wrestler, b. g., Orlando-Hanna Belle, 103, (Grand,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1.....1½

H. G. Bedwell's Hans, 107, (Taplin,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....2

G. M. Odom's Bonnie Kelso, 103, (Upton,) 8 to 1 and even.....3

Console, 98, (Davenport,) 11 to 5; Killiecrankie, 97, (A. Smith,) 30 to 1; The Peer, 98, (Garner,) 5 to 1, and Darknight, 108, (Glass,) 8 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:51 4-5.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs.

H. G. Bidwell's Prince Ahmed, ch. h., King Hanover-Persits, 120, (Taplin,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5.....1½

J. E. Seagram's Simcoe, 106, (Musgrave,) 40 to 1 and 15 to 1.....2

H. B. Duryea's Dreamer, 115, (McCarthy,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3

Mary Davis, 110, (Glass,) 9 to 2; Apache, 110, (Page,) 16 to 5; Danoscara, 114, (Scoville,) 8 to 1; Sir J. Johnson, 123, (Grand,) 5 to 1; King Cobalt, 119, (Dugan,) 12 to 1; Fleming, 90, (E. Martin,) 50 to 1, and Ruble, 89, (Garner,) 50 to 1, also ran. Won driving. Time—1:25 2-5.

FOURTH RACE.—The Amsterdam, for three-year-olds and upward, which have not won a race of the value of $1,500 in 1909; selling allowances; one mile.

G. M. Odom's Nimbus, b. g., Star Shoot-Lady Elite, 108, (Grand,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 4.....1½

Montpelier Stable's Beaucoup, 101, (Creevey,) 5 to 2 and 7 to 10.....2½

W. S. House's Norbitt, 105, (Butwell,) 9 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3½

Tony Bonero, 104, (Page,) 6 to 1, also ran. Won easily. Time—1:38.

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap for all ages, which have not won at this meeting; one mile.

P. T. Chinn's Donald McDonald, ch. g., by Sombrero-Berriedale, 97, (E. Martin,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1.....1

John Sanford's Fort Johnson, 95, (Taplin,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1.....2

R. F. Little's The Squire, 110, (Dugan,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....3

Royal Onyx, 98, (Walsh,) 15 to 1; High Range, 90, (McCahey,) 9 to 5; Arasee, 107, (Glass,) 12 to 5; Ontario, 95, (Hinchcliffe,) 30 to 1; Campaigner, 88, (Ural,) 20 to 1, and Seismic, 99, (Fairbrother,) 12 to 1, also ran. Won handily. Time—1:39 1-5.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden two-year-olds, selling allowances; seven furlongs.

F. A. Forsythe's Ten Paces, b. c., by Oddfellow-Ella Duke, 103, (Davenport,) 3 to 1, and even.....1½

J. G. Oxnard's Top Notch, 105, (Upton,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....2

A. J. Aste's Dixie Dixon, 105, (McCahey,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5.....3

Flofield, 105, (Dugan,) 30 to 1; Radiation, 105, (Walsh,) 5 to 1; Momus, 108, (Butwell,) 30 to 1; Olevia, 105, (Grand,) 10 to 1; Equation, 100, (Glass,) 18 to 5; Vesar, 108, (Yorke,) 40 to 1; Jack Frost, 108, (Lang,) 60 to 1, and Dunwick, 108, (E. Martin,) 30 to 1, also ran. Won ridden out. Time—1:28.

Saratoga Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs.

	Pounds.		Pounds.
Salvolatile	126	Waponoca	108
Jeanne d'Arc	122	Michael Beck	108
Profit	122	Joe Galtens	108
Fountainblue	117	Patriot	108
Simple Honours	114	Refined	107
Tom McGrath	114	Pete	105
Earl's Court	114	Miss Crottendan	103
Spooner	112	Lady Orimar	103
Watervliet	110	Paradise Queen	103
Racquet	109	Racing Bell	98

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; about two miles.

Thistledale	165	Braggadocio	135
Ballacalla	158	Rufus	132
Expansionist	158	Al Powell	130
St. Nick	149	Grace Cameron	130
Sandy Creeker	138		

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; non-winners in 1908 or 1909; selling; one mile.

Sailor Girl	109	Woolspun	100
Lane Allen	108	Yama	96
Acrobat	105	Beckon	95
Mugwump	104	Rockcastle	95
Gold Dust	101	Turncoat	90
De Burgo	100	Solicitor	90

FOURTH RACE.—The Adirondack Handicap, guaranteed gross value, $2,500; for two-year-olds; six furlongs.

Chickasaw	118	Dalhousie	105
Pretend	115	Busy	104
Big Stick	113	Little King	103
Jacquelina	110	Medallion	103
Angerona	103	Scarpia	100

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile.

Danoscara	114	Zienap	100
Far West	112	Fort Johnson	98
The Squire	111	Summer Night	88
May River	104		

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; non-winners at this meeting; selling; five and a half furlongs

Anthropaida	109	Curly Locks	103
Uralla	109	Love Watches	102
Danfield	107	Jack Dennerlen	102
Henderson	106	Duquesne	102
Harry Grothe	106	Madeline L.	99
Rustem	104	Zacatecas	97
Cellaret	104	Helen Carroll	94

August Sale Men's Trousers

Several hundred pairs of high-grade Trousers that were $4 to $8 a pair, now

Reduced to $3, $4 and $5

Among the Men's Summer Suits are many fine bargains at $12.50, $15 & $20—a saving of $8 to $10.

Fall and Winter Garments arriving Daily.

Hackett, Carhart & Co.

265 Broadway, near Chambers St. 841 Broadway, at 13th St.

RACE WEEK OPENS AT BROOKLYN Y. C.

Tammany and Gardenia Capture the Honors in the Race to the Ocean.

POOR WIND AT THE START

Florence Beats Princess and More Joy by Narrow Margin—Power Boat Contests To-day.

The Brooklyn Yacht Club's race week began yesterday morning with a race from Gravesend Bay out to the ocean, rounding the West Bank Light and then the Southwest Spit buoys, followed in the afternoon by contests over the shorter course in Gravesend Bay. Two schooners and two sloops started in the long race, seventeen and three-quarter miles, Commodore William C. Towne's Tammany, the recent Cape May race winner, being pitted against L. J. Callanan's Eclipse, while Gardenia and Adyta II. were the rivals in the sloop class. At the start, 10:30, there was hardly any wind, what little there was coming from the southwest, and it was fully an hour before the big fellows were beyond Norton's Point.

Rear Commodore Herzig's Gardenia, although starting five minutes behind the schooners, rapidly overhauled them, and with every stitch of canvas set was almost hidden in the mist when the breeze freshened, giving the boats a good trip home. Tammany, although allowed 4 minutes 36 seconds by Eclipse, did not need it, for by elapsed time she won handily by over eight minutes. Gardenia beat the Adyta II. by nearly nine minutes, but it was necessary to disqualify the latter boat as she rounded the outer mark on the wrong side.

In the afternoon races the Class Q boats furnished all the excitement, Florence, Princess, and More Joy rounding the committee boat Wayward, in fine style, only seconds apart. The Florence, R. A. Brown's new boat, beat the Princess by 42 seconds, while the latter beat the new Herreshoff boat More Joy for second place by only five seconds. Miana's victory in the mixed sloop class occasioned some surprise, as she outsailed by a considerable margin her Class P rivals. Mischief had a sail-over in the second division of the handicap class, and among the Gravesend Bay knockabouts Slow Poke beat the Chico by 25 seconds.

Motor boat races will be the feature to-day, the chief event being a race around Staten Island, in which a dozen cabin launches are entered. The summary:

Schooners.—Course, Southwest Spit Buoys and back, 17¾ miles. Start, 10:30.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Tammany, William C. Towen	3:07:14	4:37:14
Eclipse, L. J. Callanan	3:15:30	4:45:30

Corrected time: Tammany, 4:32:38; Eclipse, 4:45:30.

Sloops.—Course, Southwest Spit Buoys and back, 17¾ miles. Start, 10:35.

Gardenia, Leo S. Herzig	2:52:52	4:17:52
Adyta II., R. Von Foregger	3:01:47	4:26:47

Adyta II. disqualified for making wrong turn at the buoy.

Sloops, Mixed Class.—Course, 12 miles. Start, 3:00.

Miana, W. J. O'Neil	4:29:45	1:29:45
Notos, E. Benson	4:36:30	1:36:30
Feri II., J. S. Bradley	4:37:09	1:37:09
Vorant II., Daniel Tiffany	4:39:41	1:39:41

Sloops, Class Q.—Course, 12 miles. Start, 3:05.

Florence, R. A. Brown	4:25:14	1:20:14
Princess, F. G. Stewart	4:25:56	1:20:56
More Joy, W. H. Childs	4:26:01	1:21:01
Joy, G. R. Le Sauvage	4:30:10	1:25:10

Handicap Class, Second Division.—Course, 8 miles. Start, 3:10.

Mischief, H. L. Mitchell	4:55:04	1:45:04
Gravesend Bay Knockabouts.—Course, 8 miles. Start, 3:20.		
Slow Poke, Inslee & Stringer	4:55:39	1:35:39
Chico, W. H. Fales	4:56:24	1:36:24
Merry Widow, Atkinson & Zimmerman	4:57:21	1:37:21
Cherub, B. Atkinson	5:06:10	1:46:10

The winners were Tammany, Gardenia, Miana, Florence, Mischief, and Slow Poke.

Morgan's Puck Leads "Thirties."

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 24.—Commodore Morgan's Puck easily won again this afternoon in the race of the Newport "thirty-footers," finishing more than two minutes ahead of Pembroke Jones's Carolina. The course was from a mark in Brenton's Cove around the Beaver Tail bell buoy and back. Summary:

START 3:21.

Boat and Owner.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Puck, Commodore Morgan	4:43:05	1:22:05
Carolina, Pembroke Jones	4:44:20	1:23:20
Esperanza, H. O. Havemeyer,		
Wa Wa, Reginald Brooks	4:45:20	1:24:20
Raccoon, John R. Drexel	4:46:50	1:25:50
	4:48:30	1:27:30

Inter-Lake Yacht Racing.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 24.—Races on both the outside and inside courses were scheduled for to-day's Interlake Yachting Association regatta. Over the outside course were the races for modern cruisers of above and under 31 rating, the handicap class, and the 21, 18, and 16 footers.

Twenty-one boats entered in the Universal Class race over the outside course. The wind was light, south-southwest, sea calm, and conditions ideal for light-weather craft. The course was triangular, four miles to the leg. The winners were: Class B, Elsie; Class D, Juanita; Class F, Stella, all of the Toledo Yacht Club. The Possum, owned by Art Davis of Toledo and sailed by Fred Pritchard, won the catboat race of twenty-three starters over the inside course. Billy Taft, owned by Joe Grasser of Toledo, was second.

LONG ISLAND AUTO RACE.

September 21 Has Been Decided on as Date of the Contest.

The date for the stock car race from Riverhead, L. I., to Mattituck has been changed again. About a week ago it was decided to have the race on Aug. 29, but the officials in charge of the race received word from the officials of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration that that date would interfere with their celebration, and it was then decided to stick to the original date of Sept. 21.

The Riverhead and Southold Town Boards have unanimously decided to give the Motor Contest Association permission to hold the race. They also consented to give the association the use of the highways every day for ten days preceding the race between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock A. M.

The association will be compelled to file a bond of $25,000, to cover any damage that might be made to the roads.

May Run Fatal Auto Race Over.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 24.—The Executive Committee of the American Automobile Association probably will be called on to decide the ownership of the $10,000 Wheeler-Schebler Trophy Cup offered for the winner of the 300-mile automobile race at the Indianapolis Motor Speedway last Saturday. The race was called off in the two hundred and thirty-fifth mile because of the accident resulting in the killing of three men.

The Jackson Automobile Company yesterday entered a claim for the trophy. The company's representative sets out that a Jackson car, Lytle driving, had a safe lead when the race was stopped, and, barring accidents, surely would have won. It is said that the 300-mile race may be run over in connection with the twenty-four-hour race planned for next month at the speedway.

Onion II. Wins for Ira Kip, Jr.

Special to The New York Times.

FRONTENAC, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Ira Kip, Jr., a New York broker, with his motor boat Onion II. this afternoon won the Commodore's Cup, an annual event, in what proved the best motor boat race of the season at Thousand Islands. After fighting it out for twenty-one miles through a fairly smooth sea Onion II. beat out Duquesne by only 25 seconds. The M. L. H., owned by W. B. Hayden of New York, which won last year, broke down. Damphino again was third and Pirate fourth. The cup was given some yeara ago by C. G. Emery of New York.

MORPHINISM

The Increasing Prevalence of Drug Addictions makes timely the repeated announcement that the

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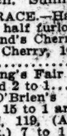

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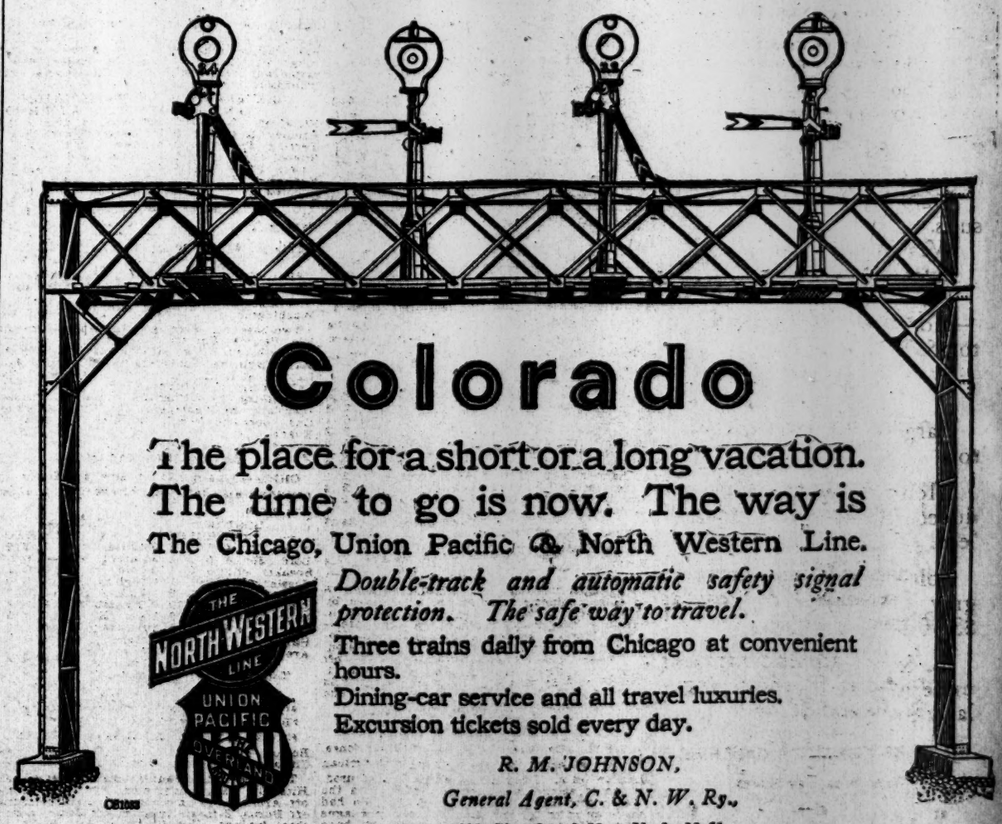

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GIANTS WIN FIRST, LOSE THE SECOND

McGraw's Men Drive Willis to the Woods, Winning by Score of 4 to 3.

BUT CAMNITZ BEATS THEM

Mathewson Saves Wiltse in Opening Battle—Raymond Is Pounded Severely in the Second Struggle.

Theatrical tradition was reversed on the Polo Grounds yesterday—a drama was made curtain-raiser to a farce. New York and Pittsburg, in the first game of a double-header, thrilled 25,000 spectators by the closeness and all-around excellence of their play. The Giants won that contest by a score of 4 to 3, Mathewson supplanting Wiltse in a tight place, masterfully preventing the Pirates from snatching the victory in the final.

In the second game Raymond, much the worse for wear, attempted to outpitch cool, calm Camnitz, and the result of his shortlive efforts was a score of 11 to 3 in favor of the Buccaneers. The Entomologist blew in midgame, and at the end of every inning from the fifth on he begged Manager McGraw to take him out of the box. But John J., seeing the game had gone the woodbine way, resolved to give Raymond an object lesson in the advantages of staying in training, and he made the white and shaking twirler stay on the rubber to the bitter end. Raymond had been pilloried more than once, but that was the severest punishment he ever suffered at the hands of the little manager. Raymond learned to respect McGraw when he received that wallop on a Western trip, and of late he has come to fear him. It is possible Mac eventually will frighten his erratic twirler into fighting shy of hospitable but misguided friends who weaken his value on the diamond.

Willis, Adams, and Leever were worked by Manager Clarke in the matinee encounter. For the evening performance, Fred pinned his faith to Camnitz. Willis lasted only one round against his ancient enemy, Wiltse. Adams, who followed him, allowed one hit in the five innings he pitched, being taken out merely to let Abbatichio bat for him in the seventh. It was off Leever the McGrawites made the run they needed to hold the advantage. They got it in the eighth—none too soon, as the Freebooters went within one of tying in the ninth. McGraw relieved Willis barely in time. The long, swart southpaw was going fast when Matty went to his rescue. George couldn't have lasted another round.

Shortly after noon it looked as if there would be another record attendance. Game goers were streaming by thousands into the grounds, and both "L" and Subway trains were increasing in number and burden every minute. The grand stand was almost full at 12:30, and a half hour later it was jammed. The bleachers filled less rapidly, but they were pretty well covered save behind centre field by 1:30, and before the second game was begun not more than 9,000 of the 34,000 seats were unoccupied. Hundreds of women sat on the sunboards because they could not get seats in the big pavilion.

Electric expectancy threaded the air when, a little before 1 o'clock, the home players bounded on to the green. First to appear were Doyle and Marquard, sandwiching a negro trainer. Next came O'Hara, Ames, and De Vore. Cheers, whistles, and cowbells greeted the men, the applause becoming tumultuous as the stars hove in sight. Seymour and Wagner made up-stage entrances, each being the last of his team to appear. They were received enthusiastically. Limited applause for Fred Clarke, but McGraw came in for unstinted measure. Even Hank O'Day, lowly umpire though he is, and by that mark under the ban of all men, was welcomed. Plainly, those 25,000 women and men were bent on a good time, and weren't at all backward about getting it.

McGraw's men settled Vic Willis in what for him was a very bad quarter of an hour. Byrne, for Pittsburg, had opened with a single and gone to second on a sacrifice, all to no end. Doyle gave New York a much better start. He tripled to left centre and came in on Seymour's sacrifice fly. McCormick walked, O'Hara sacrificed, and Devlin drew a pass. Then Bridwell doubled to Clarke County, scoring McCormick and Devlin.

A snappy double play by Bridwell to Devlin spoiled Pittsburg's chance in the second, after Miller tripled and Abstein trudged. The Giants, with three runs on ice, didn't register again until the eighth. Well it was they carded when they could, for in the seventh the Pirates broke the ice on their run column with a tally made through singles by Miller and Abstein and Wilson's out. New York's count in the eighth hinged on Seymour's two-bagger, with two out, and McCormick's clean single. In the ninth Wagner dropped the sphere into the left-field bleacheries for four bases, and on singles by Miller, Abstein, and Wilson Manager Clarke's baby-faced second baseman got home. And that put a stop to the blackboard man's activity, for Gibson hit into a double play, and Hyatt, batting for Leever, struck out.

The second game was a massacre. Pittsburg took a two-run lead from the start, but in that same chapter New York cut it down. Byrne began by working Raymond for a pass. He finished the distance on hits by Leach and Clarke, Tommy tallying on Wagner's sacrifice fly.

Again Doyle was the batting hero of the first inning. Hitting for a corner, he went to second on Seymour's leaguer, McCormick's force hit, and easy deaths at first Wilson's homer gave the visitors a third run in the second. In the third the locals scored again on McCormick's three-sacker, with two down, O'Hara's walk, and Devlin's drive for a nook. Miller's triple and Abstein's single gave Pittsburg another in the fourth. Then came the terrible fifth, in which the Buccaneers tallied five times on three hits, aided by battery and fielding errors. That practically ended the game, for New York never got within striking distance again.

The scores:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Doyle, 2b	4	1	1	1	0	Byrne, 3b	4	0	1	2	3
Seym'r, cf	3	1	1	3	0	Leach, cf	3	0	0	5	0
M'C'm'k, lf	3	1	2	1	0	Clarke, lf	4	0	1	4	0
O'Hara, rf	2	0	0	0	0	Wagner, ss	4	1	1	4	0
Devlin, 3b	2	1	0	4	4	Miller, 2b	4	2	3	0	0
Bridw'l, ss	2	0	1	1	3	Abstein, 1b	3	0	2	3	1
Merkle, 1b	3	0	1	12	0	Wilson, rf	4	0	1	2	1
Schlei, c	3	0	0	4	0	Gibson, c	4	0	1	4	2
Wiltse, p	3	0	0	0	2	Willis, p	0	0	0	0	0
Math'son, p	0	0	0	0	0	*O'Connor	1	0	0	0	0
						Adams, p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	25	4	6	27	11	†Ab'tichio	1	0	0	0	0
						Leever, p	0	0	0	0	0
						‡Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	3	10	24	7

*Batted for Willis in the second inning.
†Batted for Adams in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for Leever in the ninth inning.
Error—Clarke.

New York	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	—3

Two-base hits—Bridwell, Merkle, Seymour. Three-base hits—Doyle, Miller. Home run—Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Leach, O'Hara, Seymour. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 6; New York, 2. Double plays—Bridwell and Devlin; Devlin and Merkle. Struck out—By Willis, 1; by Wiltse, 5; by Adams, 1; by Mathewson, 1. Bases on balls—Off Willis, 2; off Wiltse, 1; off Adams, 1. Hits—Off Willis, 2 in one inning; off Adams, 1 in five innings; off Leever, 3 in two innings; off Wiltse, 10 in eight innings, (no one out in ninth;) off Mathewson, 0 in one inning. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes.

SECOND GAME.

PITTSBURG.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	3	1	0	0	3	Doyle, 2b	5	1	1	3	5
Leach, cf	5	2	1	4	0	Seymour, cf	4	0	2	4	0
Clarke, lf	4	2	3	1	0	Devore, cf	0	0	0	1	1
Wagner, ss	4	2	2	2	3	M'C'm'k, lf	4	1	1	1	0
Miller, 2b	4	2	3	3	2	O'Hara, rf	3	0	1	2	1
Abstein, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	Devlin, 3b	4	0	2	0	0
J.Wilson, rf	4	1	2	2	0	Bridw'l, ss	4	0	0	3	3
Gibson, c	4	0	1	5	1	Merkle, 1b	3	1	1	9	1
Camnitz, p	3	1	0	0	2	Schlei, c	3	0	1	1	0
						A. Wilson, c	1	0	1	2	0
Total	35	11	11	27	11	Raymond, p	3	0	0	0	6
						*Meyers	0	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	3	9	27	18

*Batted for Raymond in the ninth inning.
Errors—Devlin, (2,) Merkle, (2,) Raymond.

Pittsburg	2	1	0	1	5	0	2	0	0	—11
New York	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Miller, Wilson, Gibson. Three-base hits—McCormick, Miller, Seymour. Home runs—Wilson, Clarke. Sacrifice hit—Byrne. Sacrifices—Wagner, Miller, Meyers. Stolen bases—Bridwell, Clarke, Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 3; New York, 7. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 2. Struck out—By Camnitz, 4; by Raymond, 3. Bases on balls—Off Camnitz, 2; off Raymond, 3. Time of game—One hour and thirty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Emslie and O'Day.

Brooklyn Beats Cincinnati.

Rucker outpitched Ewing in a brilliant pitchers' duel yesterday at Washington Park, and Brooklyn won over Cincinnati, 2 to 0. The first run came on a wild pitch at which Bergen struck and Egan's error. A base on balls and a single by Lennox added another. Ewing fanned eight men. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Miller, cf	4	0	0	1	0	Burch, cf	3	1	0	4	1
Paskert, lf	4	0	0	0	0	Clement, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Hobl'zel, 1b	3	0	0	11	2	Lennox, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
Mitchell, rf	3	0	1	0	0	Hunter, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Egan, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	Alp'm'n, 2b	4	0	1	4	4
Lobert, 3b	3	0	1	0	3	Hum'l, 1b	4	0	0	7	1
Charles, ss	3	0	2	1	2	M'Elv'n, ss	3	0	0	1	4
Roth, c	3	0	1	8	0	Bergen, c	3	0	1	1	8
Ewing, p	2	0	0	2	4	Rucker, p	1	0	0	0	0
*Huggins	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	29	0	5	24	14	Total	29	2	6	27	12

*Batted for Ewing in the ninth inning.
Errors—Egan, 1; Ewing, 1.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	—2

Sacrifice hits—Rucker, (2,) Clement. Stolen base—Burch. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 7. First base on balls—Off Ewing, 1. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2. Struck out—By Rucker, 6; by Ewing, 8. Wild pitch—Ewing. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Johnstone.

Chicago Shut Out "Phillies."

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—Chicago shut out Philadelphia in a pitchers' battle here to-day, 1 to 0. Chicago scored in the eighth inning when, with one out, Hofman tripled to centre and came home on Tinker's grounder, which Ward fumbled before throwing the batsman out. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Grant, 3b	4	0	2	0	3	Evers, 2b	3	0	1	3	1
Den'ger, cf	4	0	0	1	0	Sheckard, lf	3	0	0	3	0
Titus, rf	3	0	0	2	1	Schulte, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Magee, lf	4	0	1	2	0	Chance, 1b	3	0	0	8	0
Bre'fd, 1b	4	0	1	11	0	St'nf'd, 3b	3	0	0	0	1
Ward, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	Hofman, cf	3	1	2	2	0
Doolan, ss	4	0	0	4	4	Tinker, ss	3	0	0	2	4
Dooln, c	3	0	1	5	3	Archer, c	3	0	1	5	4
M'Qu'lan, p	2	0	0	0	0	Overall, p	2	0	0	0	0
Corridon, p	0	0	0	0	0						
*Bates	1	0	0	0	0	Total	26	1	5	27	10
Total	33	0	7	27	14						

*Batted for McQuillan in the eighth inning.
Errors—Chance, Overall.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hit—Bates. Three-base hit—Hofman. Hits—Off McQuillan, 5 in eight innings. Sacrifice hit—Sheckard. Stolen bases—Ward, Magee. Double plays—Titus and Bransfield; Ward and Bransfield. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 2. First base on balls—Off McQuillan, 1; off Overall, 1; off Corridon, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By McQuillan, 3; by Overall, 1. Wild pitch—Overall. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Kane and Klem.

Boston Won Without an Error.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—Boston won from St. Louis in a well played game to-day, 3 to 1. Brown pitched well until the ninth, when he gave the first three batters passes. Mattern relieved him, and the next three went out in order. Score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Thomas, lf	4	0	1	6	0	Barb'u, 3b	4	0	0	2	3
Becker, rf	2	0	1	2	0	Ellis, lf	5	0	0	0	1
Shean, 2b	4	0	0	0	4	Bresn'n, c	3	0	2	1	2
Be'mont, cf	2	0	1	1	0	Kon'hy, 1b	5	0	1	13	0
Sweeney, 3b	3	1	1	4	3	Evans, rf	4	0	1	2	0
Autrey, 1b	2	0	0	10	2	Del'anty, 2b	4	0	1	0	2
Graham, c	3	0	2	2	0	Murphy, cf	4	0	1	2	1
Coffey, ss	3	1	1	1	2	Storke, ss	3	1	1	2	4
Brown, p	3	1	0	2	1	Lush, p	2	0	1	0	3
Mattern, p	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	26	3	7	27	12	Total	34	1	8	24	17

Error—Delehanty.

Boston	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hit—Graham. Hits—Off Brown, 8 in eight innings, (none out when relieved by Mattern in ninth.) Sacrifice fly—Bresnahan. Sacrifice hits—Becker, Autrey. Stolen bases—Lush, Storke. Double play—Evans and Konetchy. Left on bases—St. Louis, 12; Boston, 2. First base on balls—Off Brown, 5; off Lush, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Struck out—By Lush, 1; by Brown, 1. Wild pitch—Lush. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpire—Mr. Rigler.

Fielder Jones in Washington Club.

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 24.—Fielder Jones, former manager of the Chicago American League team, to-day intimated he had secured, or would secure, a controlling interest in the Washington Club. Jones denied that he had made an offer for the Boston National League team. He added tersely, "I would not have it." He also said no negotiations were pending for the St. Louis American League team.

Read the Lost and Found advertisements on Page 15.

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128 were $6.50.
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105 were $10.50.
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Men's summer suits reduced to $15—hundreds of 'em.

Soft hats at $1.85—greenish gray "seconds" of regular $3.50 hats.

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BROWNS' BAD LUCK STREAK BREAKS

New York Americans Shut Out by St. Louis by 3 to 0 Score.

VISITORS GET TWO HITS

Pelty, in Fine Form, Allows Only One Man to Reach Second—Fans Cheer New Yorks.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 24.—Pelty held the Highlanders to two hits this afternoon and the crippled Browns won by the score of 3 to 0. The victory of the locals came after ten consecutive defeats. Keeler and Austin got the only hits made by the Yankees.

Lake also pitched a good game, allowing only seven hits and keeping them well scattered at that. Three errors chalked up against the Hilltoppers were in the main responsible for the scores made by McAleer's wobbly tribe.

The Browns made their first score in the first inning. The trouble started when Hartzell beat out a hit to Laporte. Stone hit too hard for Cree, and Hartzell moved on to third. Hoffman was hit by Lake and went to first, filling the bases. Griggs forced Hoffman and Hartzell scored.

In the second the Browns made another score when Criger's bounder went over Laporte's head. Pelty hit a single just where Knight couldn't get it, and Criger went to third. A force by Hartzell brought in Criger.

The Browns duplicated the performance in the third on a pass to Hoffman, a single by Griggs, and a sacrifice hit by Ferris.

The Yanks never had a chance to score, and only one man reached second. Sensational fielding by Stone and Hoffman cut off what looked like real hits by Keeler, Cree, and Engle.

After the third inning the game was featureless. Both the Yanks and Browns rested on their oars after this session and there wasn't enough stirring to make the handful of fans move about in their seats.

The local fans are so disgusted with the showing of the Browns that the visitors were cheered even more than the locals.

Cree, Laporte, and Austin each made an error for the Yanks, but during the course of the game each had a chance to redeem himself by getting away with a grand stand spectacle. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'tzell, ss	4	1	1	2	9	Dem'tt, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Stone, lf	4	0	2	2	0	Keeler, rf	4	0	1	0	0
H'fman, cf	2	1	0	1	0	Engle, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Griggs, 1b	4	0	0	16	0	Cree, ss	4	0	0	2	4
Schw'z'r, rf	4	0	0	1	0	Laporte, 2b	3	0	1	1	2
Ferris, 2b	4	0	1	0	1	Knight, 1b	3	0	0	13	0
W'lliams, 2b	3	0	0	1	3	Austin, 3b	3	0	1	0	4
Criger, c	4	1	1	3	0	Sw'ney, c	3	0	0	5	0
Pelty, p	3	0	1	1	3	Lake, p	3	0	0	0	2
Total	32	3	7	27	16	Total	30	0	2	24	12

Errors—Griggs, Cree, Laporte, Austin.

St. Louis	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Stone. Stolen bases—Engle, Griggs, Ferris, Schweitzer. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; New York, 4. Bases on balls—Off Pelty, 1; off Lake, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Lake, (Hoffman.) Struck out—By Lake, 4; by Pelty, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Detroit Batters Upset the Count.

DETROIT, Aug. 24.—After the Philadelphias apparently had the game won to-day, scoring four runs before Detroit counted, the locals knocked Krause off the slab, doubles by Cobb and Delehanty and a single by Crawford, coming after an error and a base on balls, resulting in four runs. The game ended 7 to 6 in Detroit's favor, and was a free hitting contest, with considerable loose play on both sides. An opportunity for the visitors to win the game was offered in the ninth inning, which closed with the bases filled. With one out in this inning Heitmuller singled cleanly, and Hartsel got a scratch safety. Murphy doubled, scoring a run, and putting men at third and second. Donovan was called in to replace Summers and walked Collins, filling the bases. Then he struck out Baker, and Davis lifted an easy fly to Crawford, ending the game. Detroit's play was loose in the first two innings, but very fast after that. The visitors did not give their pitchers the best support toward the finish. The batting of Hartsel and the timely hitting of Crawford, Cobb, and Murphy were notable features. Delehanty made one wonderful stop and throw that cut off a run. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
D. Jones, lf	3	0	2	2	0	Hartsel, lf	5	2	4	4	0
Bush, ss	1	1	0	2	2	Murphy, rf	5	0	2	2	0
Cobb, rf	3	2	2	0	0	Collins, 2b	4	1	2	1	2
Crawf'd, cf	3	2	2	2	0	Baker, 3b	4	0	0	2	1
Del'anty, 2b	4	0	1	2	5	Davis, 1b	5	0	1	9	0
Moriarty, 3b	3	0	1	1	1	Barry, ss	3	1	1	1	2
T. Jones, 1b	4	0	1	12	0	Oldring, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Stanage, c	3	1	1	6	2	Liv'stone, c	3	0	0	3	2
Summers, p	3	1	0	0	3	Krause, p	3	0	0	0	3
Donovan, p	0	0	0	0	0	Dygert, p	0	0	0	0	0
						*Ganley	1	0	0	0	0
Total	27	7	10	27	13	†Heitm'ler	1	1	1	0	0
						Total	36	6	12	24	11

*Batted for Livengstone in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Dygert in the ninth inning.
Errors—Bush, Cobb, Baker, Krause, Berry.

Detroit	0	0	0	2	1	0	4	0	0	—7
Philadelphia	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Cobb, Delehanty, Murphy, (2.) Hits—Off Summers, 12 in 8 1-3 innings; off Krause, 9 in 6 2-3 innings; off Dygert, 1 in 1 1-3 innings. At bat—Against Summers, 34; against Donovan, 2; against Krause, 23; against Dygert, 4. Sacrifice hits—D. Jones, (2,) Bush, Stanage, Summers, Baker, Oldring, (2.) Sacrifice flies—Bush and Moriarty. Stolen bases—Cobb, Crawford, Davis. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—By Summers, 1; by Donovan, 1; by Krause, 1; by Dygert, 2. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Kerin.

Perring's Batting the Feature.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 24.—After losing four straight Cleveland beat Washington, 7 to 0. Falkenberg holding his former team mates to three hits. Bradley had a finger hurt in the second inning and retired in favor of Perring, who made a single, a double, and a triple and drove in four of Cleveland's runs. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flick, rf	2	1	0	2	0	Browne, rf	4	0	0	0	2
Bradley, 3b	0	0	0	0	2	Schaefer, 2b	3	0	1	0	2
Perring, 3b	3	1	3	0	4	Unglaub, 1b	3	0	1	10	1
Stovall, 1b	4	1	1	13	2	Lelivelt, cf	3	0	1	5	1
Lajoie, 2b	3	1	2	5	5	Conroy, 3b	3	0	0	1	3
Easterly, c	3	1	1	2	1	Killifer, lf	3	0	0	1	0
H'chman, lf	4	1	2	3	0	McBride, ss	2	0	0	3	4
B'm'ham, cf	4	0	0	1	0	Street, c	2	0	0	2	2
Ball, ss	3	1	1	0	2	Witherup, p	2	0	0	0	2
Falk'rg, p	3	0	1	1	2	*Slattery	1	0	0	0	0
						†Miller	1	0	1	0	0
Total	29	7	11	27	18	Total	27	0	3	24	18

*Batted for Street in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Witherup in the ninth inning.

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	3	—7
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Perring. Three-base hits—Lajoie, Perring, Easterly. Sacrifice hit—Easterly. Stolen bases—Flick, Hinchman, Ball. Double plays—McBride, Schaefer, and Unglaub; Ball, Lajoie, and Stovall. First base on balls—Falkenberg, 1; Witherup, 3. Struck out—Falkenberg, 1; Witherup, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 3; Washington, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Evans.

Boston Bunched Hits.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Boston hit Burns opportunely and defeated Chicago 5 to 2 to-day. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Niles, lf	4	1	1	6	0	Altizer, 1b	4	0	0	12	2
Lord, 3b	4	0	1	1	3	Parent, ss	4	0	0	3	6
Speaker, cf	3	0	0	1	0	Cole, cf	3	0	0	3	0
Gessler, rf	3	2	1	1	0	D'gh'ty, lf	3	2	2	0	0
Wagner, ss	4	1	2	3	1	Hahn, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Stahl, 1b	3	0	1	10	0	T'nehill, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
M'C'nell, 2b	3	0	0	0	1	Atz, 2b	4	0	1	2	3
Carrigan, c	4	1	1	5	1	Sullivan, c	3	0	1	5	0
Hall, p	1	0	1	0	2	*Isbell	1	0	1	0	0
Arellanes, p	2	0	0	0	4	Burns, p	1	0	0	0	1
						Sutor, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	5	8	27	12	†Owens	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	32	2	5	27	14

*Batted for Sullivan in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Sutor in the ninth inning.
Errors—Atz, Lord, (2,) Gessler, McConnell.

Boston	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Wagner, Stahl, Gessler, Atz. Hits—Off Hall, 4 in five and two-third innings; off Arellanes, 4 in three and a third innings; off Burns, 8 in six innings; off Sutor, none in three innings. Sacrifice hits—Hall, Stahl, McConnell. Stolen base—Gessler. Double play—Atz, Altizer, and Sullivan. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Boston, 4. Bases on balls—Off Sutor, 1; off Hall, 3; off Arellanes, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Burns, (Gessler;) by Hall, (Dougherty.) Struck out—By Burns, 1; by Sutor, 3; by Hall, 3; by Arellanes, 1. Wild pitch—Burns. Balk—Burns. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City Lost a Double-Header to Toronto—Newark Won.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ontario, Aug. 24.—Toronto took both games of the double-header to-day. Pfeffer made a sensational catch in the first game. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0
Toronto	1	0	2

Batteries—Merritt and Ryan; Newton and Vandegrift.

In the second game Frick had his finger hurt and was forced to leave the game. Frick and Kelley were the stars. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	2	1	0
Toronto	1	2	0

Batteries—Milligan and Ryan; Rudolph and Vandegrift.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Newark won the second game of the series with Rochester to-day by the score of 7 to 4, and now is within a few points of the Eastern League leadership. Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Newark	7	13	2
Rochester	4	12	3

Batteries—Mueller, Brady, and Clair; Beecher, Henley, and Erwin.

State League.

At Albany—Binghamton, 2; Albany, 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 3; Scranton, 1.
At Troy—Elmira, 4; Troy, 0.
At Utica—Utica, 1; Wilkesbarre, 0.

New England League.

At Fall River—Fall River, 9; Lynn, 1. Lynn, 2; Fall River, 1, (second game.)
At Brockton—New Bedford, 8; Brockton, 1. Brockton, 5; New Bedford, 1, (second game.)

Connecticut League.

At Bridgeport—Hartford, 3; Bridgeport, 2.
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 2; Waterbury, 1, (ten innings.)
At Northampton—Northampton, 8; New Haven, 2.
At New Britain—New Britain, 3; Springfield, 2.

Tri-State League.

At York—Harrisburg, 2; York, 1.
At Lancaster—Lancaster, 3; Westport, 2.
At Reading—Reading, 5; Johnstown, 3.
At Altoona—Altoona, 6; Trenton, 1.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—Atlanta, 2; New Orleans, 0.
At Mobile—Mobile, 2; Birmingham, 1. Mobile, 1; Birmingham, 0, (second game.)
At Memphis—Nashville, 3; Memphis, 1.
At Little Rock—Montgomery, 3; Little Rock, 2, (eleven innings.)

South Atlantic League.

At Columbia—Columbia, 3; Knoxville, 2.
At Savannah—Savannah, 1; Augusta, 0.
At Jacksonville—Jacksonville vs. Chattanooga, rain.
At Columbus—Columbus, 11; Macon, 2. Columbus,

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.

Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES,

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
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DAILY, per Month	0.50
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1909

Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to any part of the Country at 75c. per month. Daily Edition 50c. per month. Remit by money order, check, or registered letter. Orders may be left at Publication Office, with newsdealer, or through telephone, 1,000 Bryant.

MR. JEROME ENTERS THE FIELD.

MR. JEROME has determined to put to the voters of the county the question whether a majority of them desire that he should further serve them in the office he has held for nearly eight years. This he does in his usual manly and straightforward manner.

So far as personal interests are concerned, there can be no doubt that Mr. JEROME, with his remarkable ability, his wide knowledge of the law, his ample experience in the office of District Attorney, could in private practice easily earn an income far beyond the $12,000 a year he receives as his salary, and with far less wear and tear than his office imposes. But it is natural that he should regard other things than his pecuniary interests or his ease. In the course of the term now drawing to a close he has encountered severe criticism, he has been subjected to a long investigation in the nature of a trial before the Governor, with a view to his dismissal and disgrace, and he has undergone a steady fire from a portion of the press that was plainly intended to drive him from public life. He would be a different man from the one that New York knows so well if he did not wish to accept the challenge involved in this treatment of him and to put his reputation with his fellow-citizens to the test. In preparation for this proceeding he appeared last Spring before a public meeting to which all his opponents were invited, at which he answered, after his own manner, the questions they proposed and the charges they presented or insinuated. His manner in this extraordinary meeting was at once manly and dignified. Especially it was candid and courageous.

It was our judgment at the time, and the judgment has been confirmed by the discussion that necessarily followed in the press, that he "made good." He admitted certain serious errors into which he had fallen, and then he explained the moral and professional reasons why he had been unable to do all that he had been expected to do and much that he had given good ground for his friends to expect that he would do. Those reasons were, in our opinion, adequate, and were such as conscience and an intelligent conception of public duty dictated. Particularly they were evidence on his part of moral courage, of a sort that is not common. The courage that is heedless of the rights of others, that disregards the larger interest of the public in the wise and faithful discharge of an official trust, and that receives the empty plaudits of the unthinking is not an expensive article. Often it is at once cheap and profitable. Sometimes its manifestation is tempting to very sound men, and Mr. JEROME himself showed some signs of its attractiveness in his sweeping promises before his latest election. But the courage that holds firmly to the line of real duty amid the clamor of the crowd and even against the distrust of friends is of a higher and to the community a much more valuable kind. That, we are convinced, Mr. JEROME has shown that he possesses.

He is, of course, entitled to precisely what he frankly seeks, a judgment on his merits in comparison with whatever candidates may be presented. It is not impossible that another may come up in whom the community will have greater confidence than Mr. JEROME. But it is extremely improbable. Men his equals in character and ability are not easily found among eligible nominees. Could they be found they would necessarily fall below him in experience and in the efficiency that experience gives. Meanwhile speculation is rife as to the indorsements Mr. JEROME will receive, and especially as to whether Tammany will name him. If Tammany does that, it will be for one reason only, its conviction that he is so strong that he cannot be defeated. Between him and the worst elements in Tammany there is and can be no cooperation and no sympathy. On the other hand, those who seek to oppose the worst elements in Tammany and to preserve the community from their baleful influence will search far for a better instrument to accomplish their ends than Mr. JEROME. In our judgment they will search in vain.

LABOR AND IMMIGRATION.

The trades unions are entirely logical in asking for restrictions on the importation of laborers for the protected industries. If we are all to be taxed to give high prices and profits to those industries, it is absurd that the beneficiaries shall have the further advantage of imported cheap labor, to compete with workmen already here for whom protection is professedly asked.

This argument is now practically the only one that has any direct influence on votes. No one any longer believes that our industries are "infant"; that they cannot hold the home market against all comers; that our varied natural resources, with our capable workmen, do not give our manufacturers the better of any competitors at home and of many even in foreign markets. Nor do those who have mastered the subject doubt that the "cheap labor" of older countries, measured by its product, is more costly than our own at higher wages. But to a considerable portion of American workmen and to the unthinking of other classes the protective tariff is protective to labor, the cause of higher wages, and of the superior scale of living which undoubtedly prevails in the country. This is the unblushing pretension of the favored employers.

Now it is plain that it is, from this point of view, an injustice and an outrage to permit the importation of foreign laborers to compete with our own. It is also a logical cause of complaint if immigration of competitors, without the direct action of employers, is allowed. The result is the same, though the methods vary. If it is right to create an artificial and arbitrary scarcity of goods by preventing imports thereof, in order to secure higher prices to the producers, it is equally right to create a scarcity of labor by shutting off outside supply. And when the favored employers tax us on the plea that they will share their profits with the workmen, they admit the right of the latter to protection. In all reason and decency the American Protective Tariff League ought to join the Federation of Labor in an effort to close all our ports and every point of entry to any man or woman capable of labor in any protected industry. Will such a combination be made? Hardly.

KIPLING AND CONAN DOYLE.

RUDYARD KIPLING is one of the great writers of his era, or he is nothing. The author of "The Seven Seas" and "Plain Tales from the Hills" must be adjudged with his fellows in the first rank, even in his occasional relapses. In his new two-part tale, the first half of which lends an extra charm to the September Harper's, Mr. KIPLING has, moreover, flashes of his old power. It is not a story any other man could tell, its odd ideas and conceits are KIPLING'S own, and we feel almost sure it will turn out to be a good story. Anyhow it is notable, because KIPLING wrote it, and it is notable, also, as a specimen of current literature from one of the best hands in the manufacture of current literature, in its mention of a book by a contemporary of KIPLING, who scarcely ranks so high. It is not common for great writers of fiction to seek to lend the color of place and time to their stories by mentioning the popular stories of others. DICKENS did not advertise THACKERAY, and the personages of THACKERAY'S great human comedy did not avowedly read DICKENS. We do not recall a character of MEREDITH'S reading a book by HARDY. Mr. HOWELLS and Mr. JAMES have always greatly admired each other, we believe, but the creatures of their imagination so select their reading as to avoid the suspicion of advertisement.

To be sure, Sherlock Holmes needs no advertising. He and his friend Dr. Watson can gain no new vogue, even through KIPLING. Yet Sir CONAN DOYLE ought to appreciate the compliment KIPLING has paid him, all the more of a compliment as his book of strange yarns and their personages are obviously seized upon, in KIPLING'S later way, as he uses the nomenclature of the boiler factory and the engine room, to lend verisimilitude to his own statement of queer happenings. The great Elizabethans used to gibe at each other, sometimes even to praise each other, but their allusions were generally veiled. KIPLING boldly treats CONAN DOYLE as a twentieth century landmark.

For this DOYLE should be as grateful as a small but not wholly uninfluential number of his fellow-men are grateful for the graphic description of duffer golf in the same story: "We skelped our divoted way around nine holes like barges ploughing through head seas." And the revelation that golf sticks, properly speaking, are "spelicans."

THE CHESTNUT BARK DISEASE.

ROUSSEAU'S cry of "Back to nature" was sounded too late. By cookery, by clothing, by houses, by ten thousand inventions, and by settlement in climes and countries that would fail to support unaccommodated man, we have cut ourselves off irretrievably from that Nature which perpetuates the generations of unreasoning beings. In this process of maladjustment—or, rather, of adjustment to artificial conditions—man has taken along with him the domesticated organisms of the vegetable and animal world. The trypanosome lives in the blood of wild game and rats without hurt. "It is only when man brings his unselected, humanly nurtured races of cattle and horses into contact with the parasite that it is found to have deadly properties," says LANKESTER. So humanity "accumulates vast populations of unadjusted human beings, animals, and plants, which from time to time are ravaged by disease." By its unique efforts civilization has thus far saved itself. It must make further effort, or its attempts at salvation will destroy it.

The principle is exemplified in the condition of the chestnut trees in the neighborhood of this city. A circular issued Monday by the United States Department of Agriculture reports that "in Forest Park, Brooklyn, over 16,000 trees have been killed," and the loss in this immediate neighborhood amounts to over $5,000,000. The disease was probably introduced in nursery stock imported from Japan. Of course, without human interference the deadly foreign disease would not have affected American chestnuts. No spray will kill the red fungus, nothing short of burning all affected trees will prevent its spread. The department recommends an inspection service for future importations of nursery stock.

Official inspection of imported plants has been efficient in Holland. It won't do to prohibit them, since the plants supply the growing demands of civilization. The new graftings of Japanese chestnuts are valuable. But the very act of human progress becomes self-destructive unless accompanied by additional care and artifice. Returning to a state of barbarism is as perilous as go o'er, but the safe shore of a complete civilization is yet to be reached, both in this and in more important matters.

LONDON AND NEW YORK POLICE.

The comparison of the London and New York police embodied in an article contributed to the September Century Magazine by Mr. WILLIAM MCADOO, Gen. BINGHAM'S predecessor as Police Commissioner here, is uncommonly interesting. In his short term of office at the Mulberry Street Station Mr. MCADOO frequently heard the work of the New York police unfavorably compared with that of the London "bobby." He has lately made a close, first-hand study of the London policeman whom all England holds in high esteem.

As the regulator of street traffic, he says, the London constable "personifies the majesty of the law with a superlative degree of suppressed emotion which is a bulwark of the British Constitution," but, thanks largely to Commissioner MCADOO himself, the police of this town regulate traffic effectively nowadays, and their appearance on duty has certainly become more soldierlike than it used to be. The police question in London, however, Mr. MCADOO finds radically different from that in New York. Why should it be? The London policeman is not so well paid as his New York brother, but he is not compelled to work so hard, and no great measure of sympathy is bestowed on New York policemen because of their hard work. It is true that the honesty and good character of an ordinary London constable "is taken to be as sure as that of a Prime Minister," but in London the policeman ranks with servants and habitually holds himself no higher than a servant. Certainly that type of policeman would not serve in this town.

Conversing with citizens while on duty may be against the police rule in London, but the bobbies often cheerfully break that rule. They are fond of talk. Tips are not given to our august well-paid guardians of the peace, but the London constable is always willing to accept sixpence for a little extra civility not out of his line of duty. It may be a misdemeanor to harbor a policeman indoors when he is on duty, but cold beef and beer in the "airy," and the smiles of the hospitable cook, are still among the perquisites of the London policeman.

The Scotland Yard detective Mr. MCADOO believes to be no abler, professionally, than his New York contemporary. But his reputation for integrity is absolutely unquestioned by either the public or the lawbreakers. It is a great help to a man in any walk of life to have his integrity established by tradition. The police institution in London is thoroughly dignified. Politics do not pervade it or corrupt it. The daily press has no claim upon it. Police officials do not "cater to" the newspapers and are never "interviewed." It is doubtful if all the dignities and traditions of the system would survive a sea voyage westward. In New York, as Mr. MCADOO says, criminal statistics are inspected every hour. He is probably right in his opinion that a London Police Commissioner would never do well in New York. But a head for our police of the authority, great personal force, discretion, and intellectual stature of such men as Sir EDWARD BRADFORD and Sir EDWARD R. HENRY, trained to a knowledge of American police methods, could do much to free the New York system from political influence, which is entirely illegal and impertinent, and increase its effectiveness.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The number of school children increases in this city by 75,000 yearly. That means that 75,000 additional seats have to be provided. Not a contract for a new school building has been let since July, 1908, while under the old contracts the work has been delayed. Sixty-five thousand children will have to go on part time as a result of this pure negligence. Who is responsible?

Not the city officials. Their duties in the matter are divided, their initiative checked and bound down by Charter provisions so conflicting that no official or group of officials can be brought to book.

The people are responsible. They have let the Legislature flout the report and recommendations of the New York Charter Commission. The Revised Charter, whatever its faults with respect to the Department of Education, would have reduced to order the present chaos of official responsibility. It would have stopped the diversion of funds into wrongful channels, so that there would be enough to cover all necessary expenditures. Great outcry will be made in the coming Fall campaign about the lack of seats in the schools. But no one will think of its remedy in the Revised Charter.

The New England Fibre Blanket Company of Worcester, Mass., announces that "owing to the increased duty on some of the materials that enter into the composition of our fibre blankets we are compelled to advance prices." To this notice is appended a price list effective after Oct. 1. Under the Dingley act "all manufactures of flax, hemp, ramie, or other vegetable fibre, or of which these substances or any of them is the component material of chief value" were dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem. In the House bill this was reduced to 30 per cent. In the Senate the duty was put up to 45 per cent., and that is the rate imposed by the tariff law approved Aug. 5. This is only one of many illustrations of what happens when the friends of the tariff revise it "downward."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

What Do They Think Has Happened?

A most curious commentary on the dismissal of Gen. BINGHAM is to be found in the requests or demands which the members of the police force, acting through the four societies, nominally benevolent, into which its various grades are organized, have presented to Commissioner BAKER. If they think he can, or would, even consider the granting of most of the things they ask, they must indeed believe that "the good old days" have come again—the days when the Police Department served its own, instead of the public, interests, and when its relations with corrupt politicians were intimate and loving because mutually profitable.

Observe, for instance, what the Lieutenants want. First of all, they mention gold badges as congruous with their expensive uniforms and necessary for the preservation of their dignity! That is simply funny—or would be if the connection between gold badges and efficiency were not so remote—but the Lieutenants also ask that their new badges bear no identifying numbers, and that is too impudent to be amusing. For what honest or avowable reason, pray, can a police officer not engaged in doing detective work have for objecting to easy identification? Not one occurs to us, but there are dozens of a different sort that instantly leap to the mind as adequate explanations of this particular desire.

Then the Lieutenants yearn for the ancient privilege of assessing their subordinates for contributions to funds with which to buy presents for variously eminent persons, including themselves, and they would again be free to turn the force into a ticket-selling agency when personal or political ends would be served thereby. That would be reforming backward with a vengeance, and once more one stands amazed at the stupid impudence of the request.

The Sergeants are content to ask only that they may not be obliged to sleep in the station houses. To do so, they say, interferes with their rest and is bad for discipline. Why it should is a mystery so dark that the natural conclusion is that it doesn't. The patrolmen revive their old demand for the three-platoon system on the ground that it has been twice granted, and twice revoked "for no good or logical reason." That is a contention at least debatable, with the weight of authority all against them. The doormen will be satisfied with an hour off for meals when on night duty. That seems to be reasonable enough, on the face of it, but all the other requests are either absurd or outrageous, and of course Commissioner BAKER will pay no attention to them.

Abandoning a Bad Policy.

It has long been a reproach to labor unions, regretfully admitted by their friends as well as exultingly iterated by their enemies, that practically all of them strove to keep up wages by putting all the obstacles they could in the way of boys and young men desirous of learning the skilled trades. That this policy illustrates a ruthless selfishness on the part of the workers already employed is hardly a sufficient reason for condemning it utterly in a world where regard for self-interest so largely prevails, but it is a stupid policy, as well as a selfish one, since it has never really served its intended purpose, and the monopoly which it endeavored to create has been incessantly broken by the arrival here of men who learned their trades abroad.

The American Federation of Labor has apparently at last come to realize that, all questions of morals and right aside, even self-interest is not served when aliens are in effect invited to cross the sea and take the places from which the new generation of the native-born have been barred in a vain attempt to limit the available number of trained artisans and mechanics. At any rate, the Federation has called a meeting of employers and experts in the various lines of industry to devise measures for teaching the principles of mechanics in the schools. This is necessary, they say, because of the growing difficulty of finding men with a sufficiently diversified knowledge of any of the great trades to take the position of Superintendent.

The demand, it will be observed, is not for trade schools, properly so called, and the "principles of mechanics" should hardly be taught in the public schools to any great extent, perhaps not to a greater extent than they are taught now. Still, it is evident that the labor leaders, with Mr. MITCHELL at their head, have taken a long step in advance when they recognize the fact that it is not to the disadvantage of workingmen to increase the facilities for joining their higher ranks. Those ranks will never be unduly crowded, and access to them certainly ought to be free and open to all competent to enter.

TAX CONFERENCE.

Discussion of the Corporation and Income Plans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial referring to the approaching international tax conference at Louisville you say that it will oppose the corporation income tax, and yet will approve the enactment of a Federal income tax. (It may be well to explain that, while such action has been suggested by the officers of the International Tax Association, the conference is an independent body, and its action depends upon the views of the delegates.) Speaking for myself, I cannot agree that to oppose one tax and indorse the other is inconsistent. The Federal corporation tax is a hybrid; there is no reason for taxing a corporation differently from an individual, except for the privilege of being a corporation, which privilege is granted by the several States and is already taxed by them. There is also a fiscal reason for asking that the taxation of corporations be reserved to the States. Like the inheritance tax, it is one that a State can collect thoroughly, with little opportunity for evasion, and, so long as the rate is within reasonable bounds, without driving property from the State. Such special taxes are needed by States to enable them to carry out the policy of separating the sources of State and local revenue.

On the other hand, the States cannot collect income taxes efficiently. Imagine the difficulties here in New York, where it is so easy to maintain an actual residence in New Jersey or Connecticut. Several States have abandoned the attempt to tax incomes. In Virginia Grand Juries have at various times spent weeks in examining witnesses to discover evasions, and from the financial results it would pay better to put the jurymen to sawing wood for the same length of time.

Despite the experience of a number of States with income taxes, others are trying to enact such taxes in response to popular demand. Unless the power to tax incomes is given to the Federal Government the demands for State income tax laws will increase. With the diversity of our industries, the widespread character of investments, and the unrestricted commerce between States, it is practically impossible to tax incomes without gross evasion, unless the taxes are levied by Federal authority, which will enable collections to be made in large part at the source, following the English plan. State taxation of incomes is bound to be as unequal and ineffective as the personal property tax.

The States cannot continue asking the Federal Government to keep its hands off inheritances, corporations, and other subjects of taxation without allowing it to have some form of taxing power that does not fall on consumption. The tariff and internal revenue taxes have the economic defect that, falling on consumption, they bear no relation to the ability of the taxpayer nor to the benefit which he derives from the Government in return for the tax. In addition, they are so indirect that the ultimate payer does not realize his burden. The income tax has the advantage of letting the payer know what the Government is costing him, and it cannot be shifted.

A. C. PLEYDELL.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

IN WHAT SENSE "NEW."

Thinks Dr. Eliot Has Emphasized a Point Lost Sight Of.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to say that in the series of sermons on Dr. Eliot's religion in All Souls' Church, Dr. Eliot's views have been heartily indorsed. In my sermon last Sunday I did say that what Dr. Eliot made central in his new religion had been central in all the great religions of the past. But I added that he was justified in calling it "new," because this central truth in Christianity had been so obscured by creed and dogma that to go back to Jesus' conception of religion as love to God and one's neighbor seems like a new faith. As I pointed out in my sermon, this is exactly what President Eliot does in the following quotation from his statement:

"The new religion will be based on the two great commandments of loving God and one's neighbor; it will teach that he is best who loves best and serves best, and the greatest service will be to increase the stock of good-will."

In the storm of opposition which Dr. Eliot's statement has aroused the fact that this fine summary of Jesus' teaching and spirit is made central seems to have gone unnoticed. This shows how important in most people's thoughts of religion miracles, sacraments, and creeds have become. To these Dr. Eliot gives small place, and because of this he has been accused, in some quarters, of having no religion at all. And yet it was not President Eliot but Jesus of Nazareth who said that upon the two commandments of love to God and love to man hang all the law and the prophets.

Dr. Eliot, then, in the summary not only repeats Jesus' words, but he gives voice to the whole spirit of the Great Teacher's life. This is the striking fact which I tried to make clear in my Sunday sermon, and which your reporter at least partly missed.

LEON A. HARVEY,
All Souls' Church.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

CLERGYMEN AND SOCIALISM.

Socialism Accepted by Those Who Have Grown Tired of Coddling Capitalism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your paper of to-day you have an editorial called "Socialistic Blasphemies," in which you seek to ridicule the Christian Socialists. As a Christian Socialist, I feel that I cannot let your statements go unchallenged. You are wrong in assuming that the Christians whom Comrade Wishart denounces will deny that he is a Socialist. But you will, or you should, notice that it is not Socialism that the comrade is advocating here; it is Christianity that he is denouncing.

You evidently are not acquainted with those clergymen who you say have been "coddling Socialism." They are men who believe that our civilization is founded on a system that is inourably unjust, unrighteous, and un-Christian. Christ may not have taught Marxian Socialism, but his teaching can hardly be interpreted as advocating a system which crowds the poor into the rookeries of the Summer city, while a small percentage loll about on "the interest of their money," which, being translated, means simply "the painful toil of their exploited fellows." Clergymen don't "coddle Socialism." Some of them, though, have grown intolerably tired of "coddling" Capitalism, and have turned their efforts so as to co-operate with the only force that is opposing it.

B. I. B.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

The Defense of Boston.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The "war correspondents" apparently seem inclined to give undue credit to the Red Army because a regular was in command. My observations were that Gen. Pew put up a most creditable defense, handicapped as he was with a lack of field artillery. The real work that told against the Blues was done by militia, the New Yorw artillery and cavalry. The regular cavalry made a series of blunders, although the press doesn't seem to have recorded it, except in one instance. The apparently poor handling of the District of Columbia militia is food for military thought, in view of the close contact it has had with the regular establishment.

NEW YORKER.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

Reduced Currency.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is stated in the newspapers that the Secretary of the Treasury is considering the advisability of reducing the size of our paper currency.

Quite unnecessary. Thanks to high protective tariff "prosperity," the size of banknotes has already been reduced about 40 per cent., and by the time Senator Aldrich has sprung his revision of currency joke, a dollar bill will probably assume the proportions of a 1 cent stamp in its purchasing power—which, after all, is the only real concern of the extremely common people, who still entertain a preferance for existence.

S.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21, 1909.

HOSPITAL TRAINING.

The Character and Responsibility of Head Nurses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having been graduated from two schools and served some time as supervising nurse, I feel free to express an opinion. In the latter I was considered efficient, except for my leniency toward those in my control—but which I prefer to retain.

It has been my experience that the Board of Managers, Superintendent, or whoever has the choosing of the head nurses, prefer women who never, under any circumstances, allow their hearts to rule, for that would not be to the interest of the hospital, especially financially. Such women, usually, are unjust.

There are scores of capable nurses who remember their own hard months of training, and who have always, when placed in positons of responsibility, insisted upon sufficient discipline, a proper amount of work, and yet have succeeded in keeping their nurses happy and most willing to do their bidding. Sick people are very susceptible to their environment, and when those in attendance are ever cheerful, it cannot help but have a beneficial effect, and they need all the help we can give them. The creation of this feeling lies largely with the head nurse, I admit, and I long to see the day when there will be more sympathy between those in authority and their subordinates. We will then be able to look back upon our training with a feeling of regret that one of the happiest periods of our life is over.

I have been through it all. I cannot, either, agree that the head nurse should have no concern about the nurses when off duty. We all understand before entering a school that we will be under supervision, to a certain extent, at all times. Those who have had a particularly hard day frequently have a reaction, and the most sensible of us are apt to be quite foolish when relieved from duty. The public criticises us much more severely than they do girls in business, and it is the duty of each one to uphold the profession, and be a credit to our school.

R. E. L.

New York City Aug. 23, 1909.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Thinks Most Remarkable Developments of Next Fifty Years Will Be There.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From all present signs the countries whose development will be most remarkable during the next half century will be the lands to the south of us. Already the products of tropical America have an important place among the things we eat daily. Their sugar, coffee, and chocolate are indispensable, and the banana has actually become our standard fruit. Beef is raised more cheaply in all the countries of Central and Northern South America than we can now raise it, and could be and should be laid down at New York for less money than it can be brought to us for from our own Far West.

The attitude of our Government as the policeman and the guardian of some of these countries with their hot seacoasts and delightful interior country is necessary for their development, but our protection must be disinterested politically and our main interest always commercial. Their new blood must naturally come mainly from Southern Europe, whose people are best suited to work in that climate, but with more settled political conditions, with the re-establishment of their national credit, their internal development will follow very rapidly, and there, young man, you'll find a much more comfortable place to live than the climate of Nome offers, and you can do something for your country by pushing her commercial interests there as the German represents and pushes the commerce of his fatherland from the Rio Grande to Cape Horn.

E. C. B.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 23, 1909.

A REVOLUTIONARY LETTER

Showing Why the Continentals Did Not Defeat the British.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You published last month on your editorial page an attack by Herbert Prentice on our Army of the Revolution. In his communication to you he states: "And never once, all things being equal, face to face, foot to foot, did the British fail to beat the Revolutionary Army."

Not always were our forefathers able to catch up with them, as is evidenced by the enclosed letter, now in my possession, written at Crane's Ferry, N. J., by my great grandfather, Col. Sidney Berry, to his wife, Oct. 13, 1776.

SIDNEY J. COWEN.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

Crane's Ferry, Sunday Evening,
Oct. 13, 1776.

My dear—

The great and important expedition I informed you of this morning, we marched upon in about an hour after I wrote the line. Col. Malcolm, Capt. Berry, Thomson, &c., all our officers marched with us, the enemie appeared at our crossing, we marched over, the enemie ran away, we pursued them near four miles, until we were within two miles and a half of their main body which consisted of about four thousand (according to the best information we could get.) Our party only being in number five hundred, we thought it prudent to return—Got all safe back, kill not anybody nor suffered anybody to kill us. I would write more but this is all the paper we have.

SIDNEY BERRY.

FOREIGN AMERICANS.

Says We Cannot Shift Responsibility for Their Acts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, "H. M. C.," in trying to make excuse for the frequent insults to the British flag which occur in this country, takes refuge in the old fallacy that every dweller here who does anything meritorious is an American, but that those who act otherwise are of the nationality in which they or their parents were born. Carnegie is an American when he gives away libraries, but if he robbed a house he would be a Scotchman; Ericsson was a great American inventor, but had he gone to jail he would have been a degenerate Swede; the men who went to London and won championships are American athletes, but many of them if they got drunk and made a disturbance would be rowdy Irish. You speak of Czolgolz (who was born in Ohio) as a foreigner, and of Saint-Gaudens (who was born in Ireland) as an American. And so on.

The people who create disorder whenever they see a British flag are quite as American as the men who enlist in your army and navy and who vote on election day, and they do it because they know that there will be no interference by the authorities, and no one can deny that the latter are American.

Milford, Conn., Aug. 23, 1909. KINARLA.

Pride in the South.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am of mixed ancestry, New England predominating, but when I think of the struggles and achievements of the Southern people, the heroic burdens they have uncomplainingly borne, the brave fight for existence and honor, and a common school education for their children, I care little for the scientific achievements of New England, and my heart leaps and swells with pride to feel I am a Southern woman, born and bred in that heroic land.

Incidentally I would ask, has the South the monopoly of prejudice and mobs? Are there no hoodlums—no law breakers in any other part of our country? If so, then for the love of fair play, let the heavily handicapped South alone, to work out as best she can the terrible problem which the whole country, North and East, contributed to put upon her. At least, refrain from libel.

M. V. A.

New York, Aug. 23, 1909.

ADVICE TO FARM-HANDS.

If you use a crooked hoe,
'Twill obstruct another's.
When you fling dirt from your row,
Don't fill up your brother's.

Everything you do to-day
Makes for joy or sorrow.
Good or bad sown by the way
Bears like fruit to-morrow.

Everything misdone somehow
Makes your backtrail double.
Why not do your weeding now,
And save later trouble?

STEPHEN CHALMERS.

LAUDS CORPORATION TAX TO LAWYERS

President Lehmann of American Bar Association Calls It the Opening Door.

EXPECTS MORE REGULATION

Right of Public Supervision Inheres in Corporate Powers When They Are Granted, He Thinks.

DETROIT, Aug. 24.—The thirty-second annual meeting of the American Bar Association opened to-day with the reading of the President's address by Frederick W. Lehmann of St. Louis. Mr. Lehmann dwelt mainly on the noteworthy changes in statute law made in the States and by Congress during the year. Among the delegates at the meeting are many of America's leading lawyers, and among the visitors are Secretary of War Dickinson, Georges Barbey, Advocate of the Court of Appeals of Paris, France, and Sir Frederick Pollock, the English jurist. The visitors and delegates number about 350.

Mr. Lehmann thought that the excise tax upon corporations imposed at the special session of Congress had a significance far beyond its revenue features.

"It is of highest importance as the opening door to regulation, which will broaden with the years," said Mr. Lehmann. "There is in this no invasion of merely private affairs. A business conducted by corporate methods is not a private business. Corporate powers are not natural rights, and the general welfare is the only justification for the grant of them. The right of public supervision inheres in them, and is as broad as the interests that may be affected."

Mr. Lehmann declared that the trust was obsolete. "Nobody now is so ignorant or so defiant of law as to think of forming one," said he, "and it is very easy to do much better. Out of the ashes of the 'trust' has sprung the holding company, the 'trust' in an improved, perfected form. The holding company does and is designed to do exactly what was done by the 'trust,' and does it more efficiently. Is it under the ban of the law? Certainly not in all of the States.

"But the holding company is not the full and final development of industrial combination. This is reached in the single corporation with unlimited power of capitalization and direct ownership of the business and properties with which it deals. Yet States which prohibit 'trusts' and assume to prohibit monopolies set no bounds to the capitalization of their corporations or fix the limit so high that under it many industries may be completely engrossed.

"The result of such legislation is simply to prevent combination where the appearance of competition is maintained and to sanction it where the combination is open, avowed, and most effective.

"The investor in corporate securities needs the protection which comes from supervision and publicity. The New York Bar Association recently recommended a law permitting corporations to issue shares without a par value, and as representing only aliquot parts of the ownership. The proposition, it was said, had attracted a great deal of sympathetic support from business men who were looking for a way of reconciling the necessary methods of business with the interests of ethics, and who feel that they have been disturbed by the apparent conflict, and more than an apparent conflict, between the universal practice that we know in the organization of corporations with capital stocks not, perhaps, entirely within the bounds of the figures that have been annexed, to the money value of the property. Never was more serious charge conveyed in softer phrase, and never was father confessor more gentle in rebuke. Stripped of its euphemism, the charge is that falsehood universally prevails in the capitalization of corporations, and the utmost extent of the remedy proposed is silence. A watered share having an announced par value is a positive misrepresentation, a share issued as an aliquot part is an equivocation; it gives no information, and it cries caution only to the initiated. Why not have it speak, and speak the truth?"

Whether law could be successfully taught in correspondence schools and whether four years' preparation were necessary for admission to the bar furnished the theme for a heated discussion at an afternoon meeting of the section on legal education of the association.

Dean Harry S. Richards of the University of Wisconsin's College of Law and James Perker Hall of the University of Chicago Law School were strong in their denunciation of the correspondence school. Mr. Hall classed it with mining scheme advertising.

Judge Francis M. Danaher of Albany, N. Y., replied with criticism of modern law school methods, and declared that the incompetence of many candidates for the bar after completing the course was appalling. If law correspondence schools are bad, he asked Dean Richards and Mr. Hall, why did Wisconsin and Chicago Universities conduct them in other departments? He urged that the law-school course be left at three years. A four-year course, he declared, is too long for the student.

The report of the committee on standard rules for admission to the bar, as read by Lucien H. Alexander of Pennsylvania, was adopted. This calls for three years in an approved law school and one year in an office, or four years in either the office or school, as prior conditions for admission to the bar.

At the evening session, Georges Barbey read a paper on "French Family Law," and Judge Julian W. Mack of the Circuit Court of Cook County, Ill., one on "Juvenile Courts."

In connection with the convention a meeting of the Association of American Law Schools will be held Wednesday afternoon.

REYNOLDS AND LOEB CONFER.

Tariff on Foreign-Built Yachts Discussed—No Friction In Service.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Reynolds had a long conference yesterday with William Ioeb, Jr., Collector of the Port, discussing the more pressing questions arising under the new tariff. At the conclusion of the conference it was stated that little or no friction has developed at this port, in adjusting business to the conditions of the new tariff.

The Acting Secretary and Mr. Loeb took up the question of the taxation of foreign-built yachts as provided for under the Aldrich-Payne law, but nothing of an official character was given out regarding the result of the deliberations, although an official statement may be forthcoming later.

While neither the Acting Secretary nor the Collector would discuss the conclusions reached at the conference, it was learned that the Treasury officials are entirely in accord with Mr. Loeb's plans to renovate the local customs service. This was taken to mean that more demotions might be in store for local customs employes

FRISCO ENTERS NEW ORLEANS.

Railroad Will Run Its Trains Into That City on Sept. 1.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 24.—After many delays and much difficulty in securing an entrance to New Orleans, it was positively announced by Frisco railroad officials to-day that the trains of that system would be run into this city on Sept. 1.

It is planned that the road shall eventually run into New Orleans on its own tracks. In the meantime the tracks of the Louisiana Railway and Navigation Company will be used between New Orleans and Baton Rouge.

NEW BELASCO PLAY FULL OF FUN AND YIM

"Is Marriage a Failure?" by Leo Ditrichstein, Glorifies Supremacy of Woman Over Man.

ALL MEN MARITAL VICTIMS

Village Upset by Illegal Marriages Finally Set to Rights—Comedy Realistically Staged and Inimitably Acted.

IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE? A comedy in three acts, adapted from the German, by Leo Ditrichstein. Belasco Theatre.

Skelton Perry	Frank Worthing
Hugh Wheeler	W. J. Ferguson
Frank Bolt	James Bradbury
Albert Rand	Edward Langford
Jasper Stark	John F. Webber
David Meek	F. Newton Lindo
Dr. Hoyt	Robert Rogers
George Wilson	H. J. Tobin, Jr.
Lem Borden	Gilmore Scott
Fanny Perry	Jane Cowl
Kate Wheeler	Louise Mackintosh
Madge Bolt	Anne Sutherland
Alice Rand	Louise Woods
Annie Stark	Lou Ripley
Lucy Meek	Gretta Vandell
Helen Hoyt	Blanche Yurka
Julia Wilson	Helen Braun
Natalie Borden	Julia Reinhardt
Paul Barton	William Morris
Herman Ringler	Frank Manning
Lulu Wheeler	Jane Grey
Sadie	Josie Morris Sullivan
Carrie	Helen Ferguson

Women will probably like "Is Matrimony a Failure?" which was produced at the Belasco Theatre last evening, better than any other play of the coming season because it glorifies their supremacy over mere men. And to the mere men who go to see this play there will be a certain fascination in seeing themselves depicted as the sport and play of ironic fate that they really are—the victims of marital rule. As Frank Bolt says in the play—and he stood out for his freedom longer than the other husbands—"Any man who thinks he can get the best of a woman is a fool."

Whether matrimony is a failure or not is not settled in this clever adaptation by Leo Ditrichstein of a German play, and the spectators who see the comedy during the ensuing months will have to settle the question for themselves at home. But the play shows clearly enough whether matrimony is a failure or not there's no getting around it, and that if you have a wife the chances are nine out of ten you can't get along without her.

Paul Barton, a young lawer from New York, hurled a thunderbolt of joy into the hearts of the men of Rosedale when he showed them that their marriages had been illegally performed. It didn't take any of them very long to move to the country inn.

The women were at first inclined to feel that they had lost the battle and must go on living alone, with the knowledge of a former shame and no promise for the future, until they were assured by Madge Bolt that the thing to do was to leave the men alone until they got tired of living by themselves and would return to their homes of their own accord.

"Then," said Madge, "we must leave them and go to the inn ourselves."

The scheme worked admirably, and all the husbands in the audience recognized with a chill the reconciliation scenes with which the play ended, each husband again in the clutches of his wife, and unconditionally.

Poor Frank Bolt, who formerly spent some of his days in New York, "studying the architecture of Shanley's," would no longer be allowed his innocent pleasures. Madge decided this when she went to New York in the future she should take her, making, as Frank expressed it, "double the expense and half the pleasure."

Of course the lawyer who made all the trouble also falls under the spell himself, and before the play is over has become a potential benedict.

The programme looked at first glance with its tabulated husbands and wives like a list of the characters of Robert Herrick's recent novel "Together," but when the curtain went up on the first scene, a silver wedding anniversary dinner at the Wheelers', with all the husbands and wives grouped around the table, the comedy commenced with a vim. From that time on the songster, almost continuous, developed into a veritable storm of merriment.

Mr. Belasco had fairly outdone himself in his arrangement of this room in a suburban house. Its red plush chairs and overdecked mantels were so realistic that they brought out a little round of applause by themselves. But it was in his selection of actors to play the different characters that Mr. Belasco succeeded again as he has succeeded so frequently before. There are all sorts and conditions of men and women in "Is Matrimony a Failure?" and Mr. Belasco has selected men and women to fit these parts. The play is inimitably acted, in such a realistic manner that each character stands out by itself. In referring to the long cast of the play it is almost unfair to omit a single name, so well were the characters portrayed.

Miss Jane Cowl was a vision of loveliness in three gowns that brought gasps of admiration from male as well as female members of the audience, and if Miss Cowl hadn't played her part so well it would have been impossible for any one to conceive how her stage husband would have had the courage to leave her. She acted the difficult scene with Frank Worthing in the second act with such reserve and taste which made it very real, and the final scene in which the reconciliation is effected was deliciously done, with just the right touch of tenderness and a perfect sense of comedy.

Miss Anne Sutherland played Madge Bolt, who succeeds in rallying the women together to fight against the standard of the husbands. Miss Sutherland is an experienced actress with a fine ability for characterization, and her scenes were played brilliantly.

Jane Grey did an ingenue rôle beautifully, and no one could withstand her attempts at singing. Louise Mackintosh was extremely clever in an important part, and Josie Morris Sullivan did a cook character bit eminently well.

The men, headed by Frank Worthing, were remarkable in their make-up and in their depiction of village types. Mr. Worthing himself did not play a village type. As a matter of fact, in the play he was responsible for another play—a play within a play—called "Is Matrimony a Failure?" which had been produced in New York. Mr. Worthing handled the rôle with great finesse and humor.

The other men were all types. W. J. Ferguson played Hugh Wheeler, a kindly old bank President with a desire to have a good time now and then, as only he can play this sort of a character. Mr. Ferguson is always at home in farce. William Morris also scored one of the comedy successes. James Bradbury was the Frank Bolt, and to him fell many of the best lines of the play, which the the author must have delighted to hear him deliver. Edward Langford was very good in the part of Albert Rand, the young bank cashier, and he kissed his pretty stage wife as if he really liked to, nobody blaming him. He is the sort of juvenile that the stage needs more of.

After the second act Mr. Ditrichstein and Mr. Belasco were called before the curtain. Mr. Ditrichstein wouldn't make a speech, and so Mr. Belasco thanked everybody present, and congratulated himself on his cast, and well he might.

Opera Sale Pleases Hammerstein.

Oscar Hammerstein expressed himself as perfectly satisfied with the sale of seats for his preliminary season of opera, which commences Monday. "It is going quite as well as I could wish," he said. "People are buying seats in blocks of eight and ten instead of the two seats that are ordinarily sold to one person for an opera performance." The Manhattan Opera House resounded with melody yesterday. There was a piano in every dressing room. The ballet and the principals for "Le Prophète" rehearsed in different rooms, while the stage was given over to the scene painters and carpenters.

CONEY PLANS BIG CARNIVAL.

General Masking to be a Feature of Mardi Gras Next Month.

Coney Island is preparing for its annual Mardi Gras. The big carnival will begin on the night of Sept. 12 and will last all through the ensuing week. Llewellyn J. Bruce and E. Van Ackerman are already at work on the twenty floats. The carnival procession will be over a mile long. More than 1,000 persons on Saturday afternoon, Sept 18, will march in one parade and 250 horses will draw the floats. Ten thousand additional electric lights are being strung.

The costumes are being designed by Miss Ida Robinson. In these costumes a great quantity of tiny electric bulbs will be concealed, the electric power being furnished by a trolley system, the floats being connected with feed wires strung along the sides of the streets. The floats will be crowded with pretty girls dressed as sprites, fairies, angels, coryphées, soubrettes, and ballet girls. One of the new features of Coney Island's Mardi Gras this year will be general masking.

One thousand motor vehicles will take part in the automobile parade. All the cars will be gayly decorated. In the parades there will be separate divisions for industrial concerns and for industrial, fraternal, and civic bodies. Six railroads are arranging reduced rates to Coney Island during Mardi Gras week from towns in New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and New York.

NEW ROOF WINTER THEATRE.

Ziegfeld to Transform the Jardin de Paris—Concerts and Barmaids.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., announced last night that at the conclusion of the engagement of the "Follies of 1909" on the New York Roof, called the Jardin de Paris, he will convert that theatre into a permanent Winter garden. For this purpose he has engaged Gustave Kohn and company, Berlin architects, and the new roof theatre will be patterned after the famous Winter Garden in Berlin. Fifty thousand dollars, it is said, will be spent in reconstruction.

In addition to its present surrounding of glass, the new garden will have a second inclosure of glass, around which will be constructed a promenade twenty feet wide, which is to be decorated with flowers and vines.

An orchestra of fifty pieces will give concerts in the promenade from 7:30 to 8:30 and from 11 to 12. American, French, German, and English bars will be installed in various sections of the promenade, and the counters will be in charge of barmaids.

The stage is to be entirely rebuilt and enlarged and will be devoted to the Ziegfeld revues.

One hundred and fifty performers are promised for the company, and Mr. Ziegfeld sails for Europe shortly in search of novelties for the new revue. The new Winter garden will open about Nov. 1.

NO OPEN DOOR IN SOUTH YET.

Managers Will Continue Klaw & Erlanger Bookings This Season.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 24. The theatrical managers of the South continued their meeting here to-day behind closed doors, and, although nothing official was given out, it is understood that the subject of the open door for Southern playhouses was again under discussion. It was practically settled Monday that for the coming season the Southern managers will continue Klaw & Erlanger bookings exclusively, but they will at the same time make ready for an ultimate change of policy that will probably come in 1910.

The officials of the association, however, deny that the open door is being considered. "I cannot understand," said President Wells, "why the papers so persistently couple my name with the Shuberts and their desire to enter Atlanta and the Southern field. That subject has not come up for discussion during our present meetings."

Dockstader as Roosevelt in Africa.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Lew Dockstader and his minstrels opened their season at the Stone Opera House here to-night. The main skit is "The Possum Aero Club," and shows Dockstader as Roosevelt in Africa. The production is the largest Dockstader has ever had. He introduced a real airship, in which he flew from the stage over the heads of the audience. There are seven comedians, including Dockstader, the others being Neal O'Brien, Al Jolson, Eddie Mazier, Frank Dumont, W. H. Hallet, and Peter Detzel. The company numbers 100.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Edward Fitzgerald, who came from England to stage Henry B. Harris's production of "The Noble Spaniard," in which Robert Edeson will star, sailed for London to begin rehearsals of a new play for Charles Hawtrey.

Maude Lambert, who has replaced Blanche Ring in "The Midnight Sons," has introduced a new song called "My Sist' Tetrazzini," which is a companion song to "My Cousin Caruso."

Rehearsals of the new musical review to be presented under the management of Lew Fields began yesterday.

Alfred Hickman has replaced William Rosell in "The Ringmaster." Mr. Rosell is to play one of the leading roles in "The Wizard."

Al. H. Wilson will produce his new romantic play, "Metz in Ireland," next Monday night in Dover, N. J.

Agnes Patton has been engaged to appear in Eugene W. Presbrey's new play, "The Coast of Chance." Hamilton Revell, who is to be the leading man of this company, will sail for this country on the Carmania Aug. 31.

Hurtig & Seamon's new Music Hall will open its season next Saturday night. Clark's "Runaway Girls" will be the opening attraction.

"The Revellers," the new play by Charles Richman, in which he will play the leading part, is in rehearsal and will soon open in New York.

Kellett Chambers's comedy, "An American Widow," will follow "The Third Degree" at the Hudson Theatre on Sept. 6.

At the four hundredth performance of "A Gentleman from Mississippi" at the Bijou tonight souvenirs in the form of shirtwaists will be distributed. These souvenirs will be distributed at the matinee also.

Scott Cooper has been engaged to play an important part in "The Intruder."

Martin Beck is returning to America to-day on the Oceanic with a chimpanzee, called Charles the First. His trainer is Charles Judge. Charles the First is to play the Orpheum circuit of theatres in the West, probably making his debut at the Majestic in Chicago some time next month.

Many Guests at Delmonico's Garden.

There was an unusually large number of guests last night at the new Palm Trellis at Delmonico's, which affords diners at that restaurant the first opportunity this Summer in many years of the pleasures of a roof garden. The decorations were elaborate. Among those entertaining guests were Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Lounsbery, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Edward Lauterbach, William K. Vanderbilt, Thomas H. Hubbard, D. Moran, and Mr. and Mrs. William Blackman, all of whom had parties of two. Those giving larger affairs were Dyer Pearl, W. C. Iveson, Walter Scott, Frank Turner, C. M. Fleischman, H. M. Ferriday, Garvin Hapgood and Robert Collier and Daniel H. Houghtaling.

Child Born to Mrs. J. B. A. Haggin.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ben Ali Haggin (Miss Faith Robinson) of 27 West Sixty-seventh Street, who are spending the Summer at Narragansett Pier, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, born there less than a week ago. Mr. and Mrs. Haggin have been married about six years, and this is their first child.

Miss Millard to Wed Francis Grace.

George H. Millard of New York announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Ethel Ely Millard, to Francis Grace. The wedding will take place at Norfolk, Conn., on Sept. 18.

ROSEN—SHAPIRO. t

The engagement was announced yesterday of Miss Stella Rosen, daughter of Dr. M. S. Rosen of Bridgeport, Conn., to Charles S. Shapiro of Bridgeport.

"AIDA" WILL OPEN THE ACADEMY SEASON

Mme. Adaberto to Sing Title Role at First Offering of Italian Opera Company.

DEBUT FOR BLANCHE FOX

Nicolo Zerola, from the San Carlo Opera House, Will Sing Radames—New Singers for Other Roles.

The sale of seats for the first week of the season of grand opera by the Italian Grand Opera Company, at the Academy of Music, will begin to-morrow morning at the box office. The theatre has been redecorated and repainted during the Summer.

The season will begin on Saturday evening, Sept. 4, and the opening opera will be "Aïda." The title rôle will be sung by Mme. Ester Adaberto, who was heard at the Metropolitan Opera House last season. Nicola Zerola will make his first appearance here as Radames. He comes from the San Carlo Opera House in Italy.

Miss Blanche Hamilton Fox, a young American singer, who has been singing in Italy under the name of Bianca Volpini, will make her début here as Amneris. The other artists who will appear in "Aïda" will be Tallien Segura, Paul Wulman, and Giuseppe Sampieri. The musical director will be Agide Jacchia.

A special matinée of "Aïda" will be given on Monday, (Labor Day,) Sept. 6, and Verdi's opera will also be repeated on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 11.

"La Bohème" will be sung on Monday evening, Sept. 6, with Mme. Ester Ferrabini as Mimi, and Mme. Amelia Sedelmayer as Musetta. Giuseppe Armanini, a lyric tenor, will make his first appearance here as Rodolfo. His associates will be Ernesto Caronna, a young baritone from the San Carlo Opera House of Naples, and Gravina, Vieri, and Barocchi, who will be remembered as the basso buffo during the last season of Mr. Conried at the Metropolitan Opera House. "La Bohème" will be repeated at the Wednesday matinée, Sept. 8, and on Friday evening, Sept. 10, when Mme. Lula Villani from the Costanzi Theatre in Rome will sing the rôle of Mimi.

"Rigoletto" will be the opera on Tuesday evening, Sept. 7, when Mme. Eugenia Makaroff will make her first appearance as Gilda. Mme. Makaroff will sail from Havre on Saturday, and is due to arrive on the eve of her début.

Eugenio Battaini of the Lirico Teatro in Milan will be heard for the first time as the Duke, and Mr. Segura will sing the title rôle. Luigi Lucenti, a basso who sang last season at the La Scala, Milan, will make his début here as Sparafucile. "Rigoletto" will be given also on Thursday, Sept. 9, and Saturday evening, Sept. 11.

"Il Trovatore" will be the bill on Wednesday evening, Sept. 8. Mme. Guerrina Fabbri, a contralto, who sang here with Mme. Patti, will make her re-entry as Azucena. The cast will also include Mesdames Adaberto, De Campo, and MM. Zerola, Secci Corsi, and Sampieri.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Turkish Ambassador Among Those Sailing Abroad—Many Coming Home.

The transatlantic steamships sailing to-day and some of their passengers are:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Allen, J. Augustus Barnard, Louis B. Baron, Hussein Kiazim Bey, Turkish Ambassador to the United States; Valentine Bliss, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence M. Busch, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Campbell, John Carmichael, Mr. and Mrs. W. Campbell Clark, Commander W. Clarkson, F. B. Del Calvo, Dr. Elisha Flagg, William Gooch, Edward M. Grout, Sir John Jackson, B. F. Jones, Jr., James L. Kenway, Edward M. Keon, Mr. and Mrs. James Kirk, Arthur M. Lawrence, Bradley Martin, Jr., Major Masters, Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Vechten Olcott, Lindsey Byron Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Irnee du Pont, Mr. and Mrs. J. Barton Rushmore, Mr. and Mrs. James Sim, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sloane, Mrs. C. F. Tourtellotte, Mrs. Glison Willets, and Mr. and Mrs. John Worthington.

BLUECHER (Hamburg)—Mrs. Herman Bachloh, W. D. Broughton, Miss Adelheid C. Claasen, Mrs. S. O. Lewis, Edward H. Lauer, Miss Katherine Ramser, Baron J. Henry von Schroeder, J. W. Strauss, and Paul Traub.

MAJESTIC (Southampton)—Mrs. Nathan Brooke, W. O. Hempstead, Jr., George A. Litzenberger, Mrs. G. K. Matchett, Robert Mitchell, E. C. Robinson, and E. A. Williams.

The steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

GROSSER KURFUERST (Bremen)—Mrs. M. S. Arnold, Mrs. Flora Aul, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Bernheimer, Daniel Bonbright, Mr. and Mrs. B. Scherman Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Klinger, Miss Lorette Ludlow, George H. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mehrtens, Mr. and Mrs. Beverley B. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Ross, Mrs. Rutherford Stuyvesant, John R. Slattery, Mr. and Mrs. Milton M. Shoman, and Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Whitmore.

POTSDAM, (Rotterdam)—Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Beitler, Capt. and Mrs. J. C. Cantwell, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Chambers, A. F. Dilworth, Dr. Carl Dudley Camp, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Hanford, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. La Croix, Mr. and Mrs. Charl B. McMichael, Mrs. George Osborne-Hayne, Mrs. Albert Sequeira, Mr. and Mrs. Julian H. Tyler, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred D. Warner.

UNITED STATES, (Copenhagen)—M. J. C. T. Clare, Danish Consul General at New York; Victor Blom, Mrs. P. J. Dugan, Mrs. Elvira Hammar, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Low, Alfred Richardson, and Miss Martha Wiese.

KAISER WILHELM II., (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Roland Harriman, the Misses Mary and Carol Harriman, Marquis de Beauvoir, ex-Gov. B. B. Odell, Rear Admirals Adolph Marl and W. H. Reeder, U. S. N.; Col. T. W. M. Draper, Miss Elsa Draper, Mr. and Mrs. George A. H. Churchill, Mrs. J. H. Graves, Mr. and Mrs. William Laurence Green, Meredith Hare, Miss Mary Hare, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hetty, Richard Hall, Miss Laura Hall, Capt. Luigi Martinotti, Capt. and Mrs. G. B. Pillsbury, Charles G. Rathgen, Mr. and Mrs. Waverley Smith, A. H. Sievers, Robert S. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Louis de Wind, Mrs. E. C. Knight, Harry Angelo, E. A. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Harned, M. B. Stein, Miss L. Mayo, Mrs. Clara de Vries, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Torrey, the Misses Dorothy and Mary Torrey, Kinsley Twining, and Capt. H. Rotzmann, the German Naval Attache at Washington.

Rockaway Hunt to Mortgage Property.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 24.—To reduce its fixed interest charges the Rockaway Hunt Club has petitioned the Supreme Court for permission to mortgage its Lawrence property at $100,000. The club wishes to borrow the amount at 4½ per cent., payable in five years, and reduce its present fixed charges of $4,500 yearly, by applying the proceeds of the loan asked for. The property to be made subject to the lien consists of 24½ acres and the portion sought to be cleared of liens consists of 60 acres. The club's remaining property amounts to about $145,000. Of this amount $122,000 is secured by mortgages.

Social Notes.

Mrs. M. Van Rensselaer Johnson, who arrives to-day from Europe, will go at once to Bar Harbor to visit her mother, Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer.

Miss Edith Baldwin of Plainfield, Conn., and New York, has been the guest of Miss Margaret Hays at the Curtis Hotel, Lenox, Mass., for the last few days.

Worthington Whitehouse, who was the guest of R. Livingston Beeckman over the week-end at Newport, has returned to town.

Mrs. James F. Barbour and Mrs. F. K. Barbour of Washington are spending a few days in New York before going to Atlantic City with Miss Marguerite Barbour, who returned yesterday from a long trip abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward King of New York are paying a short visit at Saratoga Springs.

Mrs. Crosby, wife of Commander Walter Crosby, U. S. N., and her three sons, who are camping in the Adirondacks, will leave for Quebec Sept. 1.

Mrs. Edward Lauterbach is in Newport at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

ABANDON NEWARK UNIONS.

New York Bricklayers Will No Longer Support Strike.

Representatives of the bricklayers' unions reported yesterday that the unions here have become mixed up in a strike of the bricklayers on the Provident Building in Newark, N. J. The trouble arose from the hiring of members of the New York Union of Hod Hoisters to do work which the Heddon Construction Company, the contracting firm, says could not be done by the Newark men. The Newark bricklayers went on strike. The bricklayers' helpers belong to a New York organization, the Laborers' Union Protective Associaiton, and they struck in sympathy.

An arbitration committee consisting of two New York employers and two bricklayers was appointed, and they settled the hod hoisters' trouble. The bricklayers' helpers then returned to work, but the bricklayers discovered some new technical grievance and remained on strike.

The New Yorkers who were drawn into the strike are now indignant. They say that the action of the Newark strikers is like a return to the union tactics of ten years ago, when every year tens of thousands were thrown idle by strikes owing to some technical matter involving only a few men, and the New York unions will have nothing more to do with the matter and will let the Newark unions fight it out.

SAYS THEY'RE QUADRUPLETS.

Preacher Prepared to Sue Anyone Doubting His Quadruple Fatherhood.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Aug. 24.—The Rev. Samuel Howe Secombe, deposed pastor of the Little Congregational Church in Goshen, to-day issued a statement in defense of his claim that he is the father and Mrs. Secombe is the mother of quadruplets, born May 26, in Chicago, the birth of which had aroused the interest of physicians throughout the country. Through a local lawyer Mr. Secombe today said:

"I will bring legal proceedings against any person who makes any statement which doubts, or tends to lead the public to doubt, that I am the father of quadruplets."

There are four babies, two boys and two girls, each about ten weeks old, in the Secombe family. Mr. Secombe, because of the controversy, has been forced to resign his $500 pastorate.

He still occupies the parsonage, where he is daily receiving a flood of mail, some of the letters being from the curious, others from doctors of repute, and still more from those who sympathize with Mr. Secombe, who has four other children beside the quadruplets.

Mr. Secombe said to-day that he would soon move to Florence near here, but he would not say what he would do. He was a lawyer before becoming a minister.

FRISCO FIRE CHIEF HERE.

Is Investigating Local Department, Particularly High-Pressure Service.

Chief Shaughnessy, head of the Fire Department of San Francisco, is in this city investigating various phases of the local Fire Department, with a view of getting points that may be of benefit to his own department. With Battalion Chief Kenlon, Chief Shaughnessy devoted yesterday to inspecting New York's fireboats.

For several nights he will be with Fire Chief Croker at the latter's quarters in Great Jones Street, for the purpose of responding to the alarms which call into play the high-pressure service.

The San Francisco Chief is particularly desirous to see the new high-pressure in action and to determine how beneficial such a system might be to San Francisco.

Charles Alfred Byrne.

Charles Alfred Byrne, a newspaper man, died Monday in St. Francis's Hospital in Jersey City. Taken suddenly ill with appendicitis on Sunday at the Union House in Brielle, N. J., where he was spending the Summer with his wife, he was hurried to the hospital and died shortly after an operation had been performed.

Mr. Byrne's career as a journalist was a strenuous one. Between 1875 and 1884 he started five publications, of which the most successful one lived three years. Mr. Byrne started in 1879 Truth and in the Garfield-Hancock campaign in 1880 he published in this periodical what purported to be a letter from James A. Garfield to H. L. Morey of Lynn, Mass., containing Gen. Garfield's views on the question of Chinese labor.

Gen. Garfield immediately denounced the letter as a forgery. Byrne and three men associated with him on the paper were indicted on a charge of criminal libel. It was proved that no such person as H. L. Morey existed and that the letter was forged for political effect. Byrne and his associates were not prosecuted, however, but Truth soon afterward passed out of Byrne's control.

Mr. Byrne published The Evening Standard in 1883, and later turned his attention to writing comic operas and plays. He was born in London, and was educated in Brussels and at the Louis le Grand College in Paris. His first wife was a comic opera singer named Norman. He later married Grace Belasco. He had no children.

J. J. Johnston, War Veteran, a Suicide.

John James Johnston, 70 years old, a veteran of the civil war and former Postmaster of Bayside, L. I., committed suicide at his home in 6 West Maple Avenue, Flushing, late Monday night by gas suffocation. Beyond the fact that Mr. Johnston's wife died five months ago no cause can be assigned for his act. Mr. Johnston enlisted in the Second New York Light Artillery on Oct. 9, 1861, and was mustered out June 21, 1865, with the rank of Second Lieutenant. At one time he was Senior Vice Commander of George Huntsman Post of Flushing. He was also a Past Sachem of Shinnecock Tribe, Order of Red Men. He is survived by three adult sons and three daughters.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. Dr. HENRY TUCKLEY, Superintendent of the Binghamton District of the Wyoming Conference of the Methodist Church, died yesterday at the Dimock camp grounds, Montrose, Penn., from a stroke of paralysis which he suffered a week ago.

LEFTWICH WITMER SWAIN, said to be a relative of John Greenleaf Whittier, died on Saturday at West Damascus, Wayne County, Penn., where he had gone to regain his health. Mr. Swain lived at 268 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in Alexandria, Va., Feb. 25, 1867, and was a member of the People's Political Equity League and Artistic Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F. He left a widow and one daughter.

WILLIAM McQUILLEN, a newspaper man, died yesterday in his forty-fifth year at his home, 675 Bedford Avenue, Williamsburg. He was born in Brooklyn, and at an early age engaged in newspaper work in New York. He was connected with The Associated Press, The Herald, The Evening Telegram, and for eleven years before his death was on the staff of The Evening World. He left a widow and a married sister, Mrs. John Stanley Edgar of Baltimore.

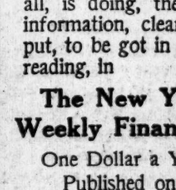
Mrs. CELENA ROWE, wife of James A. Rowe, a Health Commissioner of Newark, N. J., died yesterday morning at her home in that city from acute gastritis. Mrs. Rowe, who was 49 years old, was the daughter of the late James H. Ellis of Belleville, N. J., and was married to Mr. Rowe twenty-five years ago. She was Treasurer of the New Jersey Advisory Senate of the Ladies' Catholic Benevolent Association and was connected with many charitable organizations. Besides her husband she is survived by two daughters and two sons.

WILLIAM H. I. KEMBLE, a retired mineralogist, died yesterday morning at his home, in Union Place, Newton, N. J. He was 88 years old. He had lived in Newton for thirty years and was a prominent Mason. His wife, who was Miss Caroline Demarest, a daughter, and a brother survive him.

BERTRAND E. TAYLOR, a well-known architect, died at his home in Newton Centre, Mass., Monday night. He was a member of the Boston firm of Kendall, Taylor & Co.

E. CHADWICK SAWYER, a well-known amateur golf player, died in the Nassau Hospital in Mineola, L. I., yesterday from typhoid fever. He was the only son of the late Frederick A. Sawyer, who died in London, England, in November last. He was born in New York City twenty-five years ago. He was a graduate of the New York University. He had been recently in Georgia, where he went to look after mining and railroad interests, and it is believed that he contracted the fever there. He was taken to the Nassau Hospital a week ago last Wednesday. Mrs. Sawyer, his mother, was with him when he died. He was a member of the Garden City and Baltusrol Golf Clubs.

Crouch & Fitzgerald



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GIRLS UNRESPONSIVE, SAY PLAY LEADERS

Workers at Playground Conference Agree Boys Need Less Direction.

ATHLETICS RECOMMENDED

Teachers Advocate Races and Team Games to Develop Fairness and Submission to Authority.

A conference on playground work was held by the Parks and Playgrounds Association and the City Playground League at the Nurses' Settlement, 265 Henry Street, last evening. The leader was Miss Beulah Kennard, President of the Pittsburg Playground Association, who has been visiting the grounds in this city, both public and private, in the interests of the National Playground Association. The Pittsburg branch, under the leadership of Miss Kennard, gave a carnival of play in Shenley Park early this Summer, in which 12,000 children took part. As a result of this demonstration, Miss Helen Frick has donated a $500,000 playground to the City of Pittsburg.

Rather to the surprise of the uninitiated present at the conference last night the workers agreed that the girls and not the boys present the hardest problem to the play-leaders.

"In Pittsburg, after a season with the boys," said Miss Kennard, "we felt we had done something; we had awakened some response. But on the girls it seemed as if we had made no impression whatever. The girls are pliant and easy to manage, while the boys may be troublesome, but the girls are not responsive. Boys have initiative in games, and need only a little direction."

That girls, after the age of 11 years, are lacking in a sense of team play was the opinion of workers present. Folk dancing, both as exercise and as possessing the "social idea," was recommended by Miss Kennard as especially suited to the great numbers of children in the large New York grounds.

Miss Kennard told of finding a class of girls in a vacation centre, which had done basketry in the self-same room every day this Summer and nothing else. The director declared that the girls preferred it, and he didn't see why a girl over 12 years should want to play games, anyway.

Athletics for girls, directed carefully, was recommended by the majority of teachers and workers present. It was said that running, jumping, relays, and team games were particularly beneficial because the girls did not like to take subordinate positions or accept the decisions of an umpire. Miss Kennard spoke of the Girls' Public School Athletic League in this city as unique throughout the country.

Some of the teachers told of girls' baseball teams organized successfully in some of the playgrounds, while four girls play on the regular boys' team in the Chelsea district. A boys' team of the Parks and Playgrounds Association went to play off a match with a team in East Sixty-fifth Street, and to their surprise found a girl on the team. The visiting team requested that she be removed, but was informed that the young woman in question was the "Captain, manager, and the best batter of this team," and the team refused to give her up. This enterprising small girl rejoices in the name Sadie Punch.

Comparing New York conditions with Pittsburg, Miss Kennard said that "you in New York are dealing with what none of the others of us has to face—that is, the great numbers of children to be reached."

In Pittsburg there are five times the number of teachers and leaders employed here, which gives greater chance for individual work. Miss Kennard praised particularly the provisions made for the very little tots in the New York playgrounds.

Dr. Thomas S. P. Fitch.

Dr. Thomas S. P. Fitch, who for nearly a quarter of a century had been one of the leading practitioners of the Oranges, in New Jersey, died yesterday at Portland, Me. Dr. Fitch had suffered for a long time from a complication of diseases, and was in search of health when he left Orange for Portland. He was born in Halifax, N. S., sixty-four years ago, and obtained his medical degree in a Canadian institution. He started practice in New York City in the early seventies, and a dozen years later he moved to Orange. From 1890 until last year Dr. Fitch had served as a Vestryman of Grace Church. He was a member of the Orange Board of Education for three years, and belonged to Hope Lodge, No. 124, F. and A. M., of East Orange. He is survived by Mrs. Fitch and four sisters living in Halifax.

PRAISES FLEET'S MARKSMEN.

Assistant Secretary Winthrop Says Our Navy Leads the World.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 24.—Assistant Secretary of the Navy Winthrop was to-day still with the Atlantic battleship fleet observing the evolutions and target work of the ships under clear skies on the southern drill grounds, 32 miles southeast of Cape Henry. It is expected that he will continue with the fleet through to-morrow, leaving to-morrow night for Washington.

In order that Mr. Winthrop may witness battle practice work by the fleet with the torpedo boat O'Brien and battle practice barge 2 as actual targets, these craft were to-day called for by Admiral Schroeder and were quickly dispatched by naval tugs to Hampton Roads, where they were taken in tow by the battleship Virginia, which proceeded with them to the drill grounds.

The torpedo boat O'Brien is filled with cork to keep her afloat, should projectiles from firing ships penetrate her shell-covered framework. She has upon her deck improvised masts with canvas stretched between, at which the guns of the fleet are to be aimed while the battleships are steaming in a direction opposite to that in which the O'Brien is being towed by tugs. The battle practice barge is a cigar-shaped craft especially constructed at the Norfolk yard for the present work of the fleet.

"The American Navy to-day leads the world in training its gun crews and its ability to puncture a target of the enemy," was the message brought from Mr. Winthrop by officers coming in from the fleet at sea.

WOMAN BENT ON SUICIDE.

Throws Herself Repeatedly in Front of Cars Until She Is Finally Arrested.

The motorman of a Yonkers South Broadway car saw a woman throw herself in front of his car last night at 10:30 o'clock in the residence part of that city, near the line separating it from New York. He stopped quickly and with the conductor dragged her off the tracks, leaving her standing on the sidewalk.

The motorman of the very next car, bound for the Van Cortlandt Subway Station, saw the same woman throw herself in front of his car. He and his conductor dragged her off the tracks, put her on the sidewalk, and went on. Both motormen reported the case to the next Inspector they came across, and he hurried toward the scene of the attempted suicide.

Just as he got there he found that the motorman and conductor of a third car had dragged her off the tracks and put her on the sidewalk. The Inspector telephoned to Yonkers Police Headquarters. Chief Wolf and a detective went down and arrested her on the charge of attempted suicide.

The woman, who is about 21 years old, said she was Annie Sherman of 160 Stanton Street, New York City. She would say no more. The police remembered that last November she was arrested for throwing herself in front of a Yonkers car, and that she had torn up her petticoat and attempted to hang herself from her cell door. She was cut down just in time.

The matron kept a strict watch on the prisoner last night, and caught her tearing up her petticoat again. She was then put in a padded cell.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Removed my dressmaking and ladies' tailoring establishment; cheapest prices. Vosnow, 227 East 72d St.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in the New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BROWN.—At Sycamore Park, New Rochelle, born to Mr. and Mrs. Donald C. Brown, a daughter, Aug. 23, 1909.

Engaged.

SHAPIRO—ROSEN.—Dr. and Mrs. M. S. Rosen of Bridgeport, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter Stella to Mr. Charles H. Shapiro of Bridgeport.

Married.

SAMPSON—WALBRIDGE.—At Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 23, 1909, by the Rev. Dr. Boding, Renovia Walbridge, daughter of E. K. Walbridge, Esq., to Henry Sampson, Jr.

RYAN—DUFFY.—Aug. 23, Rose J. Duffy to J. Archer Ryan.

Died.

BRONNER.—On Monday, Aug. 23, suddenly of heart failure, aged 71 years, at his residence, 230 West 97th St., Leopold, beloved husband of Amelia Lichtenauer Bronner, father of Harry, Mrs. Emily Plohn, and Theresa. Funeral private. Louisville, Ky., and Syracuse, N. Y., papers please copy.

FULLER.—Henry Dean Fuller, suddenly, on Aug. 22, 1909, in his 64th year. Funeral services from his late residence, 137 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 25, at 4:15 o

Well-Known Stocks

Our Circular No. 114 gives valuable information regarding eighty-one issues of Railroad and Industrial Stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange. The data includes the amount of stock outstanding, annual dividend rate, percentage earned for the last year, high and low prices for 1908, etc. We classify the different issues as follows: *Investment, Semi-Investment, and Speculative.* If you are interested in such securities the circular will be of value to you.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Most Active Stocks Show Slight Changes—Call Money Rates, 2¼@2½ Per Cent.

TRADING GROWS LIGHTER

Some Interest Taken In Less Active Issues—Foreign Exchange Rates Again Advance.

The stock market drifted further away yesterday from the excited trading of last week, at least so far as the volume of dealings was concerned, but the course of prices indicated that traders were still uncertain of their bearings, and there were rather wide fluctuations in the two or three stocks which together supplied a very substantial proportion of the day's entire sales, totaling 799,000 shares. Once again the Stock Exchange's chief thought so far as this was expressed in the day's comments on the market and in the attitude of many traders had to do with the health of E. H. Harriman, which the Stock Exchange still chose to regard as the one most important factor. In this situation Union Pacific was naturally the stock which fluctuated most, but in this issue, as in most others, the day's backward and forward movements came so near balancing each other that only a few of the active stocks, and these not among those which have held the centre of the stage in the recent trading, showed net changes for the day amounting to more than a fraction. Both the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific announced yesterday their quarterly dividends at the regular rates, which action was in keeping with the best-informed expectations of the previous day. Although earnings and other fundamental facts in the situation have been given but scant thought by the Stock Exchange since it gave itself over to the task of registering in the price of the stocks in which he is most interested the exact state of Mr. Harriman's health, it was, nevertheless, gratifying for those who still gave thought to fundamental factors to learn yesterday that the statement of earnings which the Union and Southern Pacific Directors had before them yesterday for the first half of August made a gratifying showing. The trading yesterday included several issues which on a fair volume of transactions showed substantial gains, which were all the more striking because of the narrow net changes in the more active stocks. The list of these issues included such advances as 3 points in American Agricultural Chemical, 2¼ each in American Beet Sugar and Consolidated Gas, and 2 in Western Union Telegraph. There were recorded also some net losses of as much as a couple of points, but these were outnumbered by the advances.

The day's reports from London indicated a larger open account there in American stocks than had been expected, despite which fact, however, the carry-over charge remained at a moderate figure. Foreign exchange rates again rose at this centre, while rates for both time and call loans remained unchanged.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co.
United Cigar Manufacturers—Preferred.
United Dry Goods Co.—Preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Cobalt Central Mines.
Dolores, Limited.
Homestake Mining Co.
North Pennsylvania Railroad.
People's Gas Light & Coke Co. of Chicago.
Pressed Steel Car Co.—On preferred.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¾@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3¼@3¾ per cent. for four months, and 3⅞@4 per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3¾@4¼ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4@4½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4½@5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 1¼ per cent., off ¼ per cent.; Paris, ⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 2¼ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $412,721,442; balances, $7,986,254; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $116,842.

The local banks have lost $852,000 in their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was strong, with demand quoted at $4.8690@$4.8695, sixty days at $4.8530@$4.8535, and cables at $4.8715@$4.8720.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ less 1-64@5.16⅞ plus 1-64 for cables, 5.16⅞ less 1-32@5.16⅞ plus 1-64 for sight, and 5.18⅛ less 1-16@5.18⅛ for sixty days; reichsmarks, 95 5-16@95 5-16 plus 1-32 for cables, 95¼@95¼ plus 3-64 for sight, and 94⅞@95 1-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 40c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium. San Francisco, 30c premium; St. Paul, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d higher in London, at 23 9-16d per ounce, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 51¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59	101¼	101⅜	101⅛	101¼
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	111⅜	111⅝	111⅛	111⅞
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	111⅜	111⅝	111⅛	111⅞
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	104⅛	104⅝	104⅛	104⅝
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	101⅛	101½	101⅛	101⅜
4s, May, '57, f'chg	101⅛	101½	101⅛	101⅜
4s, Nov., '56, reg	100⅜	101¼	100⅜	101¼
4s, Nov., '36, reg	100⅜	101¼	100⅛	101⅛
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg	90⅞	91⅜	90⅞	91⅛
3½s, May, '54, coupon	90⅜	91¼	90⅜	91⅛
3½s, May, '54, reg	90½	91	90½	91¼
*6s, Nov., '09, rev	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
*6s, Nov., '10, rev	103⅛	103⅞	103⅛	103⅞

*Coupon or registered.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Booth Fisheries common sold at a new high price to-day, when it brought 22, while the preferred advanced 2¼ points, to 59. The close was at the top. Illinois brick advanced 1⅝, to 52, on the report that the new price scheduled and leases of the patented process fixing the selling rate at $6 a thousand brick during the next three years will be signed Thursday. Brick closed at 52. Biscuit sold at 107¼ to-day.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130	American Can	13⅝	13	13
5	American Can pf	83⅝	83⅜	83⅜
10	Am. Shipbuilding pf	110	110	110
90	Booth Fisheries	22	20	22
1,132	Booth Fisheries pf	59	56	59
215	Chicago Pneu. Tool	33	33	33½
200	Chicago Subway	10¾	10¾	10¾
5	Chicago Telephone	135½	135½	135½
5	Chi. Title & Trust	141	141	141
2	Com. Edison	121	121	121
150	Corn Products	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
52	Diamond Match	129½	129½	129½
2,087	Illinois Brick	52⅜	50½	52
85	National Biscuit	107½	107	107½
5	National Carbon	119	119	119
50	People's Gas	118	117½	117½
1,084	Sears-Roebuck	104¼	103⅜	103⅝
15	Sears-Roebuck pf	115⅝	115½	115⅝
5	So. Side El	56	56	56
491	Swift & Co	110⅞	110⅝	110⅞
270	Street's	44⅝	44¼	44⅜
100	United Boxboard	14	14	14

FINDING LOST ARTICLES.

It's a difficult matter if you don't know the way. The right way, of course, is to telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise your loss in The New York Times.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Aug. 24, 1909 799,700
From Jan. 1, 1909 131,025,285
Corresponding period last year 114,153,414

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15⅝	16	100	Allis-Chalmers	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅜
53⅜	54½	300	Allis-Chalmers pf	54½	54½	53½	53½	− ⅞
85⅝	85⅞	5,900	*Amalgamated Cop	85⅝	85⅞	84⅞	85⅝	...
49½	49⅞	1,800	Am. Agricul. Chem	48	49⅝	48	49¾	+3
46½	46⅝	10,800	Am. Beet Sugar	44¾	47⅜	44¾	47	+2¼
12½	13	1,000	Am. Can	12⅜	13	12½	13	+ ⅛
83¼	84	300	Am. Can pf	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ¼
67½	67¾	1,300	Am. Car & Foundry	67	68	67	67¾	+ ⅛
73	74	200	Am. Cotton Oil	74	74	74	74	+ ½
8¾	9	100	Am. Hide & Leather	9	9	9	9	+ ½
49¾	50	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	49½	49½	49½	49½	− ½
34¾	35	500	Am. Ice Securities	35⅜	35⅝	34⅞	35	− ⅜
42	43¼	200	*Am. Linseed pf	42½	43	42½	43	+ ½
61	61¼	6,600	Am. Locomotive	63	63	60½	61¼	−1⅝
116½	117½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	...
100⅜	100½	12,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	100¼	100⅝	99⅝	100½	+ ⅝
114⅜	115½	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	114½	114⅝	114½	114½	+ ½
90¼	91⅞	600	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	90¼	91⅞	90¼	91⅜	+ ⅞
59¾	60	1,925	Am. Steel Foundries	59½	60	59½	60	+ ½
131	132	200	Am. Sugar Refining	131	131½	131	131½	+ ¾
127	128	100	*Am. Sugar Ref. pf	127	127	127	127	+1
140	140⅝	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	140⅜	140⅝	140⅛	140⅜	− ⅛
101¼	101⅜	200	Am. Tobacco pf	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝	+ ⅞
37⅝	38⅜	100	*Am. Woolen	37⅝	37⅞	37⅝	37⅞	...
105¼	105⅝	300	*Am. Woolen pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	+ ¼
49	49⅜	500	*Anaconda Cop. Min	49¼	49⅝	49¼	49⅝	− ⅛
119½	119¼	17,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	118⅝	119⅝	118½	119¼	− ⅛
104⅝	104⅞	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	104⅜	104⅝	104⅜	104⅝	− ⅛
137	139	100	Atlantic Coast Line	139	139	139	139	+ ¼
118	118¼	900	Baltimore & Ohio	118	118¼	117¾	118¼	+ ⅛
93	93½	200	Baltimore & Ohio pf	93¼	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	− ⅛
32	33⅛	4,000	Bethlehem Steel	32	33⅜	32	33½	+ ⅛
65¼	65½	1,000	Bethlehem Steel pf	64½	65½	64¼	65½	+1⅛
80¼	80½	3,500	Brook. Rapid Transit	80½	80⅝	80¼	80⅜	− ⅛
150	151	500	Brooklyn Union Gas	149½	150⅝	149½	150⅝	+ ⅛
18⅛	18⅜	1,020	Brunswick City	17⅜	18⅛	17⅜	17¾	+1⅛
186¾	186⅞	8,200	Canadian Pacific	186¼	186⅝	185⅝	186⅝	+1⅝
39⅞	40	4,900	Central Leather Co	40	40	39⅝	40	...
108	109¼	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	109	109	109	109	+ ½
82	82¼	9,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	82⅜	82½	81⅝	82	− ⅜
66½	67	100	Chicago & Alton	66⅓	66½	66⅓	66⅓	+1½
...	...	200	Chicago Gt. Western	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
10⅜	10½	5,300	Chi. Gt. West. cfs. 1st paid	10¼	10¼	9⅝	10¼	+ ¾
82	83	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf. A cfs. 1st paid	82	82	82	82	−1
14⅞	15	1,700	Chi. Gt. Western pf. B cfs. 1st paid	15	15½	14⅝	14⅞	+ ⅜
158¾	159	3,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	158½	159½	157⅞	158⅞	− ⅛
177	177½	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	177½	177½	177½	177½	...
196½	196⅞	130	Chi. & Northwestern	196	196	196	196	−1⅜
74	74½	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L	74½	74½	74½	74½	+ ½
46	46¼	7,050	Colorado Fuel & Iron	45	46½	45	46	+1
70⅜	72	600	Col. & Hock. C. & I	71	71	71	71	...
149¼	149½	22,100	Consolidated Gas	147⅜	149½	146¾	149½	+2½
24⅜	24⅞	18,200	Corn Products Ref	24⅞	25¼	24½	24⅝	+ ¼
88	89½	600	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	89	89½	89	89½	+ ½
560	590	100	Del., Lack. & West	560	560	560	560	−10
2,140	2,160	4,400	Denver & Rio Grande	49¼	50¼	49¼	49⅝	−1⅝
8,400	8,700	200	Den. & Rio Grande pf	87¾	88¼	87	87	+ ¼
...	...	200	*Distillers' Securities	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	...
15½	16	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	...
41,425	Erie	36⅝	37⅛	36¼	37⅛	+ ⅛		
1,600	Erie 1st pf	54⅛	55⅛	53⅝	55	+1¼		
800	Erie 2d pf	43⅛	44½	43⅛	44½	+1¼		
169	169	100	General Electric	169	169	169	169	...
4,800	Great Northern pf	153⅜	153⅝	153	153¼	− ¾		
82⅛	82½	2,200	*G. N. certs. ore prop	82¼	82½	82	82½	...
63	63	200	Havana Electric	63	63	62½	62½	−2½
86½	86¾	200	Havana Electric pf	86½	86¾	86½	86½	+ ½
121	124⅞	4,400	*Hocking Valley t. r	121	124⅞	121	124½	+2⅝
156⅝	156⅞	300	Illinois Central	156⅝	156⅞	156½	156⅝	...
15	15⅛	700	Interborough-Met	15	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	+ ⅛
47¼	48	800	Interborough-Met. pf	47¼	48	47¼	47½	+ ⅛
80¼	80¾	100	Int. Harvester	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	+ ⅛
17⅞	19¼	8,000	Int. Paper	17⅞	19¼	17⅞	19	+1⅛
67½	68⅞	1,380	Int. Paper pf	67½	68⅞	67½	68⅞	+1⅝
43	43½	2,200	Int. Steam Pump	43	43½	43	43¼	+ ¼
88	88¾	200	Int. Steam Pump pf	88	88	88	88	− ⅞
30⅞	31	560	Iowa Central	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	...
57¼	57¼	420	Iowa Central pf	57¼	57⅝	57⅛	57⅜	...
78	79½	200	Kan. C., Pt. S. & M. pf	78	78	78	78	− ½
48½	48⅞	2,800	Kansas City South	49	49	48⅝	48½	− ⅛
74	74½	100	Kan. City South. pf	74	74	74	74	− ½
300	400	12	Lake Shore	308	308	308	308	...
154¼	154½	700	Louisville & Nash	154½	154⅝	154¼	154½	− ¼
83	84⅝	800	Mackay Cos	84	84⅝	84	84⅝	+ ⅝
74½	75	100	Mackay Cos. pf	75	75	75	75	+ ½
142	144	75	Manhattan Elevated	142	142	142	142	...
21¼	22	100	Mercantile Marine pf	21½	21½	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
53½	55¼	700	Minn. & St. Louis	53½	55	53⅜	55	+ ¾
42⅛	42⅝	10,400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	42⅛	42¾	42⅛	42¾	...
75½	75¾	1,800	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	75¼	75½	75¼	75⅝	+1⅛
74¼	74⅝	1,200	Missouri Pacific	74	75⅛	74	74⅞	+ ⅝
17	17½	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17½	17½	17½	17½	+ ⅛
92⅜	93¼	8,500	Nat. Lead Co	92	93½	91⅝	92⅝	+1
112½	114	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf	112⅛	112½	112⅛	112½	+ ½
52⅝	53⅛	100	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf	53¼	54¼	53¼	53½	+ ½
23⅛	23½	500	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	23¼	23¼	23¼	23½	+ ⅛
142⅝	142⅞	15,900	N. Y. Central	142⅝	143⅛	141½	142¾	− ⅛
55	57	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	56	56	56	56	...
49¼	49½	900	N. Y., Ont. & West	49¼	49½	49¼	49¼	...
94⅝	95¼	600	Norfolk & Western	95	95	94½	94½	+ ½
84	84¼	300	North American	84¼	84¼	83½	84⅛	+ ⅛
156⅞	157	4,000	Northern Pacific	157	157⅛	156¾	157	− ¼
32	32⅛	300	Pacific Mail	32	32¼	32	32¼	− ¼
141	141¼	4,700	Pennsylvania R. R	141¼	141½	140⅝	141	− ¼
117½	118	3,112	People's Gas, Chi	118	118	116⅞	117½	...
21	21¼	10,000	Pittsburg Coal	22	22	19½	21	−1⅛
57	60	500	Pittsburg Coal pf	60⅝	60⅝	59	59½	−1
50¾	50¾	1,175	Pressed Steel Car	51	51	50⅜	50½	− ¼
104	105½	420	Pressed Steel Car pf	104	105	104	105	−2
91¼	...	20	R. R. Sec., I.C. stk. ctfs	91	91	91	91	...
50	50½	100	*R'way Steel Spring	50	50	50	50	− ½
108	109	100	*R'way Steel Sp. pf	108	108	108	108	+ ½
161⅝	162	115,450	Reading	161⅝	162¾	160⅝	162	+ ⅝
94	95	100	Reading 1st pf., ex d	94	94	94	94	...
100½	102	200	Reading 2d pf	101	101	101	101	+1
38⅜	39	2,600	Rep. Iron & Steel	37⅞	39	37⅞	39	+ ⅞
105⅜	106	500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	105⅜	105¾	105⅜	105¾	+ ⅛
40⅜	40½	11,500	Rock Island Co	40½	40½	39¾	40½	+ ⅛
78⅞	78½	2,600	Rock Island Co. pf	78⅛	78⅛	78	78	+ ⅛
56¾	56⅞	550	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	56⅜	56⅝	56½	56⅝	...
67	67¼	400	St. L. Southwest'n pf	66⅞	67⅛	66⅞	67⅛	+ ⅝
84⅜	85¼	500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	86	86	83¼	85¼	− ¼
134	134½	48,250	Southern Pacific	134⅝	134⅝	133	134	− ¼
31⅝	31⅞	3,100	Southern R'way. ext	31½	31⅞	31⅛	31⅝	...
71½	72	300	South. R'way pf., ext	71⅜	71⅝	71⅛	71⅝	...
39½	39½	12,700	Texas & Pacific	40¼	40¼	39¼	39¼	−1⅛
23¼	24	400	Third Avenue	23½	23⅞	23½	23⅞	+ ⅝
50⅝	50⅞	1,000	Tol., St. L. & West	51	51	50½	50⅝	− ⅜
70¼	71	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	70¼	70⅝	70¼	70⅞	+ ⅛
108¾	109	200	Twin City R. Transit	108¾	109	108¾	109	+1½
209⅝	209⅞	104,200	Union Pacific	209⅝	210⅞	208¼	209⅝	− ⅜
109⅛	109½	8,050	Union Pacific pf	109½	110⅞	108⅝	109⅛	...
58	59	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	58	58	58	58	− ⅛
32½	33	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	...
85	85½	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	...
54⅜	54⅞	4,600	U. S. Rubber	55⅜	55⅝	54½	54⅝	− ⅛
122½	123	3,750	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	123¼	123½	122½	123	...
88	89	725	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	89½	89½	88¼	88¼	−1
77⅞	77⅞	144,500	U. S. Steel	77⅝	78⅝	76⅞	77⅞	+ ⅛
125¼	125⅜	2,831	U. S. Steel pf	125½	125⅝	125¼	125⅛	+ ⅛
51⅜	51⅞	100	Utah Copper	51⅜	51⅝	51⅜	51⅝	+ ⅛
48⅛	48½	400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	48¼	48¼	48¼	48½	+ ⅛
63	67	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C	65	65	65	65	− ½
21⅜	21½	1,800	Wabash	21⅜	21⅝	21¼	21½	+ ⅛
56	56¼	14,720	Wabash pf	56½	57⅜	56	56	...
6	6½	3,300	Western Maryland	6	6⅜	5⅞	6¼	+⅛
74½	75	1,100	Western Union Tel	73⅝	75	73¼	75	+2
86½	87½	300	Westinghouse E. & M	87	87	87	87	− ¾
10	10¾	800	Wheel. & Lake Erie	10⅜	11⅜	10⅛	10⅛	−1⅛
20	21½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	21	21	21	21	...
11½	12½	500	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	12½	12½	12	12	− ½
55	56½	100	Wisconsin Central	57½	57½	57½	57½	+ ½

*Unlisted.

MINING STOCK.

...	...	300	Comstock	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26	...

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—For some unknown reason North Butte resumed to-day its leadership of the board. Thousands of shares were traded in and it was very strong. The strength was reflected to some extent in the rest of the local list. Superior Copper, Centennial, and United States Smelting advanced, although they were not very active. Amalgamated was duller than usual.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
5,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	93½	93⅝	93⅝
19,000	At., T. & S. F. 4s	100½	100½	100¼
6,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	70½	70½	70½
10,000	C., B. & Q. Joint 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,000	Illinois Steel 5s, 1913	101	101	101
5,000	United Fruit 4½s	96¾	96¾	96¾
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	99½	99½	99½

RAILROADS.

10	Atchison	119⅜	119⅜	119⅜
44	Boston Elevated	128½	128½	128½
2	Boston El., $55 paid	71	71	71
25	Boston & Albany	231½	231½	231½
15	Boston Suburban	18	18	18
25	Chi., R. I. & Pac	40¾	40¾	40¾
50	Fitchburg pf	131½	131	131½
10	Mass. Electric pf	74	74	74
57	N. Y. N. H. & H	171¼	170	171¼
10	Old Colony	200	200	200
415	Union Pacific	210⅜	208¼	210⅜
1	West End pf	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜

TELEPHONES.

614	American	140⅜	140¼	140⅜
2	Cumberland	142½	142½	142½
82	Mexican	2¼	2¼	2¼
46	New England	137	137	137

MISCELLANEOUS.

4,040	Am. Ag. Chem.	49⅜	47	49⅜
6	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	104	104	104
10	Am. Pneu. Service	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
15	Am. Sugar pf	127	126⅜	127
135	Am. Woolen pf	105½	105	105½
90	Eastern S. S	73½	73½	73½
4	Edison	254	253	254
10	Int. Paper	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
1	Mass. Gas	65¾	65¾	65¾
35	Pac. Coast Power	100½	100½	100½
53	Pullman	197½	197	197
40	Seattle Electric	116½	116½	116½
106	Swift & Co	110⅝	110⅜	110⅝
7	Torrington pf	26½	26½	26½
8	Torrington, Class A	25	25	25
80	United Fruit	149	148	149
110	United Shoe Mach	65	64⅝	65
65	United Shoe Mach. pf	30½	30¼	30¼
2,585	U. S. Steel	78¼	76⅝	78
43	U. S. Steel pf	125	124⅝	125

MINING.

5	Adventure	7	7	7
125	Allouez	47¼	46	47¼
1,885	Amalgamated	85⅞	84⅞	85⅞
275	American Zinc	31	30¾	31
1,010	Arizona Commercial	43¾	43	43½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Geography and Speculation.

Every moment of the progress of the ship bearing Mr. Harriman home has been chronicled since it came into the wireless zone, and traders yesterday were quite as familiar with the distances and time between Nantucket, Fire Island, Sandy Hook, and Quarantine as the oldest seagoer. This seems trifling when the great fundamental factors on which the market rests are considered, but in view of the fact, and it is an existing fact, that the return of Mr. Harriman and his condition of health have been a speculative factor in the market for some time, the extended space given in the news bulletins was not amiss. The market fluctuated not so much in accordance with the information received as with the changing sentiment that timidity inspired. Many professionals as well as other traders have not quite made up their mind as to what the permanent effect of Mr. Harriman's return will be on the general list. Consequently while they are willing to take advantage of scalping situations they are not willing to make extended commitments that might necessitate holding for a considerable period.

***

All Sorts of Trading.

There was trading of every sort in the market yesterday. Buying for the long pull and buying for a quick turn. Buying to cover shorts and selling to take advantage of a break if it should arrive. Selling to realize profits and selling to lighten commitments on the long side of the account. Sometimes the strength of the market gave testimony to the superior volume of buying for ultimate long profits, but to the trader this is not easily distinguished from buying for the purpose of supporting stocks and developing favorable sentiment. The news itself outside of the advent of Mr. Harriman furnished very little inspiration. Crop news was read with scant interest, and the movement of business here and there had little effect. It was entirely a speculative market, no matter what character may be assigned to the buying or selling.

***

Superficial Influences Watched.

Scant attention was paid to the dividend declaration on Union Pacific and Southern Pacific. The declaration of a regular dividend on Brooklyn Rapid Transit was accepted as a matter of course, although this traction stock is such a newcomer in the dividend field that if speculation in its securities had been excited there might have been gossip as to what might or might not happen. Some brokers reported a slight betterment in their general commission business and a disposition among some of their customers to take one side or the other of the market. This was not sufficiently significant to warrant the assumption of a continuance or an increase in this particular business. Traders who are out of stocks find it difficult to bring themselves to buy at present prices. Those who are long of stocks will not increase their commitments and in fact worry as to the wisdom of standing pat. Those on the short side of the account are not fortified with any great amount of courage, which limits their trading.

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Reasons Logical and Illogical.

Brokers who want to satisfy their Irish customers as to the wisdom of their position cite several facts, among them being big crops to be sold at high prices, continued ease of money with little prospect of high rates, good corporate earnings, possible extended interest of Europe in this market, supposed purchasing power of the public, and the suggestion that the industrials at least have not discounted prosperity. These are more or less convincing reasons to the general student of economic conditions who speculates. But the superficial reason is very often the more potent in a market such as the present, and, therefore, some brokers are found uring as a reason for higher prices that there are big deals under way. This may be true, but the big deal theory is so very often utilized when the market is being advanced by artificial means.

***

Slow Moving Stocks.

It is surprising how many traders there are who confine their attentions to slow moving stocks. Every brokerage house has some of this class, men who will not operate in stocks that fluctuate quickly or respond to merely surface conditions or situations. Usually the stock that moves slowly has a limited speculative following, and it may well be that there is a limited amount of the stock outstanding. Traders in these stocks are usually careful to put up a very substantial margin, when they do not buy the stocks outright. This limits their interest charges, and it also makes it possible for them to be entirely without worry in the matter of fluctuations. Some of these stocks, however, would precipitate nervous trouble in a nervous trader. He would come down day after day to find quotations unchanged and anywhere from 100 to 1,000 shares of stock traded in, the latter amount being very often the maximum. But it sometimes happens that these stocks advance 20, 30, or 40 points to the great satisfaction of the limited number of individuals interested.

Toledo Terminal R. R. 4½s 1957.
Toledo, St. Louis & West. Coll. 4s 1917.
Wilkes-Barre & Eastern 5s 1942.
DEALT IN.
F. J. Lisman & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
30 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE HARTFORD

McCURDY HENDERSON & Co.
BANKERS
24 Nassau Street
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

F. P. FREEMAN & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
25 BROAD STREET.
Stocks and Bonds,
BRANCH OFFICE 11 E. 42D ST.
Tel. 4633-34-35 Broad.

1852 1909
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York
Members N.Y. Stock Ex. Investment Bonds

Guaranteed Bonds
Yielding 6% Income.
White & Co.
Bankers, 25 Pine St., New York.

E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co.
Securities Bought and Sold.
Henry Bros. & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange,
71 Broadway, Telephone
N. Y. City. 204 Rector.

Warren Gzowski & Co.
COBALT STOCKS.
MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE
25 BROAD ST., 4 COLBORNE ST.
NEW YORK. TORONTO.
Offices Connected by Direct Wire.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
358 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 3d Ave. & 148 St.
STRONGEST IN WORKING CAPITAL

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St. Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
15 EXCHANGE PLACE, JERSEY CITY, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over $3,000,000
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
INTEREST PAID ON CHECK ACCOUNTS.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930.	100¾	101½	Lacl. G. pf.	..	98
2s, c., 1930.	100¾	101¼	L. E. & W.	26	28
3s, r., 1918.	101¼	102¼	L. E. & W. pf.	57	62
3s, c., 1918.	101¼	102½	Lake Shore.	390	400
4s, r., 1925.	116¼	117¼	Long Island	68	70
4s, c., 1925.	118	119	Man. Beach.	2	8
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½	Md. C. pf.	70	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101½	Mer. Marine	6¼	6¾
D. C. 3-65s.	107	..	Met. St. R.	20	24
Adams Exp.	225	..	Mich. Cent.	140	150
Alb. & Sus.	224½	..	M. S. T. pf.	..	90
Am. Ag. C. pf.	102	106¼	M. & St. L. pf.	..	84 89
A. B. S. pf.	95	96½	M., St. P. & S. M.	144¼	145
A. C. & F. pf.	119	120	M., St. P. & S. M. pf.	158	165
Am. Coal.	120	150	M., St. P. & S. M.	90¾	91
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	105	Used lines.		
Am. D. T.	20	30	N., C. & St. L.	135	139
Am. Exp.	228	240	Nat. Bis.	106	108
Am. L. Co.	16	17	Nat. B. pf.	125½	..
Am. Malt.	8	9	Nat. En. pf.	93	96
Am. M. pf.	53¾	54	N. Cent. C.	40	53
Am. Snuff.	285	300	N. Y. A. B.	91	93
Am. Sm. pf.	106	106	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	105
A. T. & C.	81	86	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	109	..
Ann Arbor.	15	30	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	107½	..
Ann A. pf.	..	80	N. Y. D. Co.	40	50
Asso. M. 1st pf.	109	..	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82½	85¼
Asso. M. 2d pf.	107½	..	N. Y., L. & W.	126	130
Batopilas M.	4⅞	5	N. Y., N. H. & H.	171	172
B., R. & P.	95	99¾	N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	139	141
B., R. & P. pf.	121	130	N. O. T. & L.	29	..
B. & S. pf.	..	70	Ont. Mining.	3	4
Buf'k Co.	32	33	Pac. Coast.	99	100
Canada So.	69¾	72	Pac. C. 1st pf.	99	110
C. R. R. of N. J.	300	315	Pac. C. 2d pf.	99	108
C. & S. A. pf.	114	117	Peo. & E.	25	28
C. & A. pf.	72	73	Phelps D'ge.	175	..
C., B. & Q.	250	..	P., C., C. & St. L.	91	92
C. & E. Ill. pf.	116	130	P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	110	115
Chi. Gt. W.	62	64	P., Ft. W. & C.	174½	186
Chi., Ind. & L. pf.	40	80	Pullman Co.	196	199
C. & N. W. pf.	221½	228	Quicksilver.	5½	6½
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	160	165	Q'ksil'r pf.	5	6½
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	175	185	Rens. & S.	195	..
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	5⅝	6¼	R., W. & O.	125	..
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	13	15	Rutland pf.	86½	87½
C., C. C. & St. L. pf.	107	110	Sears-R. pf.	..	117½
Cleve. & P.	173¼	..	S.-S. S. & I. pf.	119	123
Col. F. & I. pf.	82	110	So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	86	90
Col. South.	53	54	Tenn. Cop.	88	88½
Col. So. 1st pf.	84½	85	Texas Cent.	35	..
Col. So. 2d pf.	80¾	81	Tex. C. pf.	70	..
Crex Carpet.	55	60	T. P. L. Tr.	57	61
Del. & H.	193	194	T. P. & W.	17	20½
D. M. & Ft. D.	12	17	T. R. & L.	9¼	10½
D. & M. pf.	..	96	T. C. R. T. pf.	135	145
Det. U. R.	70	71	U. S. Exp.	89	95
D., S. S. & A. pf.	31	31¾	U. S. L. pf.	115	120
Ev. & T. H.	56	65	U. S. R. & Imp't	82¼	82¾
Ev. & T. H. pf.	85	95	U. S. R. Ref.	14	16
F. M. & S.	75	89½	U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	36	39½
F. M. & S. pf.	92	92½	U. & B. R.	174	..
Gen. C. Co.	90	100	Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	123	125
Gen. C. Co. pf.	102	106	Vulcan Det.	15	17½
Granby Con.	100	105	Vul. D. pf.	63½	67½
G. B. & W.	80	..	W.-F. Exp.	310	..
Hock. V. pf.	93	94	Westingh'se 1st pf.	126	132½
Homestake.	89	91½	Wis. C. pf. rec.	89¾	90½
Ill. C.	98	..			
Inger.-Rand.	55	..			
Inger.-Rand. pf.	90	..			
Int. H. pf.	120½	121½			
Int. Power.	..	35			
Jol. & Chi.	163¼	..			
K. & M.	55	60			
K. & D. M.	9	11			
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45			
Kn. Ice, C. pf.	80	80			
Lacl. Gas.	104	..			

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT—The market was unsettled and quite weak yesterday, although it had periods of steadiness, and closed rather firm at a sharp rally from low point. Some of the late buying was due to reports of frost in the Canadian Northwest, where 75 per cent. of the wheat is said to be still uncut, and to rumored hailstorms in North Dakota. The heaviness resulted from weak cables and only light showers in the Northwest, where general rains had been expected. Berlin declined 3c. Liverpool was ⅝ to 1d lower, and Budapest 1¾c lower. Export trade was about ten loads. Cash wheat in New York closed: No. 2 red, $1.07 elevator and $1.10 free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.08⅝, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.10⅝ free on board, afloat, nominal.

CORN—Prolonged dry weather in the Southwest caused a generally firm market yesterday. Serious damage reports from Nebraska were met by late talk of rain in Missouri. Cash corn in New York was equally firm, with old No. 2 on the basis of 80½c nominal in elevator and sales at 81c delivered; new No. 2 corn, 63⅝c free on board, afloat.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
September	$1.07⅝	$1.06⅝	$1.07	$1.07¼
December	1.02⅞	1.03¼	1.02¾	1.02⅞
May	1.04⅝	1.03½	1.04¼	1.04⅝
Corn—				
September	..	..	..	75¼ 74⅝
December	..	..	..	66¾ 66

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
September	98	97	97⅝	98¼
December	94½	93½	94¼	94⅝
May	98¼	97⅝	98	98
Corn—				
September	66¾	65¾	66¼	65⅞
December	56¾	55⅝	56⅝	55⅞
May	58	56⅞	57⅝	57
Oats				
September	37	36¾	36¾	36¼
December	36⅞	36⅝	36¾	36½
May	39½	39	39¾	39⅝
Lard—				
September	12.15	12.00	12.12	11.97
October	12.10	11.92	12.10	11.90
Ribs—				
September	11.77	11.67	11.77	11.67
October	11.52	11.42	10.50	11.37
Pork—				
September	22.50	22.25	22.40	22.40
January	17.65	17.50	17.65	17.35

Guggenheim Predicts Copper Demand.

S. R. Guggenheim, Chairman of the Executive Board of the American Smelting and Refining Company, who has been away on a trip of inspection of the company's properties in the West, returned yesterday. He predicted that the demand for copper in the next ninety days would be very large, because of the great expansion in industries now going on.

THE FOREIGN MARKETS.

Low Offers of U. P. from New York Causes Reaction in London.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Money was in better demand on the market to-day for the settlement and discounts were firmer.

On the Stock Exchange the general carryover was arranged at unchanged rates. There were fresh commitments on a fair scale, and the tone was firm, Americans leading, but Kaffirs were actively supported by speculators, while Grand Trunk and foreign bonds rose steadily on investment buying. Copper shares advanced with Americans.

American securities opened quiet but firm, with values fractionally over parity. At noon prices were from 1¼ above to ⅛ below yesterday's New York closing. Union Pacific and Canadian Pacific led in the early advance, which gradually extended in the afternoon to the rest of the list. But New York offered Union Pacific down 2 points in the afternoon. This caused a reaction, but the market hardened in the late trade and closed steadier.

Bar Silver quiet, 23 9-16d per ounce.

Money, ½@¾ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm. The private rate of discount is 1¾ per cent., an advance of ½. Three per cent. rentes, 98f 17½c for the account.

Exchange on London 25 francs, 18½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm and trading was active.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84 5-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	84 5-16	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	10¼	49¼	49½	— ¼
Atchison	122¾	119	119⅝	— ⅜
Can. Pacific	191¾	186¾	185	+ 1½
St. Paul	163	158½	159	— ½
Erie	37¼	36¼	36¼	..
Erie 1st pf.	55½	54	54½	— ½
Illinois Central	161	156½	156⅝	— ¼
Louis. & Nash.	159	154½	154⅝	— ¼
N. Y. Central	146½	141⅝	143	— 1¼
Pennsylvania	72½	141¼	141¼	..
Reading	83	161½	161⅝	+ ⅛
Southern Pacific	138	134¼	134¾	— ⅛
Union Pacific	215¼	209½	210	— ½
U. S. Steel	79⅝	77¼	77⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	128¼	124⅞	125	— ⅛

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	95	96
German consol 3s	85	86
Prussian Government 4s	102½	103½
Bavarian Government 4s	102	103
Hessian Government 3½s	91	95
Saxony Government 3s	83¾	86¾
Hamburg Government 3s	84½	85½
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100	101
City of Munich 4s	101	102
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	95	96
City of Vienna 4s	97½	98½
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¾	102½
Russian Government gold 4s	89¾	90¾
French Government rente 3s	97⅜	98⅛
British consol 2½s	84	84⅝

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	5	0	Esperanza	1	2	6
Tomboy	1	1	3	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	5	6	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

The majority of the floor traders on the Consolidated Exchange were mixed in their views of the market and indisposed to operate on a heavy scale. Prices exhibited much irregularity compared with quotations on the New York Stock Exchange. Sales for the day approximated 108,000 shares, distributed among 61 different issues. United States Steel common was the leader in respect to volume, with Union Pacific next and Reading third. It was only in those three stocks that the trading was heavy.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Al.-Chalm. pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½
2,000	Amal. Copper	85½	85⅝	84⅝	85⅛
1,410	Am. Beet Sug.	45⅛	47¾	45	47
30	Am. Can	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜
80	Am. Car & Fy.	67	68	66⅞	68
20	Am. Ice	35½	35½	35½	35½
1,110	Am. Locom.	63	63	60¾	61¼
1,750	Am. Smelting	100¼	100¾	99⅝	100¼
60	Am. Sugar	131½	131½	131	131
600	A., T. & S. F.	119	119⅝	118¾	119¼
50	Balt. & Ohio	118	118½	117⅝	118
460	Brook. R. T.	80¼	80⅞	80⅜	80⅝
20	Can. Pacific	186½	186½	186½	186½
110	Cent. Leather	40	40	39¾	39¾
170	Ches. & Ohio	81⅝	82¼	81⅜	82
120	Chi. Gt. West.	4¼	4¼	4	4
60	C. Gt. W., 1st ass't paid	9¾	10	9¼	10
290	C., M. & St. P.	158⅝	159¼	158⅛	158⅞
1,730	Col. Fuel & I.	45	46⅝	44¼	45⅝
1,040	Con. Gas	147¼	149¼	146½	149⅜
1,090	Corn Products	24⅞	25⅝	24⅞	24⅞
130	Den. & R. G.	50	50¾	49⅝	50
1,760	Erie	36⅝	37⅛	36⅝	36⅞
80	Erie 1st pf.	54	55¼	54	55¼
60	Gt. North. pf.	153¾	153¾	153¼	153½
60	G. N. ore ctfs.	82¼	82½	82¼	82¼
80	Inter.-Met.	15	15½	15	15⅜
200	Inter.-Met. pf.	47½	47¾	47⅛	47⅜
880	Int. Paper	19¼	19⅜	18	19
20	Int. Pump.	43¼	43¾	43¼	43¼
80	Kan. City So.	48⅞	49	48½	48⅝
670	Mo., K. & T.	42¼	42⅝	42¼	42¼
100	M., K. & T. pf.	75½	75½	75½	75½
400	Mo. Pacific	74	75⅛	73⅜	74⅝
890	Nat. Lead	92⅜	93½	92⅜	92⅝
60	Nat. Lead 2d pf.	23	23½	23	23¼
420	N. Y. Central	142⅞	142⅞	141⅝	142¼
80	N. Y., O. & W.	49¼	49¾	49¼	49⅝
140	Nor. Pacific	156⅜	156⅜	156⅛	156⅜
30	Pacific Mail	32	32¼	32	32
280	Pennsylvania	140⅜	141¼	140⅜	141¼
20	People's Gas	117⅜	117⅜	117½	117½
280	Pitts. Coal	21⅞	21⅞	20½	21½
17,740	Reading	161⅝	162⅝	160¼	161⅞
80	Rep. Steel	38¼	38⅝	38¼	38⅝
730	Rock Island.	40½	40⅝	39⅝	40¼
30	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	58⅝	58⅝	58⅜	58⅜
4,690	South. Pacific	134½	134⅝	133¾	133⅞
70	South. Ry.	31⅝	32	31⅜	31½
20	South. Ry. pf.	71⅝	72	71⅜	72
2,460	Texas Pacific	40½	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝
100	Third Av.	23½	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
25,000	Union Pacific	210	211	208¼	209⅝
400	U. S. Rubber	55¼	55½	54½	55
86,020	U. S. Steel	77½	78½	76⅝	77⅜
250	U. S. Steel pf.	125½	125½	125¼	125½
1,310	Wabash pf.	56½	57⅝	56⅛	56¼
20	West. Union	73½	73½	73½	73½
220	W. Maryland	64	66	64	64
100	Wheel. & L. E.	11½	11½	11½	11½
108,140					

MINING STOCKS.

1,200	Atlanta	.16	.16	.15½	.15½
20	Batopilas	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
500	Comstock	.27	.27	.27	.27
700	Comb. Frac.	.69	.69	.68	.68
800	Elkton	.77	.78	.77	.78
600	El Paso	.67	.67	.66	.66
150	Goldfield Con.	6.70	6.70	6.70	6.70
600	Goldf. Daisy	.22	.22	.22	.22
100	Horn Silver	.87½	.87½	.87½	.87½
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.21	.21	.21	.21
400	McNamara	.84	.84	.84	.84
220	Ophir	1.80	1.80	1.25	1.25
20	Quicksilver	6.12½	6.12½	6.12½	6.12½
600	Red Hill	.07½	.07½	.07½	.07½
800	Sierra Nevada	.52	.52	.50	.50
600	Silver Peak	.18	.18	.16½	.16½
50	Tonopah Min.	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
800	Tonopah Ext.	.64	.64	.64	.64
400	Yellow Jack.	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05
8,060					

WHEAT.

75,000	Sept. option	.97⅝	.98	.97	.97⅝
825,000	Dec. option	.94¾	.94⅝	.93⅝	.94¼

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ANN ARBOR RAILROAD—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
2d week Aug.	$38,861	$41,921	*$3,060
July 1-Aug. 14	222,159	225,652	6,507

DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—

2d week Aug.	82,715	84,567	*1,851
July 1-Aug. 14	171,777	179,599	*7,822

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—

3d week Aug.	39,458	35,380	4,078
Jan. 1-Aug. 21	1,816,443	1,230,037	86,406

WABASH—

3d week Aug.	615,115	543,774	74,341
July 1-Aug. 21	3,997,182	3,662,255	334,927

*Decrease.

TOLEDO RAILWAYS & LIGHT CO. for July—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	226,564	199,237	218,057
Expenses	154,221	111,665	120,121
Net	92,343	87,572	92,935
Other income	267	91	932
Total income	92,610	87,663	93,867
Charges, taxes	75,506	71,761	67,432
Surplus	17,104	15,912	26,434
7 months gross	1,528,054	1,429,612	1,458,375
Expenses	884,406	794,054	854,173
7 months net	643,648	635,558	604,202
Other income	1,363	2,874	6,691
Total income	645,011	638,857	610,894
Charges, taxes	501,075	491,857	447,574
7 months surp.	143,936	146,545	163,319

UP-STATE BANK REPORTS.

The report of the State banks and trust companies in New York State outside of New York City issued yesterday by the State Banking Department showed these changes for the week:

STATE BANKS.

		Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$84,572,400	$4,800
Total deposits	90,025,800	*51,200
Total reserve	19,869,600	8,600
Average reserve	22.3%	
Reserve required	15%	

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	130,322,400	*244,800
Total deposits	141,967,800	327,800
Total reserve	20,229,500	608,000
Average reserve	15.4%	
Reserve required	10%	

*Increase.

THE COTTON MARKET

Featureless and Dull—Closes Steady 1 to 5 Points Higher.

Cotton was a shade more active yesterday, but continued narrow with business still restricted. An early decline was followed by a rally and the market closed steady at a net advance of 1@5 points.

The opening was steady at a decline of 1@3 points.

The weekly weather report confirmed the daily reports concerning Texas by indicating record breaking high temperatures and precipitation much below the normal. Detailed reports for the day showed only light precipitation in Texas, with temperatures slightly lower than the recent maximums, but still above 100 degrees at some points.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
August	12.37	12.25	12.37@12.39	12.26
Sept.	12.29	12.28	12.29@12.31	12.26
Oct.	12.30	12.20	12.28@12.29	12.24
Nov.	....	....	12.26@12.27	12.25
Dec.	12.30	12.23	12.28@12.29	12.27
Jan.	12.29	12.20	12.26@12.27	12.24
Feb.	....	....	12.27@12.28	12.25
March	12.30	12.24	12.29@12.30	12.25
April	....	....	12.29@12.30	12.25
May	12.31	12.22	12.30@12.31	12.25

Spot cotton was quiet and unchanged; middling upland quoted at 12.75. Sales nil.

Southern spot cotton markets were telegraphed as follows:

Savannah, 4.16c up, steady at 12 1-16c; sales, 2,208 bales.

Augusta, steady, unchanged at 12⅜c; sales 500 bales.

St. Louis, steady, unchanged at 12⅜c; sales 102 bales.

New Orleans, firm, unchanged at 12⅛c; sales 125 bales.

Memphis, easy, unchanged at 12¼c; sales 25 bales.

Houston, steady, unchanged at 12¼c; sales 62 bales.

RECORD COFFEE RECEIPTS.

Two Days' Record of 145,000 Bags the Greatest Ever Known.

Receipts of 145,000 bags of coffee at the two Brazilian ports for Sunday and Monday, as shown by yesterday's cables, broke all records, the nearest approach for a like period being 138,000 bags, reported Sept. 18, 1906. Despite this showing the New York market became slightly stronger, the feature of the day's trade being switching from September to later positions. Including these transactions sales were about 32,000 bags, and prices closed steady, net unchanged to 5 points higher. The market will be closed on Sept. 4.

Since the beginning of the season receipts at the ports have been outweighing previous years, but the effect on the milreis price has been comparatively slight, as Rio was quoting No. 7's at 3$825, according to yesterday's cables, comparing with 4$025 at the beginning of the season, a decline of only 200 reis. Havre was net unchanged to ½f lower, while Hamburg was net ¼ pfennig higher to ¼ pfennig lower. Fine weather was again reported throughout Sao Paulo. Spot coffee was quiet; 7¼@7½c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Monday's Close.
August	....	....	5.50@5.60	5.50
September	5.35	5.35	5.30@5.35	5.30
October	....	....	5.25@5.30	5.20
November	....	....	5.20@5.25	5.20
December	5.30	5.30	5.25@5.30	5.25
January	....	....	5.25@5.30	5.25
February	....	....	5.30@5.35	5.25
March	5.35	5.35	5.35@5.40	5.30
April	....	....	5.35@5.40	5.30
May	5.40	5.40	5.40@5.45	5.35
June	....	....	5.40@5.45	5.35
July	5.45	5.40	5.40@5.45	5.40

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday business showed a slight increase and prices ruled about steady. There were sales of 25 tons of November and 50 tons of December copper at 13c. Twenty-five tons of September tin sold at 30.40c. Lead was a shade off in the bid price. Spelter was steady.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper, for both spot and future deliveries, registered a gain of 3s 9d from the final figures of Monday. The market finished steady, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £59 17s 6d; futures, £60 16s 3d. Pig tin closed steady, with spot and future deliveries down 5s, to £138 and £139 2s 6d. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £12 8s 9d. Spelter continued steady and unchanged at £22. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 50s 4½d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard Copper—				
Spot	12.65	13.00	12.75	13.00
August	12.65	13.00	12.75	13.00
September	12.68	12.85	12.75	13.00
October	12.70	13.00	12.80	13.00
Spelter	5.70	5.80	5.70	5.80
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.35	4.40
Tin	30.37½	30.47½	30.50	30.62½

Mr. Harahan Visits Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 24.—James T. Harahan, President of the Illinois Central Railroad, arrived in Boston this morning in his private car, which was attached to the 1:30 P. M. train out of the South Station, for Hyannis, where he will spend a brief vacation with his family. Mr. Harahan says that traffic conditions in his territory have never looked brighter.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer,
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, August 25th, 1909
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET,
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
$4,000 Third Avenue R. R. 1st Consld. Mtg. 4 p. c. Bds., Cfts. of Deposit.
$1,000 East Tenn., Virginia & Georgia Ry. Consld. Mtg. 5 p. c. Bond, 1956.
$6,000 Third Avenue R. R. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1937.
$2,000 St. Louis, Iron Mt. & Southern Ry. Genl. Consld. Ry. & L. G. Mt

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

David Belasco Sells His Residence on West 70th Street—Buyer for 182d Street Plot on the Heights—Other Dealings by Brokers.

E. A. Turner has sold for David Belasco his residence, at 247 West Seventieth Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 19.5 by 100.5, to Dr. J. B. Rae. Dr. Rae will occupy the house.

The McVickar, Gaillard Realty Company has sold for J. J. Radley 148 West Seventy-seventh Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on lot 18 by 102.2. The buyer is a physician.

Emma Hebert has sold 64 West Ninety-second Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20.4 by 100.8, near Columbus Avenue.

The Liquid Carbonic Company has sold 110 West 107th Street, a three-story stable, on lot 25 by 100.

Plot Sold on the Heights.

Harry White has sold for Adolf Miller the vacant lot, 75 by 80, on the north side of 182d Street, 125 feet east of St. Nicholas Avenue.

L. N. Clark & Co. have sold 2,660 Kingsbridge Terrace, a two-and-a-half-story dwelling, on plot 50 by 169, for Mrs. Sarah Christopher. The new owner will occupy the house.

Upper Lexington Avenue Sale.

Schmeidler & Bachrach have sold the five-story tenement, with stores, 1,795 Lexington Avenue, 27 by 73.

Schindler & Liebler have leased for Mrs. J. F. Iden to a client the two three-story dwellings 238 and 238½ East Eighty-third Street.

Huberth & Gabel have leased for James J. Delany the four-story building 212 East Twenty-sixth Street to M. Radl for a long term of years.

West 34th Street Lease.

Julian Benedict has leased for the Bankers' Investing Company the westerly store and basement in the Century Building, 1 West Thirty-fourth Street, to F. Booss & Brother, furriers.

Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr., negotiated the recently reported leases to F. A. O. Schwarz, covering the store and basement in the twenty-story building now in course of construction at the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Thirty-first Street, 56.9 by 150, and the store, basement, first loft, and part of the second loft in the adjoining building, 6 to 9 East Thirty-first Street, running through to 6 to 10 East Thirty-second Street. The leases run for a long term of years, the total rental amounting to nearly $1,500,000.

Tenant for 23d Street Building.

Louis Schrag has leased for the estate of Leon N. Hirsch the second loft in 148 and 150 West Twenty-third Street to the Arteur Photo Paper Company for a term of years; also, the fourth loft in 147 and 149 West Twenty-second Street to the H. Bleil Company, and for the Standard Oil Company the fourth loft in 555 to 559 West Twenty-fifth Street to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

Juliet Marion Lee has leased the front half of the third floor in the building 14 West Twenty-ninth Street. Frank A. Boyle was the broker.

John J. Clancy & Co. have leased for the estate of G. E. Fountain the three-story dwelling 35 West Sixtieth Street to Mary E. Keogh for a term of years.

Deal for 19th Street Tenement.

Charles R. Faruolo has bought from Kate Williams and a Mrs. McCay the five-story tenement 231 West Nineteenth Street.

Foreclosure Against Church.

Suit has been begun in the Supreme Court by David B. Ross against the Mount Gilead Baptist Church and others to foreclose a mortgage of $8,000 on the property, on the north side of 132d Street, 300 feet west of Fourth Avenue, 20 by 99.11. The mortgage was made on May 12, 1908.

Builder Sells Bronx Dwelling.

J. Massimino has sold the four-story two-family house at the northwest corner of Davidson Avenue and 177th Street to Mrs. Lillian E. Herrmann. This is the sixth house sold within a month out of a row Mr. Massimino is erecting on the north side of 177th Street, between Davidson and Tremont Avenues.

Ernst & Cahn have sold for a client to Clarence O. Sachs 1,060 Jackson Avenue, a three-story single flat on lot 17.6 by 87.6.

George Kellar is going to build three five-story apartment houses on the east side of Park Avenue, between 188th and 189th Streets. The buildings will cover the entire block front and will be 30.4 by 90, 37.6 by 88, and 37.2 by 90, respectively.

Buyer for Edgemere (L. I.) Plot.

David Vogel and the Murphy-Dumont Company have sold for Max Kurzrok twelve lots on the east side of Surf Avenue, Edgemere, L. I. This plot is opposite the Edgemere Club and is so restricted that only three private dwellings may be erected thereon.

The Lewis H. May Company has resold for a syndicate, represented by Emanuel Jacobus, as attorney, a corner plot of four lots at Remington Avenue and Story Place, Arverne, L. I., 80 by 138, to David Schlesiner, who will erect four cottages, two on Story Place and two on Remington Avenue.

The Duross Company has sold for J. Adriance Travis his house at 27 Main Street, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Brooklyn Property in New Hands.

Carl & George Jacobs report the sale of the house 203 East New York Avenue, Brooklyn, for a Mr. Spann.

Builder Buys at Dumont, N. J.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co. have sold for the Gordan Park Realty Company forty-six lots in Gordon Park, Dumont, N. J., to a builder, who will erect dwellings thereon. This is a part of a large tract which is now being improved.

Good Demand at Manhattan Beach.

Joseph P. Day reports the following sales at Manhattan Beach Estates: To Peter T. Katchend, a plot 40 by 100, on the east side of Amherst Street, between Hampton Avenue and Oriental Boulevard; to J. L. Tompkins, a plot 40 by 100, on the west side of Beaumont Street, between Hampton Avenue and Oriental Boulevard; to Norse Silver, a plot 60 by 100, on the east side of Exeter Street, about 96 feet from the corner of Shore Boulevard, and to John H. Glawartz, a plot 60 by 100, on the west side of Amherst Street, between Hampton Avenue and Oriental Boulevard.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Thompson St. 98 and 100, e s, 226 ft s of Prince St. 50.3x94.6x irregular, six-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, John Palmieri, $26,909.

Cherry St. 256, n e corner of Rutgers St. 26.3x90.2, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Rosie Punch, $60,365.

Riverside Drive, 547, e s, 224 ft s of 127th St, 108.2x95x irregular, six-story apartment house; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 26.

Oliver St, 44, e s, 88.9 ft s of Madison St, 30.1x69x29.10x72.2, five-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Ruby Schwartz, $28,275.

78th St, 443, n s, 144 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Aug. 31.

Pleasant Av, 253, w s, 67.7 ft s of 119th St, 16.8x75, three-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Stephen H. Jackson, $6,410.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in the Bronx.

St. Raymond's Av., s s, 250 ft e of Greene Lane, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x52; William Cleary of 2,435 St. Raymond's Av, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $5,000.

Bronxdale Av, w s, 152 ft s of Rhinelander Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x52; Edward J. Cahill, Wickham Av, owner; T. J. Kelly, architect; cost, $5,000.

Webster Av, n e corner of 178th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 87.7x90; John Rendall of 879 East 162d St, owner; Koppe & Daube, architects; cost, $45,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, AUG. 24.

8D AV, e s, 175.2 ft n of 161st St, 25x130.11; Isabella Denison and others to John Whalen, (mtg $1,700,) $1.

HERSCHEL ST, 103, s w s, 89.5x112.7; Herschel St 105, s w s, 25.4x101.9; Herschel St, 106, s w s, 25.4x irregular; Herschel St, 111, n w s, 25.8x90.10; Charles F. Gordes to Roworth Realty Co., (mtg $14,750,) $100.

DELANCEY ST, 316, n s, 24.7x100; Michael J. Scanlon to Aaron Zwerdling, $26,300.

LOT 6, Block 52, map of Section 1, Morris Park; Fidelity Development Co. to Joseph H. Morris of Arlington, N. J., $100.

45TH ST, 433 West, n s, 22.6x100.4; Thomas Brodmerkel to Edgar J. Pitshke, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

49TH ST, 151 East, n s, 18.6x100.5; James A. Dolan and others, executors, &c., to Milton Goldsmith, $10,000.

49TH ST, 151 East, n s, 18.6x100.5; Mary A. B. McTigue and others to Milton Goldsmith, $1.

AVENUE A, 109, 22.11x100; Harris Mandelbaum and others to Max J. Kramer, $100.

AVENUE A, 109, 22.11x100; Max J. Kramer to Max J. Kramer Co., (mtg $67,000,) $100.

228TH ST, s s, w 25 ft of Lot 896, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Oscar E. J. Heimstadt to Fredericke C. S. Heimstadt, (mtg $1,300,) $1.

47TH ST, s s, Lot 33, map of Briggs estate, Williamsbridge, 60.9x54x94.8x95; Charles J. Mooney to Germansky Construction Co., $100.

AQUEDUCT AV EAST, e s, 183.9 ft s of 184th St, 95.9x94.8x71.2x76.8; Joseph J. Cucurullo to Asher-Simon Realty Co., (mtg $51,250,) $100.

104TH ST, 76 and 78 East, 82x100.11; Mishkind-Feinberg Realty Co. to Philip Krauss, (mtg $43,000,) $100.

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 185th St, 50.2x92x50x96.8; Laura A. Atwood to Bernard Havanagh, $1.

185TH ST, n s, 326.8 ft w of 5th Av, 83.4x99.11; Mishkind-Feinberg Realty Co. to Philip Krauss, $100.

114TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Mishkind-Feinberg Realty Co. to Philip Krauss, (mtg $27,900,) $100.

114TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Philip Krauss to Citizens' Holding Co., (mtg $27,900,) $100.

27TH ST, 12 and 14 West, 25.6x98.9; Jacob H. Schiff and others, executors, &c., to Jacob H. Schiff, ⅛ part, $100.

27TH ST, 12 and 14 West, 25.6x98.9; Jacob H. Schiff and others, executors, &c., to Morris Loeb and others, ⅛ part, $100.

27TH ST, 12 and 14 West, 25.6x98.9; Jacob H. Schiff to Charles Kaye, ⅛ part, $100.

27TH ST, 12 and 14 West, 25.6x98.9; Morris Loeb and others to Charles Kaye, $100.

2D ST, 187 to 143 East, s w s, 85x105.8; the nuns of the Order of St. Dominick to the sisters of the Order of St. Dominic, (mtg $12,500,) $1.

3D AV, s s, 254.8 ft w of 1st St, 50x100; Eugene H. Hammond to Walter C. Hammond of Kingston, Mass., $1.

121ST ST, 221 and 223 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Morris N. Levine to Myron Ritter, (mtg $47,000,) $100.

LOTS 271 and 273, map Undercliff Terrace at Morris Heights; George D. Scott to Catherine T. Collier, $100.

112TH ST, 210 to 214 East, s s, 40.6x100.11; Aaron Goodman to Isaac Holtzberg, $100.

AVENUE A, w s, 20.4 ft s 71st St, 25x87; Lorie Guenzberg and others to Eleanor Tobiesen, (mtg $24,000,) $100.

FIRST Av, s s, Lot 104, map new village of Jerome 27x125; Leslie J. Tompkins to Ralph W. Horne, (mtg $8,500,) $100.

CONVENT AV, 413, 20x75.1; the Cristel Co. to Fanny Henning, (mtg $14,500,) $100.

90TH ST, 139 West, 26.9x100.8; Albert W. J. Petrie to August W. Mehler and others, (mtg $24,750,) $100.

163D ST, s s, Lot 21, map North Melrose, 50x100; Annie Smith to Benjamin Benenson, (mtg $3,000,) $100.

LOTS 72 to 75, map Koch Homestead; Frederick W. Koch and others, to Oscar Moses, $1.

80TH ST, 206 East, 18.9x98.9; Joseph Klein to Joseph J. McGillen, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

SCHILLINGER, Eliza, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 69th St, 340 East, due, &c., as per bond $6,000

ROSENO, Louis, to Julius Prince; 117th St, 19 and 21 West, prior mtg $—, installments, 6% $2,200

MAX J. KRAMER CO. to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; Avenue A, 109, s w corner of 7th St, due, &c., as per bond $35,000

MAX J. KRAMER CO. to H. Seymour Eisman; Avenue A, 109, s w corner of 7th St, prior mtg $55,000, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6% $15,000

PINE INVESTING CO. to Franklin Pettit; 93d St, 9 East, prior mtg $—, due March 1, 1910, 6% $11,000

GRAY, John H., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 3d Av, 1,571 to 1,577; also 88th St, 200½, 201, and 203 East, 3 years, 4½% $95,000

GRAY, John H., to Hudson Mortgage Co.; 3d Av, 1,571 to 1,577; also 88th St, 200½, 201, and 203 East, prior mtg $95,000, 1 year, 6% $15,000

WEINHANDLER, Sampson H., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Amsterdam Av, 793, due, &c., as per bond $24,000

McLAUGHLIN, Edward, to Herbert S. Brussel, guardian; 137th St, s s, 525 ft e of Willis Av, 25x100, due, &c., as per bond $16,000

LAVELLE, Catherine A., and another to James S. Alexander, guardian; Longfellow Av, w s, 357.3 ft n of 167th St, 2 lots, each 25x100, due, &c., as per bond, 2 mtgs, each $7,500 ..... $15,000

LAVELLE, Catherine A., and another to James S. Alexander, guardian; Longfellow Av, w s, 357.3 ft n of 167th St, runs w 100x n 19x n e 16.4x e 91.7 to avenue x s 25 to beginning, due, &c., as per bond $7,500

FARRELL, Barbara C., and another to Henry V. Allen; Cherry St, s e corner of Jane Slip, 20.10x38.11x20.6x39.4; also, James Slip, e s, 39.4 ft s of Cherry St, 16.7x20.5x16.7x20.6, prior mtg $11,000, 1 year, 6% $3,000

GERMANSKY CONSTRUCTION CO. to Charles J. Mooney; 4th St, e s, Lot 33, map of Briggs estate, 3 years, 6% $2,280

FEDERMAN, Rudolph, to Tillie P. Reuse; St. Lawrence Av, w s, 50 ft s of Merrill St, 25x100, 3 years, 5½% $3,000

ANSORGE, Henry P., to Harmon W. Hendricks; Bedford St, 23, 5 years $9,000

KAYE, Charles, to Max M. Warburg; 27th St, 12 and 14 West, 3 years $80,000

GOLDSMITH, Milton, to Excelsior Savings Bank; 49th St, 151 East, 5 years $12,000

GOLDSMITH, Milton, to Merceded Burlinson; 49th St, 151 East, prior mtg $12,000, due Aug. 23, 1912, 6% $2,000

TOBIESEN, Eleanor, to Mary U. Strong; 156th St, 510 West, 3 years $38,000

INGRAHAM, Elizabeth P., to John A. Brown, Jr.; 2d Av, n e corner of 127th St, 199.10 to 128th St x75, due May 1, 1914, 4½% $67,500

FOX, Louise, to German Savings Bank; 122d St, n s, 140 ft e of Park Av, 50x100.11, 1 year, 4½% $21,000

MAZE REALTY CO. to Louis Luserson; Beck St, n s, 107.5 ft e of St. John's Av, 3 lots, each 33.4x125, prior mtgs, $—, 2 years, 6%, 3 mtgs, each $4,000 ..... $12,000

MULLER, Frederick, to Ella A. Tiemann; 51st St, 415 East, due Oct. 1, 1912, 6% $1,000

GOLDBERGER, Morris B., to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., as trustee; 10th St, n s, 176.3 ft w of Greenwich St, 44x95, 5 years, 4½% $3,000

HOOKS, George, to Warren J. Mitchell; Lind Av, e s, 283.7 ft s of Union St, 25.9x162x23x155.9, prior mtg $4,500, 2 years, 6% $2,000

SEGRAVE, James A., to Theodore H. Silkman, trustee; Mosholu Av, n w corner of Suydam Av, runs w 165.8 x s 100 x e 50 x s 101.7 to Crescent Av, x e 93.10 to 8th Av, x n 213.6 to beginning, 3 years $9,000

NORDLINGER, Louis, to Flora Nordlinger; 42d St, 302 East, 3 years $7,000

COLLIER, Catharine T., to George D. Scott; Lots 271 to 273, Map No. 1,069 of Undercliff Terrace, 3 years $8,000

McGILLEN, James J., to Edward H. Carle; 30th St, 206 East, due, &c., as per bond $9,000

McGILLEN, James J., to City Equity Co.; 30th St, 206 East, prior mtg $9,000, due, &c., as per bond $2,000

BENENSON, Benjamin, to Annie Smith; 163d St, s s, Lot 21, map of North Melrose, 50x100, prior mtg $3,000, 2 years $3,500

BECKER, Margaret, to Dora L. Schreiber; Lots 305 and 306, map of Pugsley estate, 3 years, 6% $1,400

DEVINE, Thomas J., to August Funck; Lots 545 and 546, map of Gleason property, dated June 24, 1897, 3 years, 6% $7,000

GREENWALD, Ada, to Jacob Beck; Walter Av, n e corner of 175th St, 25x95, due, &c., as per bond $300

Mechanics' Liens.

LORILLARD PLACE, w s, 133.9 ft n of 187th St, 40.5x90; Thomas B. Bowne & Son Co. against D'Angelo Realty Co., owner; Cipriani Realty and Construction Co., contractor, $498.

122D ST, 269 to 273 West; Jacob Danson against Brookside Realty Co., owner; Julius Braunstein and William Disenstein, contractors, $4,634.

BEAUMONT AV, 2,340; Charles Edel & Son against E. Sherman, owner; Charles Gunn, contractor, $17.

AVENUE A, s w corner of 7th St, 22.11x100; Morris Sheres against Max J. Kramer, owner; Harry L. Rockmore, contractor, $75.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,901; Harlem Metal Ceiling Co. against Louis Meyer Realty Co., and Herman J. Katz, owners; Union Square Contracting Co., contractor, $145.

105TH ST, 58 West; Morris Sheres against Moses E. Stern, owner; Jacob Abrams, contractor, $80.

14TH ST, 250 West; German Grob & against Vistona E. Manzanedo, owner; I. W. Stephan, contractor, $400.

MORRIS AV, 2,338 and 2,340; V. Laguini & Co. against Michael Handy, owner; A. Warren, contractor, $122.

177TH ST, n w corner of Cedar Av, 89x126; East River Mill and Lumber Co. against Patrick J. Murphy, owner; L. Keller &. Co., contractors, $513.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

MOTT ST, 135 and 137; Joe Klezky and others against Josephine Barlia and others, April 28, 1909, $200.

1418T ST, 239 West; Henry Farber against Fredericka Hack, Feb. 3, 1909, $95.

67TH ST, 22 East; Adolph Grant & Co. against Robert Fulton Cutting and others, July 3, 1909, (canceled,) $239.

BROOK AV, s e corner of 170th St, 24.5x100; Thomas F. Bowne & Son Co. against William F. Lennon Construction Co. and others, Dec. 29, 1908, (by bond,) $653.

Lis Pendens.

1077TH ST, n s, 450 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.11; Isaac R. Theise against Carrie Herzig and others, (action to declare deed void:) attorney, H. J. Goldsmith.

7TH AV, w s, 40.7 ft s of 22d St, 24.7x100; E. Cornelia Mahr against Solomon Goldenkranz and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. P. Hummel.

100TH ST, n s, 137.6 ft w of 1st Av, 37.6x100.11; Mary H. Smith and others, executors, against Israel Feit and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Harrison, Elliott & Byrd.

118TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 40.9x100.10; Max J. Klein and others against Robert Garewich and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

132D ST, n s, 300 ft w of 4th Av, 20x99.11; David B. Ross against Mount Gilead Baptist Church and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Berlincke & Adams.

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($5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years)
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BETWEEN 14TH AND 23D STS., WEST SIDE, immediate vicinity of the new transatlantic dock improvements; splendid opportunity for builders; greatest future for industrial properties.
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4-story high-stoop brown-stone house in the 60's, between 5th and Madison Aves., 23x100, Price $95,000; worth $115,000.
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Four-story single flat, 31st St., near 3d Av.; $15,500. Duross Company, 156 Broadway.

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66.6x124, for sale; one of the most desirable corners downtown. Apply to WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 Broadway.

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UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS
$10,000.—Ten-room detached house, perfectly appointed; artistic home; convenient to Subway, trolley; 2,334 Andrews Av., near Fordham Road. Wellwood, premises.

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Corner 149th St., Southern Boulevard, choice parcel 12 lots, including corners, ripe for immediate improvement; very desirable terms to builder. Prospect Realty Co., Sole Agents, 878 Prospect Av.

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Corner, suitable for doctor, 9 rooms; also 7-room houses. Parquet floor, electric light, shower bath, hot-water heat. Will sacrifice! Owner, 3,165 Hull Av., near 205th, Bronx.

New one-family detached house, 3,212 Hull Av, 205th St., Bedford Park; eight rooms and bath, open plumbing, hardwood trim, hot-water heat, parquet floors, full lot, terraced; terms to suit. Owner, 3,214 Hull Av.

TWO-FAMILY BRICK DETACHED
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JOIN OUR CLUB
of interesting and refined people now being organized; lots on beautifully situated property overlooking the ocean and New York Bay; price of lots includes many advantages; $175 up; terms $10 cash, $5 monthly. Address Refined, 161 Times Downtown.

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$2,000 equity in new 2-family house at Woodlawn Heights for unimproved parcel anywhere. Geo. E. Fowler Co., 206 Broadway.

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JOHN R. CORBIN CO. HOUSES
SOUTH MIDWOOD
EAST MIDWOOD MIDWOOD MANOR
SLOCUM PARK.
LET US HELP YOU BUY A HOME,
With the money you are now paying for rent.
AN EXAMPLE.
Cost of house..... $9,700
1st mortgage .... 5,000 @ 5% $250.00
$4,700
Cash payment.... 1,940
Second Mortgage..$2,760 @ 6% 165.60
Yearly installments. (Payable Monthly) 323.33
Taxes, Water, and Insurance..... 125.00
Total Yearly Carrying Charges.$863.93
LESS THAN $72 A MONTH,
OF WHICH 45% IS YOURS,
And every succeeding Payment is LESS than the Former. With $1,000 cash, the monthly carrying charges on
A $5,900 House is Less than $50.
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Every House is built by the Famous Corbin STANDARDIZED CONSTRUCTION, of the BEST materials obtainable.
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From $5,900 by easy stages to $16,000.
Cash Payments from $1,000 up.
For booklet, etc., write or call on
J. M. Demarest, Sales Manager,
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Foster Av. & Brighton Beach R. R., Newkirk Av station.

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INVESTIGATE
the property offered for sale at
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37 minutes from New York. Acreage for mansions, plots for $10,000 houses, lots from $600 up.
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At Auction, Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.,
On Labor Day, Sept. 6th,
65 RESTRICTED LOTS
Adjoining the Siwanoy Country Club Golf Grounds. Terms very easy.
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Send for diagrams and full particulars.

Port Chester on Sound, 42 Minutes Out.
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Choice restricted plots, low in price; exceptional surroundings and views; sewers, gas, macadamized roads, sidewalks.
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SECURE YOUR HOME.
For $9,000 you can buy a new, modern house on Chester Hill, near the station; hardwood floors and trim, hot-water heat, large verandah. Very attractive.
Other houses from $7,500 up to $25,000.
TERMS RIGHT.
ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,
22 E. First St., Mount Vernon.

Bargain.—Eleven-room residence; two baths; hardwood trim; gas, electricity; furnace; laundry, pantry; all improvements; near station; price, $6,000; cash required, $1,000. Neason Jones, Argus Building, Mt. Vernon.

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ATTRACTIVE HOUSES for sale or rent at Mt. Vernon, old locations, all prices. COOLEY & WEST, Inc., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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To Let or For Sale—From Oct. 1, 1909, 6-room house; gas and electric light, hot and cold water in every room; three baths and standing shower; stable for horses or automobile; lot 175x225; $2,000 per annum; can be seen at any time. Apply George Sutton, Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

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$11,000.—Duplication impossible; 128 acres; 16-room brick house, 74 feet square barn, all outbuildings, crops, stock, machinery, implements; buildings, farm implements, all modern; selling cause sickness. Philip Reed, Red Hill, Pa.

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Fine houses, with acreage, VERY CHEAP; also largest acreage near Sparkill; two railroads, 50 minutes; a bargain. Bauer & Magee, Sparkill, N. Y.

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A VERY FINE CORNER APARTMENT FRONTING 38 FEET ON THE PARK, 43 FEET ON 107TH ST., FURNISHED OR PARTLY FURNISHED, FOR ONE YEAR, TO REFINED, RESPONSIBLE ADULTS. $120 MONTHLY.
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Six rooms, bath, elevator, apartment furnished. Apply Supt., "Marion," Broadway and 90th St.

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Send for Tickets Next Excursion.
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CHOICE LOTS FOR SALE.
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For Sale—Two lots at East Rockaway; very desirable; close to R. R. station; gas, electric light, water; boating, bathing, and fishing; easy payments. Profit Sharer, Box 225 Times, Times Square.

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Half-acre home sites; everything convenient; easy payments; booklet mailed. Lebkamp, Bible House, Manhattan.

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130 acres, $250 per acre. Less than one hour out on North Shore, L. I. ½ mile to station. Good, rich land, nearly all cleared.

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Finest building site left on L. I. Sound, 40 minutes out; less than 15 acres, with 1,000 feet water front. One-half price of adjoining water fronts.

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WRITE RESERVING TICKETS IF YOU WANT A FREE RIDE THROUGH THE MOST PICTURESQUE COUNTRY IN THE UNITED STATES. TRAIN LEAVES HOBOKEN 10:30 A. M. HELLO 1839 GRAMERCY.
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Chicken farm in Ridgefield Park, N. J.; block on main avenue and two streets; 7-room house, stable, large grape arbor, abundant fruit and vegetables; 8 minutes to two railroad depots. P. O. Box 262, Hudson Heights, N. J.

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A delightful country home, one-half acre, house 10 rooms, bath; steam heat, every modern improvement; large shade and fruit trees; convenient station; moderate price. Quackenbush, Ridgewood, N. J.

Low price for quick sale.—New modern 6-room and bath cottage, well located; combination lighting, cellar, range, veranda; 2 trolleys; small amount cash; balance easy. Quick, Box 285 Times.

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Modern house, ten rooms, 3 acres lawn, shade, and fruit; steam heat; 10 mins. station; reasonable. Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J.

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Farm bargains everywhere; all kinds; owners' descriptive list mailed free. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Investment properties in Hudson County. Theo. Mendles, 121 Summit Av., West Hoboken.

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507-17 W. 113 St.
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Beautifully situated, close to transit. Subway, surface and elevated.

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Between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue.
Opposite Columbia College Campus. Private House Block.

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Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Very choice Location. Unsurpassed view of Hudson River.

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510 to 560 West 144th St.,

Between Amsterdam Ave. and Broadway.
One block from 145th St. Subway Station.

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Rents $360 to $930.

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Convenient to Subway Express station and surface car lines.

Finest Elevator Apartment House on Washington Heights, built and finished similar to the well-known Hendrik Hudson Apartments.

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Dining Rooms, 16x11 ft.	
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Large wall closets, some 8x3 ft.	
Superior system of ventilation.	

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Elevator Apt. House.
ONLY REAL SELECT PRIVATE HOUSE SECTION IN HARLEM.

8 rooms and 2 baths (cor.)	$1,350
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6 rooms and bath	850

All rooms large, light, handsomely finished and decorated; every known modern improvement; all night elevator and 'phone service.

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GOODSTEIN & PALMER,
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Room 1,210. Telephone, 2675—Cortlandt.

REED HOUSE,

BROADWAY AND 121ST ST.
5, 6, AND 7 ROOMS,
$540 TO $1,100.

This property is held by an individual owner as a permanent investment, and is most carefully managed.
Apply on premises.
GIBBS & KIREY, Agts., B'way and 103d St.

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3,089 BROADWAY, near 122d St.
ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
Suites of 4, 5 and 6 Rooms
Telephones, electric lights, parquet flooring, all modern conveniences.
Rentals, $480 to $720.

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Near Subway Station,
161st Street and Broadway.
Newly completed high-class elevator APARTMENTS.
4, 5, 6, and 7 Rooms.

Victor Hall

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New eight story Fireproof Apartment, between Broadway and Riverside Drive; couple minutes' walk to subway station.
6 & 7 ROOMS, $840-$1,400
Competent day and night service.

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824 St. Nicholas Ave., (corner 151st St.), elevator apartments, elegantly decorated, 5, 6 and 9 rooms; exceptionally light; rents low; day and night service. Pocher, 126 West 34th St.

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355 West 119th St.
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Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

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At the Crossing of
MADISON AVE. & 64TH ST.

THE VERONA contains twenty magnificent apartments, each an absolutely detached residence from its neighbors.

It offers to families of refinement all the advantages and conveniences that go to make a complete home.

The many exclusive innovations in the residences of THE VERONA afford incalculable assistance to the duties of housekeeping.

Apartments Containing Fourteen Rooms and Three Baths, $8,000 to $9,500.

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Corner 91st St.
Large, Light Rooms, Parquet Floors, A 1 Improvements.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
6 and 7 Rooms & Bath, Rents $1,000-$1,200.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents.
No. 309 Madison Av., at 42d St.
Phone 1000 Murray Hill.

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6-12 EAST 58TH ST.,
Close to Central Park Plaza.
Handsome, large, light apartments of eight rooms and bath; all modern improvements; elevator service all night; rents moderate; possession Oct. 1. Cruikshank Co., 141 B'way.

ST IVES—153E.72dST.

ONE APARTMENT AT $1,000.
Seven Extra Large Rooms and Bath.
SUNLIGHT IN EVERY ROOM.
Electric Elevator and all improvements.

91st St., 151 East, near Lexington Av.—Parlor floor and basement; newly renovated; three-story high-stoop brownstone; formerly occupied by physician; $55; also second floor, six rooms and bath, $35. Inquire Herrlich, 153 East 91st.

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Between 66th and 67th Streets
Just Finished.
Absolutely Fire-proof
EXCLUSIVE HIGH CLASS
APARTMENTS

One on each floor
Never occupied
Will decorate to suit
Immediate Possession
Meals served in own dining room with complete
SERVICE IF DESIRED
Reception room on first floor.

THE HANOVER

Park Ave. and 83d St.

Splendid Suites of 9 Rooms and 2 Baths

containing every luxury known to the best architects and builders.
PHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.
Elevator and hall boy service day and night.
Rents, $1,500 to $2,400.
Superintendent on premises.

BACHELOR

691 & 695 Madison Av. N. E. Cor. 62d Street.
Furnished or Unfurnished; Two Rooms and Bath.
All modern improvements; breakfast served; valet in attendance.
$40 TO $75 PER MONTH.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
MOORE & WYCKOFF
Tel. 1263 Bryant. 546 5th Ave., Cor. 45 St.

APARTMENTS

THE MANNADOS

N. W. Cor. Madison Ave. & 97th St.
High class elevator apartments. Every modern convenience; all-night elevator and telephone service. Select location, near entrance to Central Park. 7 and 8 extra large light rooms; 2 baths. Rents, $900 to $1,300.
Superintendent on Premises.

Bronx.

The A-RE-CO. Apts.

American Real Estate Co., Owner,
are in the very best part of all New York City in which to live and have these extraordinary advantages:
Private Park and Tennis Courts free.
Playgrounds and Swings for the children.
Bathing at Clason Point, only 15m. away.
Cool and Quiet Nights for rest and sleep.
10 minutes from 125th St. shops.
10 minutes from 125th St. theatres.
30 min. from downtown shopping district.
30 min. from downtown theatre district.
35 min. from downtown office district.
4, 5 and 6 large light rooms and bath; all the up-to-date conveniences, electric lights, artistic decorations, hot water at ALL times, double floors, inviting halls, courteous janitor service, and
RENTS ONLY $21 to $33.
Now is the time to choose, too, in the handsome ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—4 to 7 rooms, $30 to $50.
SUMMER CONCESSIONS NOW:
Apply to Rental Office, 1028 Westchester Ave. (around the corner from Simpson St. Subway Station).

3, 5, 6 & 7 ROOMS & BATH, $21 to $40.

No matter what WE say YOU are the one to be convinced. Don't rent before seeing them. All modern improvements? Yes, and much more besides—wall safes, Hill clothes dryers, large rooms, large windows, many closets, PRIVATE PARK FOR CHILDREN TO PLAY IN, SAFE FROM STREET DANGERS.
819 TO 875 HUNTS POINT AV.
AND
921 TO 937 TIFFANY ST.
The Simpson St. Express Station of the Lenox Ave. Subway is one block from 163d Street. All of our houses are at 163d St. The Westchester Ave. trolley and Southern Boulevard trolley crosses 163d St; walk east, or west on 163d St. and you cannot miss them.
ASK ANYBODY; EVERYBODY KNOWS THE
HENRY MORGENTHAU CO. HOUSES
960 East 163d St. Tel. 2160 Melrose.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

Woodycrest Av., 1,094, adjoining 160th St. Jerome Av. section; handsomely decorated 5-room apartments; electric lights, telephone; must be rented; special inducements.

Woodlawn Heights.—6 rooms & bath, $25; 7 rooms & bath, $27. Leo Cohn, 271 W. 125th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. West Side.

Open for Inspection

THE BELNORD

Occupying the Entire Block
Broadway, Amsterdam Av., 86th to 87th St.
The largest and most complete apartment house in the world.
ABSOLUTELY FIRE AND SOUND PROOF.
Will be ready for occupancy September 15
Convenient to all lines of travel. Subway station at 86th St.

The Belnord contains housekeeping suites of all sizes from 7 rooms up, with 2, 3, and 4 bath rooms, each suite having every known convenience, representing the most perfect example of modern apartment house construction. Abundant closet and storage room. Mantels and wall decorations imported for the exclusive use of THE BELNORD. Standard Plunger elevators, assuring absolute safety.

A special feature is the garden court, containing over 22,000 square feet of open space, in width greater than the average city street, insuring to all rooms facing upon it privacy, quiet and sunlight.

EVERY ROOM AN OUTSIDE ROOM.

Electric light and artificial refrigeration supplied without charge to the apartments direct from THE BELNORD'S own plant.
Rentals $2,100 and upward.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET MAILED ON APPLICATION TO REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES, or to
W. H. Dolson & Co., Agents.
TEMPORARY RENTING OFFICE, 527 Columbus Av., between 85th and 86th Sts.

43 FIFTH AVENUE,

AT ELEVENTH STREET
RESIDENCE APARTMENTS,
10 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
New Ownership.

The apartments in this building are of the highest order, the location is one of the most desirable in town and leases are now being made for fall occupancy on very moderate rentals.

Term Leases at $3,000 to $4,500
Agent on Premises

IVY COURTS,

210-220-230 West 107th St.
NEAR BROADWAY.
A few very desirable 5, 6, 7 and 12 room (3 baths) apartments to lease. Elevator, hall and telephone service. All large outside rooms.
RENTS $600 TO $1,800.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

NEAR **PLAZA** NEAR

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.
30 & 32 W. 59th St.
ELEGANT APARTMENTS, MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
Lorimer, 8 rooms and bath; low rents; also furnished. Janitor, or Room 508, 1 Union Square; Tel. 1848—Stuyvesant.

12 WEST 83D ST.,
Overlooking the Park; "L" station street; marble halls, hall boys, steam, hot water, gas ranges; rents $540 and $600. Janitor or R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

Bronx.

Claremont Heights Apartments

Clay Av., between 168th and 169th Streets.
HEALTHIEST LOCATION IN BRONX.
4, 5, and 6 exceptionally large, light rooms, running through from front to rear;
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS;
electric light, steam heat, hot water supply; must be seen to be appreciated.
Rents From $22 to $31
4 blocks West 169th Street L Station. Convenient to Morrisania station of New York Central, Harlem Division, 168th St. & Park Av.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

5 and 6 All Light Rooms,
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" station.
RENTS $25 UP.
Janitor or Agent on premises.

Brooklyn.

GEORGEAN COURT,

GATES AND FRANKLIN AVS., BROOKLYN
HANDSOMEST ELEVATOR APARTMENT IN BROOKLYN; SERVICE NIGHT AND DAY; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; SUITES OF 8 AND 9 ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; RENTS $960 TO $1,080 PER ANNUM; CAN BE LEASED FROM SEPT. 1 OR OCT. 1. APPLY TO SUPT. TEL. 2900 BED.

FINEST STEAM-HEATED APARTMENTS in Flatbush, RENT FREE to Oct. First; possession at once under lease for year from October 1st, 1909; prices $38, $40, $45, $50, and $47.50 per month; gas and electric lighting and hot water supply.

STAR & CRESCENT REALTY COMPANY,	816-820 Flatbush Av.

Park Slope Apartments,

511 Sixth St., between 7th and 8th Avs., Brooklyn; 6 large, light rooms; steam heat, hot water, bath, separate toilet, telephone service; rent $34-$36. Attendant on premises.

329 WEST 83D ST.,
Overlooking Riverside Drive; 8 rooms, bath, servants' toilet, electric lights, elevator, rear staircase; rent $85. Janitor or R. T. Mackay, 6 Wall St.

89th, 74 WEST.—7 rooms, newly decorated; moderate rent; convenient.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1909.
Borough of The Bronx.
For furnishing and delivering one thousand linear feet one-pipe iron fence and one thousand linear feet two-pipe iron fence (Botanical Garden) for parks, Borough of The Bronx.
For full particulars see City Record.
HENRY SMITH, President;
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PARKS, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1909.
Borough of The Bronx.
For furnishing and delivering vitrified stoneware drain pipe (No. 1, 1909,) for Parks, Borough of The Bronx.
For full particulars see City Record.
HENRY SMITH, President;
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.
Sealed estimates for laying iron slag block pavement, granite block pavement, and granite cross-walks (Contract 1186) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon September 2, 1909. (For particulars see City Record.)

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, County of New York.—LEWIS W. SANBORN, Plaintiff, against ABRAHAM KIPP, (unmarried,) Nathan Burkan, Victor Herbert, Max Davis, Louis Ternovitz, Annie Peyser, Sam Silverman, Sam Libowitz, (also spelled Leibowitz,) Moses Kantor, David Smith, Abraham Levin, Samuel Golinsky, Abraham Blumberg, and Samuel Blumberg, composing the firm of Blumberg & Blumberg; Harry Rosenberg, Louis Cohen, and Abraham Freiman, composing the firm of Cohen & Freiman; Morris Goldstein, Walter B. Walker, as Receiver, Michiel Wischlinsky, Defendants.—Summons.—Trial Desired in New York County.
To the above-named defendants and each of you:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorneys, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated, New York, February 4, 1909.
WILDER, EWEN & PATTERSON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and Post Office Address, 45 Cedar St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To ANNIE PEYSER:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Henry Bischoff, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 20th day of July, 1909, and on that day filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, the original complaint having been filed in said office, on February 4th, 1909.
Dated, New York, July 20th, 1909.
Yours, &c.,
WILDER, EWEN & PATTERSON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office Address, 45 Cedar St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—AUSTIN A. HOLBECK, plaintiff, against ELBERT A. HARVEY, defendant.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint. Trial to be held in the County of New York.
Dated this 18th day of July, 1909.
WILLIAM D. BRUSH,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To the defendant, Elbert A. Harvey:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Honorable John J. Brady, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated August 7th, 1909, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 9th day of August, 1909.
Dated this 9th day of August, 1909.
WILLIAM D. BRUSH,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

The Most Magnificent River Fleet in the World.
ESTABLISHED 1835.
THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE.

PEOPLES LINE
NEW YORK AND ALBANY
Steamers C. W. Morse and Adirondack leave N. Y. daily, Pier 32, No. River, foot of Canal St., at 6 P. M.; West 129th St., at 6:30 P. M.

CITIZENS LINE
NEW YORK AND TROY
New Steamers Trojan and Rensselaer leave N. Y., Pier 46, No. River, foot of West 10th St., daily, at 6 P. M., and Yonkers 7 P. M.

Splendid accommodations. Connecting with trains for points North, East, and West—Tickets and rooms secured at piers and principal ticket offices in Greater New York—Horses, carriages, and automobiles carried at reasonable rates—Express Freight Service. Quick Delivery.
This Company operates only modern and safe steamers.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT.

Palatial Steamers "HENDRICK HUDSON," "ROBERT FULTON," "ALBANY," and "MARY POWELL," of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the world.

Lve. Read Down.				Arr. Read Up.	
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
8:00	.....	†	B'klyn Annex	6:20	.....
8:40	9:40	1:45	Desbrosses St.	11:45	6:00
9:00	10:00	2:00	West 42d St.	11:20	5:30
9:20	10:20	2:20	West 129th St.	11:00	5:10
9:45	10:50	.....	Yonkers	.....	4:30
.....	.....	4:50	Highl'd Falls	8:40	2:50
11:50	1:00	5:00	West Point	8:35	2:50
.....	*1:25	5:25	Cornwall	8:15	*5:20
12:25	1:45	5:45	Newburgh	8:00	2:15
.....	.....	6:15	New Hamb'g	7:30	.....
.....	.....	6:30	Milton	7:15	.....
1:15	2:35	6:45	Po'keepsie	7:00	1:20
2:10	.....	.....	Kingston Pt.	.....	12:25
.....	.....	7:45	Kingston	6:00	.....
3:25	.....	.....	Catskill	.....	11:00
3:40	.....	.....	Hudson	.....	10:40
6:10	.....	.....	Albany	.....	8:30
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		A.M.	A.M. P.M.

*Connecting at Cornwall with O. & W. Ry. Special trains to Catskill Mt. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted. Most delightful one-half and one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on any down Day boat. Meals served at all hours. Music.

STR. MARY POWELL See columns above.†
Perfect Afternoon Outing. Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., connecting at West Point with
STR. ALBANY, due West 42d St., 8:40 P. M. Orchestra on each steamer

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 14, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

PROVIDENCE LINE Via Providence. Leave Pier 18, N. R., ft. Murray St., week days only 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PURITAN. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW BEDFORD LINE.
For New Bedford, Woods Holl, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion, and Cape Cod points. Leave Pier 40, North River, foot of Clarkson Street, week days only at 6:00 P. M. Steamers MAINE and PLYMOUTH.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North. Leave Pier 28, E. R., week days 3:45 P. M.; Sundays 9:30 A. M. Foot East 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M.; Sundays 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE. Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., Str. NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M. Str. BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M. Saturdays 2:00 P. M. Foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M., Saturdays 2:30 P. M. Sundays 5:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 371 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

Central Hudson Line

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, & Kingston.
From Pier 24 N. R., foot Franklin St., week-days (except Saturday) 4 P. M.
Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.
For WEST POINT, NEWBURGH, and intermediate landings, weekdays (except Saturday,) 5 P. M.
Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.
SUNDAYS 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

TO BOSTON Metropolitan Line. Direct All-the-Way-by-Water Route. Luxurious Express Turbine Steel Steamships
YALE & HARVARD
Leave Pier 45, N. R., near foot Christopher St., Week Days and Sundays, 5 P. M., due Boston, 8 A. M. next day. Same schedule returning. Staterooms, etc., at Pier and Principal Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices. Through tickets to all points.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tues. & Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sats., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Montauk" Mon., Wed. & Fri. for Sag Harbor and intermediate landings, 5:30 P.M. Runs through to Block Island on Fri.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT "MANHATTAN LINE"

$1.00 BETWEEN
NEW YORK and ALBANY
STEAMERS
FRANK JONES and SARATOGA
Daily, Sundays included. Leave New York, Pier 54, N. River, Near Ft. of W. 14th St., at 5:30 P. M.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO **BOSTON** VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P.M., from Pier 19, East River.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE.
For Catskill Mountains, all points, Hudson, Coxsackie. Leave, week days, ft. Christopher Street, 6 P. M.; ft. W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Also Sat "Special," 1 P. M., ft. Christopher Street; 1:20 P. M., ft. W. 129th St.
Summer resort directory free. Address Pier 43, N. R.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad
ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS.
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Liby St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Parlor,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
Through daily trains to the West.		
CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 225 5th Av., New York; 55 Av. B, 77 Ridge St., 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 23d St. and Liberty St.
After 6 P. M. Sleeping Car reservation and full information regarding trains, &c., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. 23d St. Terminal. 'Phone 6850 Chelsea.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review

Latest word about important things that have come out in Wall Street during the week. You have not obtained all the information that counts if you have not read the special articles in every Monday morning's issue.

One dollar a year by mail.

Times Square, New York.

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From New Pier 19, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

All Modern Safety Devices, (Wireless, &c.)
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.
S. S. Amerika, 23,000 Tons
Leaving N. Y. Aug. 28, 2 P. M.
Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a La Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.

Bluecher	Aug. 25, 2 PM	†Pres. Grant	Sept. 8
†Amerika	Aug. 28, 2 PM	†K'sr'nA. V.	Sept. 11
§Waldersee	Sept. 1, 11 AM	§Penns'la	Sept. 15
*Cleveland	Sept. 4, 9 AM	Deutsc'l'd	Sept. 18

†Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant. *New. §Hamburg direct.

ITALY via Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa. *Calls Azores.

S. S. MOLTKE.	*Sept. 9, 1 P. M.; Oct. 21
S. S. HAMBURG,	Sept. 30, 10 A. M.; Nov. 18

ORIENT, SOUTH AMERICA, WEST INDIES, } Cruises Next Winter
TRAVELERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATE $65
for a 10 days' ocean trip to
Jamaica and return
by splendid steamers of the
ATLAS SERVICE
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
Sailing weekly from N. Y.
21-25 day cruises (Caribbean & Spanish Main) **$85-$95**
Hamburg-American Line
41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

St. Louis	Aug. 28	St. Paul	Sept. 11
Philadelphia	Sept. 4	New York	Sept. 18

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39 N. R.

Min't'ka	Aug. 28, 7:30 AM	Min'haha	Sept. 11
Minnewaska	Sept. 4, 9 AM	Min'apolis	Sept. 18

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 11 A. M.
New York—Dover—Antwerp

Zeeland	Aug. 28	Lapland (new)	Sept. 11
Krooland	Sept. 4	Vaderland	Sept. 18

White Star Line From Pier 48, N. R.
Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool

Celtic	Aug. 28, 3 PM	Baltic	Sept. 11, 9 AM
Cedric	Sept. 4, 10 AM	Arabic	Sept. 18, noon

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Majestic	Aug. 25, 9:30 AM	Teutonic	Sept. 8, 9:30 AM
Oceanic	Sept. 1, 9:30 AM	Adr'tic	Sept. 15, 9:30 AM

NEW YORK & BOSTON TO **ITALY & EGYPT**
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.

Romanic	Sept. 15,	Oct. 23,	Dec. 1, Jan. 13
Cretic	Sept. 23,	Nov. 6,	Dec. 8, Jan. 29
Canopic	Oct. 2,	Nov. 13,	Dec. 18, Feb. 12

*CEDRIC, (21,035 tons) Nov. 25, Jan. 5, Feb. 16
*CELTIC, (20,904 tons) ..... Feb. 2, Mar. 16
*Largest steamers to the Mediterranean.
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CUNARD LINES

From Piers 51-52-56 North River 10 A. M.
QUEENSTOWN—FISHGUARD—LIVERPOOL
LONDON—PARIS

Mauretania	Aug. 25	Lusitania	Sept. 8
Caronia	Aug. 28	Carmania	Sept. 11
Campania	Sept. 1	Mauretania	Sept. 15

Mauretania, Lusitania } Largest and Fastest Steamships afloat—sail WEDNESDAYS
Caronia, Carmania } These Luxurious steamships now on the Liverpool service Will Sail to FIUME—The CARMANIA NOV. 6 & the CARONIA NOV. 27, stopping at MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, & NAPLES, and will cruise to EGYPT Jan. 8, 22, Feb. 19, Mch. 5.

HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, TRIESTE.

*Carpathia	Sept. 2, noon;	Oct. 21	Carmania Nov. 6
Pannonia	Oct. 7, noon	Caronia	Nov. 27

*Also calls at Genoa.
Travelers' Checks issued—Good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., 21-24 State St., Opposite the Battery.

North German Lloyd

Large, Fast and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

K. Wilhelm II.	Aug. 31	Cecilie	Sept. 14
Kronprinz Wm.	Sept. 7	K. Wm. d. Gr.	Sept. 21

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Twin-screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

Fried. D Grosse	Aug. 26	Washington	Sept. 9
Kurfuerst	Sept. 2	Bremen	Sept. 16

George Washington—Sails Sept. 9—27,000 tons
Newest and Largest German Ship afloat.
Every innovation known to the shipbuilder's art.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

P. Irene	Aug. 28	Berlin (new)	Sept. 25
K. Albert	Sept. 11	P. Irene	Oct. 9

Independent Around the World Tours.
Travelers' Checks good all over the world.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CLARK'S CRUISES OF THE "CLEVELAND"

(Hamburg-American Line)
18,000 tons, brand new, superbly fitted.
ROUND THE WORLD
From New York October 16, 1909; from San Francisco Feb. 5, 1910, nearly four months, costing only $650 AND UP, including all expenses afloat and ashore.
SPECIAL FEATURES:—Madeira, Egypt, India, Ceylon, Burma, Java, Borneo, Philippines, Japan. An unusual chance to visit unusually attractive places.
12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 5, '10; by North German Lloyd S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst," 73 days, including 24 days Egypt and Palestine, $400 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, TIMES BLDG., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY

California	Aug. 28, 3 PM	Furnessia	Sept. 11, noon
Columbia	Sept. 4, 11 AM	Caledonia	Sept. 18, 10AM

FIRST CABIN, $67.50 TO $125.
SECOND CABIN, $42.50 TO $50.
THIRD CLASS, $27.50 AND $28.75.
Apply for New Illustrated Book of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

RUSSIAN-AMERICAN LINE.

8½ days to Rotterdam.
$67.50—FIRST CLASS—$37.50
The new twin-screw
SS. RUSSIA,
Leaving New York, Sept. 4, at 2 P. M.
All first-class cabins are outside rooms. This steamer embodies all the latest improvements in ship building. Wireless telegraphy, &c., &c.
For further information apply to
A. E. JOHNSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.,
27 Broadway, New York.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM VIA BOULOGNE

Potsdam	Aug. 31, 9 AM	Rot'd'm. (n.)	Sep. 14
Noordam	Sept. 7, 9 AM	Ryndam	Sept. 21

Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

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BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LOUIS SPIRO.—Louis Spiro, giving his occupation as clerk, at 250 East Fourteenth street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities consisting of unsecured claims of $1,631 and assets of $141.

SOUTH AMERICAN PANAMA HAT COMPANY.—Judge Holt has appointed Albert Stickney receiver for the South American Panama Hat Company of 15 West Seventeenth Street, fixing his bond at $2,500.

GEORGE S. O'NEIL.—George S. O'Neil, formerly a saloon keeper and undertaker, at 2,12 Amsterdam Avenue, but now residing at 145 West Eleventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,390 and nominal assets.

CHRIST HOLST.—Christ Holst, also known as Christian Holst and Christopher Holst, a mason contractor of 608 East Eighty-fourth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy as a poor person, with liabilities consisting of unsecured claims of $18,598, and assets of $100.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Seth B. Robinson has been appointed receiver of the assets and effects of the New York School of Arts, a New York corporation, by Justice Amend of the Supreme Court, in proceedings brought by Thomas Dimond, a judgment creditor, for $773. The New York School of Arts was incorporated in 1905, with a capital stock of $45,000.

FRANK BROTHERS.—A creditor's petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Frank Brothers, a corporation, at 8 to 14 West 125th Street, 107th Street and Third Avenue, and Seventy-second Street and Third Avenue, by Gus Livine & Co., Incorporated, $202; Berg Brothers, upward of $500, and Harris & Rosenberg, $51. Preferential payment is alleged. Leonard Bronner of 309 Broadway, attorney for Frank Brothers, claims that the company's liabilities are about $100,000, and its assets about $50,000. A meeting of creditors will be called within a few days.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Brady, Arthur—C. D. Folsom et al., $807.
Bedini, Jean—J. E. Shea, $360.
Bolton, Michael J.—W. F. Holloway et al., $1,466.
Cox, Patrick—O'Rourke Engineering and Construction Co., costs, $124.
Combes, Elizabeth A.—E. D. Murphy et al., $153.
Friedman, Mano—C. Teven, $155.
Fredericks, Albert—P. Lowenthal et al., $146.
Freedman, Frits—S. Hirschberg, $176.
Glassman, Morris—R. Saprinsky, $397.
Gaglione, Luigi—S. L. Bruck et al., $171.
Ganz, Isidore—P. Reinberg, $3,621.
Hyatt, Mary C.—L. G. Gridley, $151.
Herzig, Carrie, and Charles Joseph—I. R. Theise, $531.
Hearns, John T.—H. E. Walter & Co., Inc., $279.
Held, Charles—H. L. Ketchman, $156.
Hoffman, Henry—A. Stannek, $223.
Kosovsky, Joe—Bronx Borough Bank, $1,481.
Kierns, Samuel F.—P. Kierns, ex'r, $1,537.
Klotz, Mary—C. F. Fiaacke, $105.
Lakeview Amusement Co.—L. W. Harburger, $265.
Lundin, Maurice—A. E. G. Wingard, $135.
Mahor, James S.—C. T. Willard Co., Inc., $251.
Muller, Edward C.—M. Goldsmith et al., $178.
Manning, James C.—M. Felleman Distillery Co., $079.
Mandelbaum, Joseph H. — Central Syndicate Building Co., $205.
McCormack, Charles W.—J. Stahl, Jr., $822.
Nee, William—J. Fishman, $248.
New York School of Art and Douglas J. Conlan—G. A. Duff et al., executors, $676.
Neumann, Michael—A. Lewis et al., $449.
Peterson, Charles—William J. Fee Coal Co., $190.
Paddelford, Jesse F.—M. Greenfield, $220.
Quinn, George B.—A. W. Gray, $226.
Rogers, Lillian C.—J. Butler et al., executors, $868.
Rinando, Giuseppe—C. Pollacek, $317.
Reilly, Charles—Pennsylvania Steel Co., costs, $103.
Renault Freres Selling Branch, Inc.—A. Brudde, administratrix, $7,825.
Rush, Harry F.—R. McMann Co., $160.
Silk Textile Waterproofing Co.—New York Tel. Co., $109.
Smith, Charles R.—M. P. Dyett, executor, $168.
Same—M. P. Dyett, $282.
Webster, Hugh B.—T. G. Roebuck & Co., $119.
Zuconick, Mary—H. Kram, $101.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second is that of the creditor, and the date is that when judgment was filed.

Brown, Caroline—P. Valas, April 27, 1909, $193.
Empire Paper Tube and Box Co.—S. Ryan, by guardian, Jan. 11, 1909, $2,179.
Gallo, Joseph, and Frank Pittelli—Peter Gillings Co., June 25, 1909, $947.
King, Stephen T.—F. T. Hegeman et al., April 11, 1905, $519.
New York Fireproof Tenement Association—J. Halversin, Sept. 28, 1906, $329.
Nikolas, Frederick—H. Flegenheimer, Oct. 28, 1902, $185.
Norinoyle, Michael—J. A. Bauer, June 1, 1900, $111.
S. and N. Construction Co.—F. J. Dahlmeyer, Jan. 27, 1900, $183.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Motion calendar. 1—Haarmann-Van Dyk. 2—Sirocco Eng Co-Sturtevant. 3—Jackson-Hooper. 4—McConnell-Jones. 5—Victor Co-Goldberg. 6—Hudson-N Y & Albany Transp Co. 7—Penn Steel Co-N Y City Ry. 8—Bowker-Haight & Freese Co. 9-9½—Hartridge-Thaw. 10—Marrone-U S. 11—Wolf-Guardian F I Co. 12—Simpson-Treat. 13—Frank-Bernard. 14—Platt & Co-Nat Harrow Co. 15—Madden-Star Co. 16—Victor Co-Kopelman. 17—Same-Kretschmer. 18—Am Graph Co-Leeds & Catlin. 19—Costalda-Snare. 20—L I R R-Frank. 21—Mich Cent R R-same. 22—D L & W R R-same. 23—Masten-Mathews. 24—In re Wondrascheck. 25—Boylston-Holthusen. 26—Hilliard-Fisher. 27—Bowker-Haight & Freese. 28—U S for Bartlett-U S Fid & Guar Co. 29—Peters-Hoggson. 30—Robinson-Mutual Reserve. 31—Dolma-Press Pub Co. 32—Smith & H Co-Underhill. 33—Guarantee Trust Co-Second Av.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Hermandez-Smith. 2—In re Rubin-Blankfort Co. 3—Thomas-Hill. 4—Blake-Bush. 5—Felcin-N Y Hospital. 6—In re Waterhouse. 7—Brady-Carey. 8—In re Marshall. 9—Beer-Olthous. 10—Hedden & Sons Co-City of N Y. 11—Tilden-N Y Realty Owners. 12—In re Dreyfuss. 13—In re Marshall. 14, 15—Perrin-Whipple. 16—Bloch-Lopez. 17—Raab-Raab. 18—Havemeyer-City of N Y. 19—Levy-Rosenthal. 20—Kennelley-Kennelley. 21—State Bank-Milchinsky. 22—City of N Y-Luther. 23—Pecora-La Mura. 24—Wells-Dunbar. 25—Shonwizner-Fleck. 26—Horn-Hudson Grand View Realty Co. 27—Beers-Marks. 28—Young-Young. 29—Buckley-Wander. 30—Hayes-Tarman. 31—Jurist-Jurist. 32—Dobberton-Continental Asphalt Co. 33—Van Fleet-Van Fleet. 34—Salter-Salter. 35—Brown-Brown. 36—Randall-Randall. 37—Levine-Wolkenberg. 38—In re Israel. 39—In re Ragley. 40—Rachter-Fattell. 41—Warren-Clergue. 42—Rathers-Miller. 43—Bullman-Bullman. 44—Henisberg-Joseph. 45—Am Audit Co-Am, &c, Lamp Co. 46—Breitenbach-Shay. 47—Rothman-Hess. 48—Merz-Merz. 49—Tond-Santangelo. 50—Schimanski-Schimanski. 51—Borman-Official Auto Blue Book Co. 52—Groman-Maxwell-Briscoe. 53—Hibbe-Schmitt. 54—Remert-Beck. 55—Stephen-Washington Hgits Pub Co. 56—Schinderman-Thier. 57—Greenberg-Polotzk. 58—Knick Trust Co-O'Brien. 59—Greenberg-Polotzk.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend. J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: John Quinn, Catering Broncaio, Emma M. Brandt, Mary Brown, Edward S. Bamberger, Karl Lederman.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Sullivan vs. Sullivan—L. Howard Cohen.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Parr vs. Edgar—Henry A. Friedman.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Zinsser vs. Yasting Land Improvement Co.—Joseph A. Warren. Low vs. Goldberg—Robert F. Wagener.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Agnes A. Cording vs. Wolf Mellis—Edward V. Nicholson. Annie Draper vs. Annie Friedman—Charles A. Fuller. Barbara Schmidt vs. Knepper Realty Co.—William Burns.

AUCTION SALES.

$30,000 STOCK OF HIGH-GRADE VERY LATEST IMPORTED

Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings,

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This is no doubt an exceptionally fine offering. You cannot afford to miss this sale. My sales are always without reserve.

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Mortgage Sale.—Josua Weinstock, auctioneer, sells this 25th day of August, 1909, at 10 o'clock A. M., at 468 Adelphi St., Borough of Brooklyn, saloon fixtures. By order of mortgagee.

FORECLOSURE MORTGAGE SALE.—S. J. Davidson, auctioneer, sells to-day, Aug. 25, at 10 A. M., saloon fixtures and hotel furniture at 140 Lexington Av., N. Y. By order of mortgagee.

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Are You a Taxpayer?
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17 Inch Cross Bar Corset Edges, 18½c Yard.
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Special Jobs in Embroidery to close out at less than cost.

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ART-STITCH The only rival of real hand-made laces.

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Arrival of Buyers

Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

White, R. H. Company, Boston, Mass.; E. S. Malvern, gloves; G. W. Landon, laces and trimmings; M. McBride, cloaks and suits; Miss McLoughlin, waists; 41 Union Square.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburg, Penn.; Mr. Smith, waists; 648 Broadway.

Parisseon, T., Manchester, N. H.; cloaks and furs; Prince George Hotel.

Roth, G. J., & Co., Boonville, Ind.; G. J. Roth, dry goods; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Latham.

Fraser Dry Goods Company, Brockton, Mass.; Miss M. L. Morley, millinery; Park Avenue Hotel.

Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; C. A. Lamey, clothing; Park Avenue Hotel.

Gamble-Desmond Company, New Haven, Conn.; Miss F. G. O'Neill, millinery; 65 Bleecker Street; St. Denis Hotel.

Kilpatrick, T., Company, Omaha, Neb.; W. H. Koenig, notions, and laces; 258 Church Street; Hotel Seville.

Elliott, Taylor, Woolfenden Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. F. O. Mason, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.

Herzfeld-Phillipson Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; I. Peres, furnishing goods; M. Hillman, dress goods and silks; A. L. Poss, cloaks and suits; R. Phillipson, dry goods; 31 Union Square.

Bon Marche, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. W. B. Kennedy, muslin underwear and infants' wear; Hotel Wolcott.

Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; F. W. Ives, jewelry; 43 Leonard Street.

Nathan, M., & Brother, Johnstown, Penn.; H. Becker, domestics; 320 Church Street.

Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; G. Van Keuren, dress goods and silks; Hotel Grand.

Shopbell Dry Goods Company, Williamsport, Penn.; C. F. Clawson, dress goods and silks; Hotel Grand.

McCurdy & Norwell Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss McCurdy, millinery; 821 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.

Heironimus, H. S., & Co., Roanoke, Va.; H. D. Gray, notions and hosiery; 100 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Grand.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; J. F. Rehrer, corsets and embroideries; 2 Walker Street.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. P. Berkett, prints; 2 Walker Street.

Keith-O'Brien Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; Miss L. M. Fowler, art goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Seville.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; F. Ludlow, linings; 57 White Street.

Krauss Company, New Orleans, La.; L. Krauss, notions and laces; 43 Leonard Street.

Hudson, J. L., Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. W. Mayhew, notions; 113 Bleecker Street.

Rike-Kumler Company, Dayton, Ohio; Mrs. F. O. Kell, dry goods; 31 Union Square.

Prenzlauer Brothers Company, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.; W. R. Cowan, general merchandise; 31 Union Square.

Pelletier Company, Sioux City, Iowa; F. L. Clark, upholstery goods; 31 Union Square.

Rosenbaum Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss Broworsky, fancy goods; Miss Osborn, fancy goods; Miss E. D. Look, art needlework; 31 Union Square.

MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; C. E. Hunt, upholstery goods; 57 White Street.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; J. Gray, dress goods and silks; 57 White Street.

Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; J. N. Ross, dry goods; 214 Church Street.

Spring Dry Goods Company, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Miss McCurdy, cloaks, suits, and waists; Miss L. Stokes, ribbons, gloves, and leather goods; 214 Church Street.

Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; F. Blauvelt, furnishing goods, hosiery, and underwear; 75 Spring Street.

Carson, Pirie, Scott, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Babcock, infants' wear; 115 Worth Street.

Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. A. Silvernail, boys' clothing; 2 Walker Street.

Houston, J. A., Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Clancy, general merchandise; 458 Broadway.

Kline Brothers, Altoona, Penn.; H. Bosserman, millinery; P. Bendler, millinery; 214 Church Street.

White, J. B., Company, Augusta, Ga.; Mrs. Poston, millinery; 214 Church Street.

Montgomery Fair, Montgomery, Ala.; H. Malone, furnishing goods; J. W. Ryan, notions and jewelry; 214 Church Street.

Smith, Murray & Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; T. Larkin, wash goods; 57 White Street.

Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. T. Watt, hosiery and underwear; 57 White Street.

Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; J. Gray, carpets and rugs; W. H. Mann, domestics; J. Gray, cloaks, suits, and infants' wear; 57 White Street.

MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. Eastman, prints; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery and gloves; Mr. Hunt, upholstery goods; 57 White Street.

Wolf Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; H. H. Wolf, piece goods, trimmings, gloves, and notions; 10 Liberty Street.

Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; B. W. Montague, house furnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Albert.

Neumaier Brothers Company, Danville, Ill.; S. Neumaier, laces, embroideries, leather goods, and notions; 3 West Eighteenth Street.

Greenberg Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; H. Greenberg, ladies, misses', and children's cloaks and suits; 3 East Seventeenth Street.

Carl Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; C. W. Carl, general merchandise; The Breslin.

Elseman Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; W. Elseman, clothing; The Breslin.

O'Callaghan Company, Boston, Mass.; R. D. Lidstone, cloaks and suits; Mrs. J. Hennessy, waists; Hotel Broztell.

Starr, L., Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss A. Fitzgerald, waists, cloaks, and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Chartier, O. A., Company, Boston, Mass.; W. A. Bonney, cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.

Einstein, Guggenheimer & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; S. L. Guggenheimer, piece goods; A. Einstein, piece goods; Hotel Longacre.

Cohn, Coblens & Co., Baltimore, Md.; A. M. Goldsmith, clothing; Hotel York.

Miller, Rhoads & Swarts, Norfolk, Va.; C. Wolinsley, cloaks and suits; Miss A. Petor, waists; 41 Union Square; Hotel York.

Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; W. Phillips, notions, ribbons, corsets, and laces; 31 Union Square; Hotel Navarre.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; A. J. Bigler, shirts and overalls; 72 Leonard Street.

Byrne & Hammer Dry Goods Company, Omaha, Neb.; F. C. Pierson, manufacturing department; 31 Leonard Street.

Hofmayer Dry Goods Company, Albany, Ga.; P. B. Hofmayer, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.

Fleischaker, H., Louisville, Ky.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Folsom, S. E., & Co., Portland, Me.; S. E. Folsom, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Heller, M., Newcastle, Penn.; cloaks and suits; Miss T. Urner, ladies' wear; Hotel Navarre.

Kennedy & MacInnes Company, Pittsfield, Mass.; A. Kennedy, dry goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.

Besse-Mills Company, Holyoke, Mass.; D. Mould, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.

Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; K. Kramer, dress goods; 458 Broadway; Hotel Cadillac.

Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. H. Boyce, domestics; Hotel Cadillac.

Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, white goods; Hotel Seville.

Campbell, William, Pittsburg, Penn.; Mrs. E. Logue, millinery; Miss E. McLaughlin, ladies' and infants' wear; Miss Bell, fancy goods; St. Denis Hotel.

Sherer, E. T., Company, Worcester, Mass.; Miss E. Sullivan, cloaks and suits; St. Denis Hotel.

Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; H. Eisenberg, notions and laces; Miss A. Lambert, bric-a-brac; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Earlington.

Robson, G., Richmond, Penn.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Latham.

Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; R. Richardson, dress goods; Miss M. Brunner, ladies' wear; 79 Grand Street; Hotel Latham.

Owen, Moore & Co., Portland, Me.; F. O. Palmer, cloaks and suits; Hotel Seville.

Mitchell & Co., Haverhill, Mass.; N. C. Johnson, cloaks and suits; Hotel Seville.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. H. Geary, notions and dress trimmings; Broadway and Tenth Street; Hotel Seville.

Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; J. L. Moriarty, silks; Hotel Victoria.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Troy, N. Y.; Miss A. L. McLaughlin, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets; Hotel Victoria.

Edwards, E. W.½ & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss A. M. Smith, corsets, ladies' and infants' wear; Miss M. Bellinger, fancy goods; Miss Gable, fancy goods; Hotel Victoria.

Edwards, E. W., & Son, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss H. Schaler, fancy goods; Hotel Victoria.

Hub, The, Chicago, Ill.; F. Chicone, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Doolittle-Tompkins Company, Elmira, N. Y.; F. E Doolittle, notions; King Edward Hotel.

Good, L. S., & Co., Wheeling, West Va.; L. S. Good, cloaks and suits; 600 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.

Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; F. G. Winters, silks; G. F. Whitwell, notions and trimmings; 31 Union Square.

McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; J. Conn, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.

Davies, William, & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Herbert, dry goods; 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.

Reed Brothers & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. C. Ellsasser, millinery; Hotel Broztell.

Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; C. H. Ensign, flannels; 31 Union Square.

Weist, P. Sons, York, Penn.; P. C. Weist, dry goods; 401 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.

Newcomb, Endicott & Co., Detroit, Mich.; H. B. Scott, cloaks and suits; 341 Broadway.

Great Department Store, Lewiston, Me.; S. S. Peck, millinery; Park Avenue Hotel.

Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; V. Siegler, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Bacon-Chappell Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. E. Teeples, cloaks and suits; 817 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.

Reeves-Luffman Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; G. F. Hoffman, cloaks, suits, and waists; Park Avenue Hotel.

Eisenberg, A., Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Bieber, dress goods and silks; Hotel Imperial.

Higbee Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. N. Rexford, laces, ribbons, and trimmings; Hotel Imperial.

Bowman & Co., Harrisburg, Penn.; H. M. Bowman, domestics; Hotel Imperial.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. S. Elmland, cloaks, suits, and waists; 684 Broadway; Hotel Grand.

Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. E. Breese, laces, trimmings, and ribbons; 214 Church Street; Hotel Grand.

Youngstown Dry Goods Company, Youngstown, Ohio; W. C. Stitt hosiery and underwear; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Grand.

Out-of-town merchants registered at the office of the Merchants' Association, 66-72 Lafayette St.

Carson, F., & Son, Youngstown, Ohio; F. Carson, tailors; Broadway Central Hotel.

Jennings-Miller Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; L. Dora Noeltge, millinery; Hotel Latham.

Schaefer, Chris. S., & Co., Richmond, Ind.; Chris. S. Schaefer, furniture; Hotel Albert.

Englehard, M., Bucyrus, Ohio; Louis Englehard, clothing and furnishings; Hotel York.

Milleer, W. E., Company, Winchester, Ind.; Walter Norveil, department store; J. W. McCarnish, department store; Park Avenue Hotel.

Gordon, J. E., Lexington, Ky.; F. H. Gordon, millinery; 13 West Thirty-third Street.

The Z. L. White Company, Columbus, Ohio; A. J. Scott, department store; Hotel Imperial.

Cohn, G. B., Mansfield, Ohio, millineery; Hotel Imperial.

Heyman, Gus L., Lexington, Ky., dry goods, cloaks, &c.; Hotel York.

Wolf Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; Herbert H. Wolf, department store; 19 Liberty Street.

Lind, A. W., Cadillac, Mich.; E. A. Rogers, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Sadler Brothers, Spencer Ind.; Charles F. Allison, cloaks and millinery; Longacre Hotel.

Stevenson, F. W., Company, Ionia, Mich.; Charles M. Stevenson, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.

Erhart, John, Erie, Penn., wholesale saddlery; Herald Square Hotel.

Walker, W. S., Steubenville, Ohio, dry goods and notions; Hotel Latham.

McDonnell & Lyons, Steubenville, Ohio; C. J. McConnell, tailor; Hotel Latham.

Hoffman, O. A., & Brother, Cincinnati, Ohio; Edward J. Hoffman, soundries; 17 Madison Square.

Kamerer, F. W., Greenville, Penn., variety store; Hotel Albert.

Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; Mrs. M. J. O'Neill, leather goods and jewelry; C. E. Nismunger, men's furnishings; Hotel Imperial.

Weise, Lena, Dayton, Ohio, millinery; New Grand Hotel.

Bender, S., & Co., Sharon, Penn.; A. S. Smith, taylor and furrier; Hotel Victoria.

Dufrey, Clara R., Jamestown, N. Y., millinery, Martha Washington Hotel.

Young, Mary, Youngstown, Ohio, millinery; Hotel Latham.

Cohn-Goodman Company, The, Cleveland, Ohio; A. W. Cohn, cloak manufacturers; Hotel Knickerbocker.

Good-Night Department Store, Hannibal, Mo.; T. C. Goodnight, general store; Hotel York.

Bisco, E. Eugene Granger, Texas; general merchandise; 549 Broadway.

Burke Brothers, St. Johns, Mich.; A. H. Burk, department store; Broadway Central Hotel.

Katz, Chaffin & Co., Washington Court House, Ohio; Leo Katz, department store; Hotel Woodstock.

Richter, Mark, Cleveland, Ohio; millinery; Bert Crawford, millinery; Mabel E. Cox, millinery; Mabel Spood, millinery; Hotel Prince George.

Lupton, C. E., Greenfield, Ohio; dry goods and carpets; Hotel Churchill.

Harvey Hat Store, Dayton, Ohio; George R. Clark, hats and furnishings; St. James Hotel.

Holmes, C. E., & Co., Tipton, Ind.; C. M. Hawley, department store; The Breslin.

Levenson, B. & R., Dayton, Ohio; Bettie Levenson, dressmaking; Ray Levenson, dressmaking; Hotel Imperial.

Amos, T. H., Columbus, Ohio; Ida M. Strayer, millinery; Martha Washington Hotel.

Castner-Knott Company, Nashville, Tenn.; T. J. Halle, hosiery and underwear; 214 Church Street.

Culver & Co., Columbus, Ohio; Clara J. Culver, millinery; Hotel Victoria.

Newman, N. A., Frankfort, Ky.; Miss N. A. Newman, notions; Martha Washington Hotel.

Howe Brothers Carolton, Ky.; R. J. Howe, dry goods, &c.; Hotel Victoria.

Rossing, L. A., Argyle, Wis.; Viola Rossing, merchandise and millinery; Anna Davis, merchandise and millinery; Hotel Alabama.

Kaufman, Strauss & Co., Lexington, Ky.; Simon Wolf, dry goods; Hotel Flanders. Miss K. Gormley, dry goods; Hotel Seville.

METALOGRAPHY
The new art for Home-workers. Originated and made solely by APOLLO STUDIOS, Bernard Rice's Sons, 542-544 Broadway.

WANTED—Experienced cloak and suit salesmen by an up-to-date manufacturer of medium-priced garments; one for Middle West and one for South; only those having experience and established territory will be considered; replies will be strictly confidential. F 144 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Salesman experienced to handle complete line of ladies' muslin underwear for New England and New York State. Address Box Q 152 Times Downtown.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of leading Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For information Telephone 1000 Bryant.

ALBUMS.
Wm. E. Leuchtenberg, 32 Union Square.

AUTOMOBILE COATS.
Huchberger, (also clothing spec.,) 684 B'way.

BRAIDS.
Gibson & Ballow Co., 321 & 323 W. 13th St.
Novelty Braid Mills, 25 East 10th St.

CANDIES.
Belshauer Bros. Candy Co., 617-623 W. 47th St.

CORSETS.
American Lady Corset Co., 44 East 14th St.
La Reine Corsets, Birdsey-Somers Co., 3 W. 19th.

COSTUMES AND DRESSES.
David Harris, 122 Fifth Avenue.
I. D. Levy & Bro., 56 W. 22d St., nr. 6th Av.

CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.

CUSTOMS BROKERS AND FORWARDERS.
Chas. Friedenberg, 17-19 State St. Est. 1890.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AND ROBES.
Royal Embroidery Works, 79 Fifth Av.

EMBROIDERIES.
Stein, Doblin & Co., 583-5-7 Broadway.
Zahner & Schiess Co., 515-17 Broadway.

FLANNELETTE Gowns, Petticoats & Aprons
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., near Av. A.

FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av., cor. 17th.
Kahn & Baskin, 25 Union Sq. W., bet. 15th & 16.

HOSIERY.
American Hosiery Co. 108-110 Franklin St.
Buster Brown's Hosiery Mill, 369 B'way.

HUMAN HAIR GOODS.
E. Bloom, (Importer & M'f'r,) 237 6th Av.

JEWELRY.
S. F. Myers Co., 47-49 Maiden Lane.

JEWELRY BOXES & Window Novelties.
Wolfsheim & Sachs, 38 Maiden Lane.

KIMONOS AND NEGLIGEES.
Samuel Franklin & Co., 56 East 11th St.

LACES.
Julius Strauss & Co., 146 Fifth Avenue.

LEATHER Novelties, Trav. Bags, Belts, &c.
John Davenport & Co., 760 Broadway.
Deitsch Bros., 14 East 17th St.
Grossman Leather Co., Inc., 78 Fifth Ave.

LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 138 Fifth Av.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.

NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 841, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Bachrach Co., 16 West 24th St.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 732, 735, 737 B'way
Charles W. Lyford & Son, 141 Fifth Avenue.
Kelsor Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.
Hano Cravats, 1161 B'way, at 27th St.
Opper & Levinson, Reppo Cravats, 725 B'way.
C. Stern & Mayer, 44 E. 14th St., Union Sq. S.
SOLIDSILK SCARVES, Louis Auerbach, 846 B'way.
Reppo Cravats, Opper & Levinson, 725 B'way.

NECKWEAR AND BELTS—Women's.
Boehm & Levine, (also Ruchings,) 561 B'way.
Mayer & Crowley, 5 East 17th St.

RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.
Klein Bros. Raincoats, $2.25 to $8. 441 B'way.

RIBBONS.
Manhattan Ribbon Co., 96-98 Prince St.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

STATIONERY.
A. L. Salomon & Co., 345-347 B'way.

SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.
Yale Suspender Co., 452 Broadway.

TOYS, DOLLS AND NOVELTIES.
L. H. Mace & Co., 111-117 East Houston St.

VEILINGS AND NETS.
The Ideal Veiling Co., 620 Broadway.

WATCHES—American.
Louis Manheimer & Bros., 35 Maiden Lane.

WHITE DUCK COATS AND TROUSERS.
F. Levy, "Fit Well" Apparel, 102-104 W. 38.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

EXCURSIONS. | EXCURSIONS.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

LABOR DAY EXCURSIONS

Niagara Falls - $9.00
September 3 (evening trains 5:55 P. M., 7:55 P. M.), Sept. 4 and 5 (on special and all regular trains except the Black Diamond Express), return until Sept. 7th.

Glen Onoko and Mauch Chunk $1.50
September 5 and 6.

Bellewood Park $1.00
Sept. 5 and 6 and Every Sunday.

SPECIAL TRAINS
Leave New York for
Niagara Falls, Sept. 4..... 9:10 A. M.
Mauch Chunk, Sept. 5 & 6.... 7:55 A. M.
Bellewood Park, Sept. 5 & 6. 8:55 A. M.
Time shown is from West 23d St.

LEHIGH VALLEY TICKET OFFICES
1468, 355, 140 Broadway, Hudson Terminal and Pennsylvania Ferries, New York; 211 Market St., Newark; 30 Flatbush Ave. and Annex Ferry, Brooklyn. Fare, via Annex Ferry, 10c. additional.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
Via Bellwater's Route to
CONEY ISLAND
LANDING AT DREAMLAND
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.
TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):
Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M., 12:30, 2:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:45 P. M.
Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15, A. M., 12:00 M., 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:15, 7:00, 7:45, 8:30, 9:10 P. M.
Leave Pier 1, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St.
Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *11:25 A. M., 12:10, *12:55, *1:40, 2:25, 3:10, *4:25, 5:25, 6:15, 7:10, *7:55, *8:40, *9:25, *10:10, 10:40 P.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
MILLINERY WORKROOM requires a first-class designer on ready-to-wear and dress hats. Apply to Superintendent.

COMPANION and NURSE for a lady who requires constant supervision, but only little medical attention, and to be helpful in overseeing a household; one who speaks German preferred. A. B. 199 Times Downtown.

DRAPER, experienced on cloth dresses, as forelady. Dressmaker preferred. Primo, 18 Waverley Place.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME by selling high-class residence property on the line of the Pennsylvania Rapid Transit, on the North Shore of Queens Borough; women have made a great success of the line, why not you? We will give you personal assistance in making sales and pay you a liberal commission; write for particulars and see what we have to offer. "Lady," P. O. Box 57 Times Square Station.

OFFICE GIRL.—Manufacturing jeweler's branch office; girl for general office work. P 176 Times Downtown.

SALESGIRL wanted; permanent position; chance for advancement; references. Schrafft's, 1,377 Broadway.

WANTED.—Lady as teacher and traveling companion in position to give a young lady a refined, pleasant home in New York City or vicinity, and willing to travel abroad; must be an experienced teacher, having studied and lived in the principal educational cities of Europe; must be fully competent to teach art, botany, history, and biography; state in detail experience teaching and time spent in cities abroad; state size and age; attention will be given only to those fully answering the above requirements and giving satisfactory references. Address F. Q. B., 65 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—A young lady of refinement and education and an expert stenographer and typewritist. Apply, in writing, F. C., Collier's Weekly, 416 West 13th St.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent chambermaid and waitress for small private family; personal references required. Call 10 to 12, 342 West 89th St.

WANTED—Bright, educated woman of good address for special traveling position; liberal salary. Mrs. Frances, 33 East 17th St.

WANTED—Immediately, expert stenographer; must be accurate and rapid. Apply 9:30 A. M., Room 1,038, 1,402 Broadway.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

HELP WANTED—MALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.
ALTERATION DEPARTMENT require an experienced and competent presser for their alteration department. Apply by mail or in person to Superintendent.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
UPHOLSTERY WORK ROOM—Require several upholsterers on high-grade furniture, repair work. Apply to Superintendent.

BOY.—Wanted, bright boy, 16 years; splendid opportunity for the right boy. R. H., Q 169 Times Downtown.

BUYER FOR MUSLIN UNDERWEAR. The National Cloak and Suit Company want a buyer and department manager for muslin underwear. This is a permanent position for a high-class man looking for a good future. Apply by letter only, giving age, previous experience, and salary expected. Address, Vice President, 207 West 24th Street.

CLEANER, HOUSE SERVANT.—Man; sober; Protestant; references. Mission, 195 Worth St.

ENGINEER.—Wanted, a graduate mechanical engineer to start as draughtsman in new company; should work into designing and ultimately engineer; write name of college, year, course, age, experience if any, and address where to telegraph. Washington Motor Vehicle Company, 213 L St., S. W., Washington, D. C.

I HAVE ROOM ON MY SELLING FORCE FOR FIVE HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN; EXPERIENCE IN REAL ESTATE NOT NECESSARY, BUT EACH MAN MUST BE A SALESMAN; HAVE SOLD $500,000.00 OF THIS PROPERTY IN 90 DAYS; IT IS IN GREATER NEW YORK, AND IS A MAGNIFICENT DEVELOPMENT; THE PRICES ARE VERY LOW; TERMS ARE REASONABLE. ADDRESS B. L., P. O. BOX 822.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME.—There is no cleaner or more profitable business than handling the right kind of real estate; we have a high-class residence property on the line of the Pennsylvania Electric Express service on the North Shore of Long Island, which is the best selling proposition in New York to-day you can earn large commissions without interfering with your regular business; we will give you personal help in making sales. Hustler, P. O. Box 57 Times Square.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN.—We have an opening for a few live, hustling, reliable men to sell on commission only the most attractive high-class residence property on the North Shore of Long Island; this is a new development, is fully improved, and is the best selling proposition ever offered; the property is right, terms are reasonable, and a good man can make a big success; if you are not an energetic worker with good references do not apply. L. R., Box 57 Times Square Station.

SALESMAN.—Traveling salesman wanted; a man of experience, to sell a first-class line of notions to the large retail trade and department stores in New York and Philadelphia. State age, experience, and salary or commission expected. Address P. O. B. 1,027 Bridgeport, Conn.

SALESMAN.—Wallpaper salesman, man familiar with all grades of wallpaper and competent to handle the best trade in our retail department; call at once. Knickerbocker Wall Paper Co., 49 West 14th St.

SALESMAN for wholesale clothing; can be partner with little capital; established 8 years. Chance, F 138 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN wanted; one having experience in selling to grocers and confectioners out of town. Address Q 158 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—For cap manufactory; can be partner with small capital. 653 Broadway, Brooklyn.

WANTED—Two young men, preferably graduates of Pratt or Cooper Union, as assistants in ore testing plant; fine opportunity for advancement. Apply, bet. 10 and 12, Room 711, 41 Park Row.

WANTED—Assistant analytical chemist, recent technical graduate preferred. Apply, bet. 10 and 12, Room 711, 41 Park Row.

WANTED.—Man, good talker and good address, to demonstrate large mechanical device in Coney Island; work evenings only. F. 141 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Front brick salesman to cover part of New York City. Address, with references, stating salary expected, F 142 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Experienced Eastern salesman for side line of ladies' cloaks and suits. Address Box B., 52 Avenue A.

General.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; we receive calls for salesmen from the best firms in the country; traveling salesmen earn from $1,000 to $25,000 a year and expenses; we will teach you to be one by mail and assist you to secure a good position; hundreds of our graduates who formerly earned from $40 to $75 a month now earn from $100 to $500 a month and expenses; if you want to earn from two to ten times as much as you now earn, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how; write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D Flatiron Bldg., New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 23c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 20c. *a line a day.*

LAWYERS' INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE COMPANY, 141 Broadway, New York City, incorporates and protocolizes companies, sells their securities, procures and disposes of patent rights at home and abroad, serves papers in countries and does a general correspondence business among lawyers and bankers throughout the world.

A thorough investigation into a business proposition before investing avoids losses that otherwise occur; our service insures safety and assists intelligent selection of a business investment; we bring together the two essential elements, i. e., opportunity and money; we are prepared to meet either want. Call or write Commercial Investigation Company, Fifth Avenue Building, (23d St.)

APARTMENT HOTEL
for lease. High-class two and three room and bath apartment hotel, overlooking Central Park, for a term of 21 years or less; excellent opportunity for the right party. For further particulars, inquire real estate office, 71-73 West 109th.

BUSINESS SHOW.
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN,
WEEK OF HUDSON-FULTON CELEBRATION.
Will sublet one or two spaces—center isle, near entrance—at reduced rates.
I. 176 Times Downtown.

Capitalist partner for interior wood decorations establishment; business man preferred. F 98 Times, Times Square.

Partner in auto garage; just established; $2,000 ½ partnership. Craft, 30 E. 58th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

SITUATIONS WANTED,FEMALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; stenographer 2 years; competent; trial balance; reference. Q 170 Times Downtown

HOUSEKEEPER AND COOK wishes position; city reference. 1,835 Carter Av., near 176th St.

STENOGRAPHER, good education, experienced, wants good position with reliable firm. Advancement, 99 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Accurate, conscientious; two years' experience; $10 to start. Stenographer, 78 East 121st St.

TYPEWRITER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Aged 19; 3 years' experience; $8-$10; references. Q 150 Times, Downtown.

WANTED.—Position as governess, companion, or secretary; speak French, German, some Spanish. F 137 Times, Times Square.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Attorney desires suitable position commercial house; moderate salary. Attorney, Box 174 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant, balances, systematizes, audits books regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—24, experienced, thoroughly competent; correspondence; excellent references; about $16. F 106 Times, Times Sq.

CARPENTER wishes situation as carpenter or stairbuilder; inside or outside work. C. P. H., 1,831 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

COMPOSITOR.—First-class, all-around jobber; understands presses and take charge; absolutely reliable; references furnished. Richter, 295 South 4th St., Brooklyn.

DENTIST with experience and the best references wants position as operator. F 143 Times, Times Square.

DETECTIVE seeks confidential work; shadowing, investigating; charges moderate. A. R. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

READ THIS.—Am employed; want chance to advance rather than salary; total abstainer; references. Westerner, Q 161 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN (30) in a highly established and reliable wholesale wine house, (not champagne,) to sell in and around Greater New York and Long Island; best of references. B. E. S., 248 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, for suits or dresses; New England territory; well known. F 134 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN, BOOKKEEPER wishes position with reliable cloak and suit house. Q 168 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Young man, experienced, can help with books; small salary; references. F. 126 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, well educated; aged 24; energetic, intelligent; good appearance; 6 years' technical and mercantile experience; $22. Secretary, 155 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—21; competent; 4 years' experience; good penman; desires position or clerical work after 4 P. M. Q 160 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Writer of direct mail solicitation and follow-ups; engagement for part of time. Hustler, Q 156 Times, Downtown.

Translations from and into foreign languages; reasonable rates. N. Greenberg, 3 Bristol St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 19, with office experience, desires position. Cooney, 293 Oakland St., Brooklyn.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. *a line* 1 *time*; 30 *times consecutively or three times a week* $5.00 *a line.*

"Rockhurst," Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson, 30 minutes to city. Ideal location for Fulton celebration. Winter, Summer. Home cooking. Fifth year. Misses Lesley, 227th St. Tel. 104L Kingsbridge.

Windlemere, Tarrytown, N. Y.—Home surroundings; modern improvements; also, eight-room furnished cottage, with board.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Commercial Help.

A.—STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions, write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

A. — SECRETARIES, STENOGRAPHERS. — Jupp's Bureau recommends efficient employes only; prompt, free; references investigated; expert facsimile duplicating. 87 Nassau. Tel. 4221 Cortlandt.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712—Barclay, Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4,470 Murray Hill, Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted for permanent positions; experienced only need apply. Call Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, several, $18 and $15; permanent positions, downtown and uptown. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582 38th St.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. Telephone 4786 Columbus.

MRS. RICE KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—Thoroughly competent domestic help; investigated references. Tel. Riverside 9345.

SELECTED colored help furnished, city or country. Duncan's Help Exchange, 134 West 134th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

For Those Seeking Furnished Rooms.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

1.—AT 3 UNIVERSITY PLACE. Opposite Washington Square; large and small rooms; handsomely furnished; superior house; gentlemen; references.

6TH AV., 875.—Christian woman has large front fourth floor, house 875 6th Av. at 49th St., suitable for two or more young men; terms to suit. Address Miss Kinsella.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

48TH ST., 69 WEST.—Large, small rooms, also apartment; parlor, suitable doctor, dentist. Transients. Elegant appointments; bath each floor; rooms steam heated.

48TH ST., 69 WEST.—Large, small rooms, also apartment; parlor, suitable doctor, dentist; transients; elegant appointments; bath each floor; rooms steam heated.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; new house and furnishings; half block from Circle; modern conveniences.

61ST ST., 36 WEST.—High-class large and small rooms; running water; large closets; prices, $5 to $12 per week.

62D ST., 125 WEST.—Furnished suit of rooms to couple or gentleman preferred; also other rooms; $5. Hayes.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; exceptionally pleasant; all improvements; reasonable permanent rates.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway, "L"; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath; large single room; hot, cold water; references.

71ST ST., 73 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private baths; refined surroundings; $5-$10 weekly.

76TH ST., 100 WEST.—Fully equipped suite, suitable two; Southerners; telephone. Inquire elevator boy.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone.

78TH ST., 167 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, with private bath.

80TH ST., 134 WEST.—Rooms, single and en suite; private bath; parlor for physician; new management.

81ST ST., 141 WEST.—Desirable rooms, newly furnished; park, "L," Subway; splendid location; reference.

81ST ST., 207 WEST.—Light, square room, all conveniences; near Subway and elevated; $3.50. Mullen.

82D. ST., 37 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms, near Park, elevated station; telephone, references.

83D ST., 130 WEST.—Desirable large, medium rooms; parlor suitable for physician; private bath; references.

83D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; also suites; running water; references; breakfast if desired.

83D ST., 68 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortably furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone; breakfast; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive private house; south; cool, large, small; abundant hot water; telephone.

85TH, 164 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms; ample closets; refined home; breakfast served.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Finest location; desirable double and single room, reasonable; Subway; gentlemen; references.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Two large, one small room, private apartment; refined home. Bruns.

88TH ST., 570 WEST END AV.—In private house, a few handsomely furnished rooms; dressing rooms and bath; terms moderate. Telephone 7996 Riverside.

93D ST., 165 WEST.—Desirable, sunny, large and small rooms; running water; convenient "L" Subway.

106TH ST., 61 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, light and airy; single or double; couple; light housekeeping; telephone and elevator all night. Mrs. R. White.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Comfortable outside room, elevator apartment; reasonable; private French family; references. Benayad.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

112TH ST., 238 WEST.—Cheerful outside rooms; bath and conveniences; en suite and single. Abrams.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Outside rooms; single, en suite; block from Subway. Riverside. Montgomery.

116TH ST., 863 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished, comfortable room; strictly private house; water, bath, telephone.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—Single and double outside rooms; elevator; 'phone; Southern people; references. Cooke.

123D ST., 123 WEST.—Large and small room; all conveniences; private house; references; gentlemen.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Handsome rooms, large, small; parlors; 'phone, piano; permanent; refined home; references.

139 WEST 69TH ST.
Double rooms and private bath; all modern conveniences; highest class furnishings in profusion; parlor suites, two rooms, private baths; transients accommodated. Dining room opens Sept. 1. 'Phone Columbus 5774.

142D ST., 426 EAST.—Rooms suitable for two; conveniences private house; large parlor business purposes; good location; L and Subway stations; reference required.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Large, comfortable, homelike room, private house; Subway, elevated express; breakfast; references.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223.—Furnished rooms, single and en suite, in bachelor apt. Turtis.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Elegant furnished room, modern apartment; no other roomers; reference. Fisher.

THE BEST IN NEW YORK.
COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.
Single rooms, double rooms, suites of from four to seven rooms each; furnishings new and luxurious; high-class elevator apartment house; long-distance telephones; maid service; baths in abundance, many of them private; rates from $4 weekly upward; meals in high-class dining room, at very moderate rates; also furnished housekeeping apartment of four and five rooms. POINSETT, 505 West 143d. 'Phone, 2,990—Audubon.

East Side.

44TH-45TH STS. (348 MADISON AVE.)
Nicely furnished room; private bath; single room; running water; breakfast optional; telephone references.

49TH ST., 50 EAST.—Near Madison; attractive large rooms; also small room; reasonable; reference; telephone.

58TH ST., 34-36 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; private bath; studio; doctor's office; references.

68TH ST., 211 EAST.—Large room, nicely furnished, running water, large closets; private house; telephone.

90TH ST., 63 EAST.—Large furnished room; bath; private family.

116TH ST., 123 EAST, "The Leland."—Nicely furnished, cool rooms; private baths; $3 up.

123D, 61 EAST.—Large room; twin beds; moderate; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 53, (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

LEXINGTON AV., 1,07?, near 76th St.—Comfortably furnished, large, heated room; running water; also smaller; $2 weekly; telephone; private house; owner.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 89, Brooklyn.—Light, clean, well-furnished rooms, very desirable; single, large, or connecting; 15 minutes' Subway ride to 14th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

Single young gentleman desires room in refined, strictly private family, with bath and 'phone privileges and breakfast, if convenient; location, Washington Heights, between 140th and 157th Sts.; references exchanged. Q 157 Times Downtown.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large front room, 2d floor; electric light, private bath, &c.; furnished; first-class Winter arrangements; excellent board; telephone; other rooms; near 5th Av.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Very desirable large front room; single rooms; high-class board.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; southern home.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; other large and small rooms; running water; board optional; near Central Park; references.

69TH ST., 139 WEST.—Dining room opens September 1st; make application now. THOMAS. Columbus—5774.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—14th year; large, small rooms; excellent table; references.

70TH ST., 121 WEST.—Two high-class houses, with board; private bath; newly furnished.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms; board; suitable terms; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house; parlor dining room; table boarders; references.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent service; table guests; Subway, L; Summer rates; references.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well-kept house; table board; parlor dining; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or suite; parlor dining room; home cooking.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Excellent table board for guests of refinement.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large rooms, single or en suite; private bath; telephone; home environments; excellent cuisine; rates moderate; references.

91ST, 48 WEST. (Central Park.)—Desirable, large, small rooms; baths, convenience; table guests accommodated.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; good board; telephone; references exchanged.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable rooms; well-appointed house; parlor dining room; telephone; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Rooms with board; table boarders; telephone 7442 Riverside; convenient "L"; references.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private baths; also doctors' or dentists' offices; references.

96TH, 64 WEST.—Handsome large and small rooms; baths; superior Southern cooking; references exchanged.

123D ST., 2,053 7th Av.—Airy, comfortable rooms; excellent table; well kept home-like house; references.

124TH ST., WEST, (285 St. Nicholas Av.,) Hancock Court.—Desirable families, married couples, bachelors, business women, are invited to inspect our apartments, where they can board in own home; handsome rooms, furnished, unfurnished, baths, shower, laundry; excellent, liberal table; home cooking; every comfort; $8 single, $14 two up; concession families. Dinneiman.

125TH ST., 242-244-246 WEST.—Large, small, medium-sized rooms; good home cooking specialty.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, with lavatory; also single rooms; newly decorated; all conveniences; steam heat; telephone; Subway; table guests.

SEE MY AD. headed "the best in New York" under "Furnished Rooms" in this issue. POINSETT, 505 West 143d St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, 571 West 159th St.—Fine rooms, excellent board; Subway; gentlemen; table board. Kilpatrick.

WEST END AV., 879, Corner 103d St.—Finest location New York; block Riverside Park, Drive, and Subway express and surface cars; beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; superior table.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references exchanged.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable rooms with board; exceptionally good table.

22D ST., 39 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and hall rooms, with board; table board; references.

83D ST., 55 EAST.—Newly furnished; large closets; running water; best neighborhood; parlor dining room, excellent table; telephone; Gentiles only; references required.

MADISON AV., 673-694-696.—Suites; separate rooms; newly renovated; private bath; excellent board.

MADISON AV., 108-110.
Large and small room; parlor dining room.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5 Heights.—Large, cool rooms, overlooking Wall St., Subway; three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; house high class; table choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

PIERREPONT ST., 85, Brooklyn Heights.—Pleasant rooms with board.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

GENTLEMAN desires room and board in small family; permanent; state terms and particulars. F 105 Times, Times Square.

Wanted—By young Swiss, room and board in private American family; moderate price. Address W. S., 104 East 14th St.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

LOST—Between 45th and 49th Sts., west side 6th Av., an old-fashioned pin, raised flower on front, hair in back, engraved "Alicia"; valued by owner as keepsake. $25 reward for return to office Seymour Hotel, 50 West 45th Street.

LOST—Friday afternoon, on automobile trip from 83d St., west, to Manhattan Beach, Coney Island and return, gold bracelet; letter "L" set with small diamonds; valued for associations; reward. 'Phone 3573—Riverside. L. M. Graves.

LOST.—Saturday evening, probably between 145th St., Broadway Subway, and American Music Hall, 42d St., buckle of gold watch fob with locket. Suitable reward. H. A. Wallace, 514 Central Building, 143 Liberty St., city.

$250 REWARD and no questions asked for return of chamois bag containing 2 diamond rings, 1 diamond pendant, 1 diamond bracelet; if pawned will buy the tickets. J. L. Jacobs, 186 Franklin Av., Far Rockaway, New York.

LOST—Child's gold locket, heart shaped, with initials "G. G. H." engraved one side and containing lock of hair; prized for associations; suitable reward. Hudgins, 606 West 112th St.

$10 REWARD for gold chain bracelet containing seven turquoises; lost Aug. 24, between Madison Av. and 29th St., Broadway, 5th Av. and 34th St., Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th.

LOST—A gold bag studded with diamonds and sapphires at Waldorf-Astoria, afternoon of Aug. 23. $100 reward if returned to Mrs. Namm, 22 West 72d St.

LOST—Friday, wallet containing money, cards, obituary, $10 gold piece inclosed, keepsake, 3d Av. car, Brooklyn Bridge; reward. Hardy, 1,028 Amsterdam Av.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

LOST—Watch fob, with gold monogram initials "C. J. P." at Polo Grounds Tuesday afternoon; $5 reward if returned to 51 East 96th St. Dr. Pick.

LOST—Silver brooch, colored stones, on 96th St., near Central Park West; reward. Return to Box F 139 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Thursday, silver fob and openface watch, 3d Av., 138th; reward. Joyce, 203 West 140th.

LOST—Between Hotel Astor and Wall St., gold locket; lion's head, set with stones; return to room clerk at Hotel Astor and get reward.

LOST.—Monday night, in or near Hackett Theatre, diamond pendant; $250 reward; no questions asked. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Monday night, diamond horseshoe brooch; reward. Mauser Silver Co., Fifth Avenue.

LOST—Bank Book No. 1,219 of the State Savings Bank, Friday. Please return to bank.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

FOUND, Aug. 24—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Cane, package, umbrella.

FOUND, Aug. 24—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Grip, belt, breastpin, 3 packages, umbrella, cardcase, commutation ticket, panama hat, shoes.

FOUND, Aug. 24—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two umbrellas, 5 packages, handbag.

FOUND, Aug. 24—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Bagage Master, Jersey City: Pajama suit, 2 nightshirts, cane, handbag and hair brush, pair eyeglasses, military brush, book, memorandum book, 2 overcoats, book, cap, bag check, pad, pair gloves, 3 packages, 2 umbrellas, 2 books. ON CORTLANDT ST. BOAT—Grip. ON 23D ST. BOAT—Package. IN JERSEY CITY STATION—Package.

FOUND, Aug. 24—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Two umbrellas, watch fob, valise, package, coat, shawl, railroad ticket.

FOUND, Aug. 24—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: ON SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Music, belt, pair shoes, underwear, overalls, cap, pail, pipe. ON THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Three waists, pin, lunch bag, 3 watches, pocketbook, hat, coat, vest, &c.; roll hair, package cloth, gentleman's socks, package cloth, bottle liquid, overalls, pair trousers, scales. ON SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Books, cane, 2 umbrellas, pocketbook, box cigars, keys, file, music, 2 shirts, coat, piece iron, 2 bolts, package hammers. ON NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Four umbrellas, ring, fixtures, corset, key, bunch keys. IN SUBWAY—Cane, suitcase, pocketbook, purse, bank book, books, roll plans, blue prints, receipt, letters, maps, &c.; pair gloves, package cards, belt, 5 hats, overalls, trousers, shirt, can paint, toys, umbrella, satchel.

FOUND, Aug. 24—THE NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. Apply Pier 19 N. R.: NORWICH LINE, S. S. LOWELL—Envelope and papers, purse. NEW HAVEN LINE, S. S. RICHARD PECK—Hatpin, cross, belt, handkerchief. NORWICH LINE, S. S. CHAPIN—Talcum powder, pipe and belt, canvas shoes, bath towel. FALL RIVER LINE, S. S. PRISCILLA—White veil, hatpin, hair rat, spoon, comb, drawers, card case, child's nightrobe. PROVIDENCE LINE, S. S. PURITAN—Nightshirt. NEW BEDFORD LINE, S. S. PLYMOUTH—Pair slippers, gold pin.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS,DOGS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. *a line* 1 *time*; 3 *times* 12c. *a line a day*; 7 *times* 10c. *a line a day.*

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House, at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Telephone Your Wants—1000 *Bryant.*

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of L. W. DAY & CO., Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the assets of the above-named alleged bankrupt will be sold to the highest bidder on the 26th day of August, 1909, at the office of Engel Brothers, attorneys for the Receiver, No. 132 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, provided a bid is made for the entire assets of the alleged bankrupt to an amount equal to at least 100% of the appraised value, which bid must be in writing, sealed in an envelope and accompanied by at least 10% of the amount of such bid and marked "Bid." If no bid equal to at least 100% of the appraised value is received at the time aforestated, when such bids will be opened, then the assets of the alleged bankrupt will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the premises of the alleged bankrupt, No. 27 Maiden Lane, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of August, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

The assets of the alleged bankrupt consist of a stock of woolens, tailors' trimmings, office furniture and fixtures appurtenant to the tailoring business, conducted by the alleged bankrupt, and are now situate and open for inspection at the alleged bankrupt's former place of business, No. 27 Maiden Lane, Manhattan, New York City.

There will also be offered in conjunction with the foregoing private sale, the outstanding accounts of the alleged bankrupt aggregating about $7,500, a list of which can be inspected at the office of the undersigned attorneys.

There will also be offered for sale the lease and good will or franchise of the said alleged bankrupt in and to the business formerly conducted by it, which lease has about nine years to run.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated New York, Aug. 18th, 1909.
WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

ENGEL BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 132 Nassau Street, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KNICKERBOCKER PIANO COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named alleged bankrupt, consisting of a complete plant for the manufacture of pianos, and machinery and tools used in the manufacture of pianos, plates, set bridges, sounding boards, piano backs, piano strings, piano stools, piano actions, finished and unfinished pianos, desks, safe, typewriter, and office fixtures, as well as the lease of the premises of the alleged bankrupt aforesaid, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer, at No. 245 East 137th Street, New York City, on the 12th day of August, 1909, at 10:30 A. M.

The property may be inspected at the aforesaid address two days prior to the day of the sale, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Dated New York, August 5, 1909.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.

MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

The above sale has been adjourned to Wednesday, August 18th, 1909. Same place.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.

The above sale has been further adjourned from Wednesday, August 18th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., to Wednesday, August 25th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M. Same place.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.

The above sale has been further adjourned from Wednesday, August 25th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., to Wednesday, September 8th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M. Same place.
JESSE WATSON, Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HOPKINS-JORDAN CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Aug. 25th, 1909, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 148 West 24th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of steam fittings, supplies, tools, radiators, large lot of radiator parts, valves, piping, oil lamps, tanks, registers, office furniture, typewriter, safe, &c.

WALTER B. ALLEN, Receiver.

JULIUS MILLER, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW Y

STOP NURSES' STRIKE BY THREAT OF POLICE

Forty Young Women at Hahnemann Hospital Return to Work to Avoid Being Put Out.

STRIKEBREAKERS CALLED IN

But Are Sent Back to Elizabeth, N. J. —Malcontents Think New Superintendent Is Too Strict.

The forty student nurses in the Hahnemann Hospital, Park Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street, donned their uniforms yesterday with faces of unusual determination. When they went down to the breakfast room, Supt. Emily M. Brown was already at the head of the table. Miss Brown has held her somewhat trying and responsible position for less than three months.

Much to the sorrow of all Hahnemann Hospital student nurses, Miss Florence M. Opdyck retired as Superintendent last June, after many years of service. Miss Brown has had ten years' experience at the Fordham and the Long Island College Hospital. She is said to have learned at these institutions to be an "active disciplinarian." She is 35 years of age—ten years younger than Miss Opdyck. Rumor has it that she and the forty young women under her have not had enough time yet to get used to each other.

At any rate, there was not much conversation during breakfast at Hahnemann Hospital yesterday. The nurses looked at their plates, and Miss Brown studied the coffee urn. After breakfast, the nurses collected in the halls and fell to talking in low whispers. They made no attempt to go to the various wards, where more than 100 patients lay. Miss Brown at length walked over to one of the whispering groups and told them rather shortly to go up to their duties. The young nurses made no move to go. Neither did they make any explanation of why they didn't go. Miss Brown then asked them what the matter was.

"We are dissatisfied with the way the hospital is being conducted at the present time," the nurses are said to have replied. "We don't intend to do any more nursing in it until it is conducted in a satisfactory manner. We have a grievance against the management. It isn't food, it isn't hours, and it isn't salary. You know what it is as well as we do. Until the matter is settled we don't intend to do any more work.

There were a number of serious cases in the hospital's wards. Among these were several patients suffering from typhoid fever. Miss Brown, thinking of these cases, argued with the forty young women at length. She even went so far as to call Policeman Terence McGowan in from the street. But both she and the policeman pleaded in vain. The nurses remained obdurate. The patients continued to be unattended. Miss Brown sent the hospital's twelve men orderlies through the wards serving breakfast and taking temperatures. Then she telephoned to General Supt. Weismann, who lives at White Plains.

When Mr. Weismann arrived at the hospital he found that Miss Brown had succeeded in engaging forty nurses from the hospital and training school in Elizabeth, N. J., by telephone, and that the forty striking Hahnemann nurses had retired upstairs to their dormitory and were holding a council of war.

Summoning all his tact and patience, Mr. Weismann went upstairs and bowed his way into the middle of the council. He made the forty striking nurses a little speech. He told them that if they had a grievance, they shouldn't endanger the lives of the hospital's hundred patients by going on a strike without warning, but that they should present the grievance to the hospital's Board of Trustees and have it adjusted in a dignified manner.

He also pointed out that, according to the regulations of the training school and hospital, Miss Brown, as Superintendent, could "dismiss any pupil, at any time, for misconduct, inefficiency, or neglect." He pointed out that the nurses had four hours every Sunday, an afternoon every week, a yearly vacation of three weeks, and a salary of $7 a month all through their three years' training.

"If I have to send for the police to put you out of the hospital you will spoil your own careers as professional nurses and you will bring scandal and disgrace on the hospital," he concluded. "As the nurses from Elizabeth haven't yet arrived, you are also endangering the lives of your patients."

There was considerable whispering and talking among the strikers. But when the forty nurses arrived from Elizabeth the strikers had gone back to work. The strikebreaking nurses were sent back to Elizabeth. The following statement was given out at the hospital yesterday afternoon:

"For alleged grievances, which had never been presented to the Board of Trustees for adjustment, the nurses of the hospital refused to attend to their patients this morning. They were given the privilege of returning to their work in an orderly manner and presenting to the Board of Trustees any complaints which they have to make, or of being discharged from service. They elected to return to work."

The nurses' grievance, whatever it is, will go before the hospital's Board of Trustees at its next meeting. J. G. Cannon is President of the board, T. Frank Manville is Treasurer, and H. M. Wolfe is Secretary.

MADE DAUGHTER WORK; JAILED

Neighbor Complains of Father Who Spent Little Girl's Earnings on Drink.

Israel Gold of 465 Stone Street, Brooklyn, who was arrested recently on the complaint of Smith M. Allen of 1,110 Blake Avenue, Brooklyn, a neighbor and former friend, for cruelty in allowing his twelve-year-old daughter Lena to peddle chewing gum on the streets, was sentenced yesterday by Justice Zeller in Special Sessions to serve two months in the Penitentiary.

Mr. Allen testified that one day during the heavy rains of last week he saw Gold snatch $1.40, her day's earnings, from the girl, drag her into a doorway on Murray Street, and, after beating her, gave her another stock of gum to sell. Mr. Allen then followed Gold to the nearest saloon where, he said, he saw him spend the proceeds of his daughter's labors.

The complainant called a policeman, who arrested the girl on a charge of being under improper guardianship. Gold was arrested when the girl's story was told in the Children's Court.

Another Indiana County Dry.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 24.—Union County was added to the "dry" list today as the result of an option election. In Madison County forty-seven saloons were closed to-night in obedience to the "dry" judgment in the option election. Anderson, the county seat, will have a few saloons until Nov. 8.

Employment

Every morning on Page 15 there is a call for intelligent help. Employers are constantly on the lookout for help of the better sort. They advertise their wants in The New York Times because they know The Times is read by the best class of people, from which naturally may be obtained the services of intelligent men and women.

PAPER WAGON AN AMBULANCE.

Stops Delivery to Take an Injured Baby to Hospital—Child Dies.

A newspaper delivery wagon in charge of a young man, who refused to give his name, was proceeding at a good rate through 108th Street toward Second Avenue last night when the driver saw, standing on the curb, a pretty young woman holding a baby in her arms and beckoning to him in a hysterical manner. He pulled his horse up short and drove over to the curb.

The woman, in broken tones, told him that her little boy had just fallen out of a window on the third floor of the tenement houses at 231 East 108th Street, and that she wanted to get the child to Sydenham Hospital in a hurry.

Without hesitation the young man jumped to the ground, helped mother and babe into the wagon, got in himself, and started his horse at a rattling pace for the hospital, nine blocks uptown. The hospital was soon reached, but in vain, as the baby soon died of a fractured skull.

The woman said she was Mrs. Jeanette Herwin and that the child in some unknown manner climbed to the sill of a window in the kitchen of her flat and fell to the yard.

RAILROAD WAR IN ARIZONA.

Harriman Forces Start to Parallel Lines of Phelps-Dodge & Co.

Special to The New York Times.

DOUGLAS, Arizona, Aug. 24.—In warring against the Phelps, Dodge Company lines in Arizona, the Harriman interests have started the actual work of grading for the construction of a line from Courtland to this place. One train of the four which is conveying Grant Brothers' construction outfit from Tepic, Mexico, where work has been completed on the Southern Pacific, has already reached Douglas. The outfit is capable of grading two miles of track a day.

The Southern Pacific now has a line into Courtland, as has the Southwestern, the Phelps, Dodge Company. The Harriman interests will parallel the Phelps, Dodge line from Courtland to Douglas and thence to Bisbee. From Bisbee a line will be constructed parallel to the Southwestern to Naco, Arizona, giving the Southern Pacific an outlet for its line into Naco from Cananea, Mexico.

Under present conditions the Southern Pacific divides traffic with the Southwestern on Douglas and Bisbee business into Cananea, and by building from Courtland to Douglas and connecting this line with the Naco outlet the Southern Pacific will have a coast line by the way of Cochise into these rich mining camps.

WOMAN LEADS A RAID.

S. P. C. A. Head Declares 12 of Seacoast Co.'s Horses Unfit for Work.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Aug. 24.—Mrs. Jasper Lynch, Vice President of the State Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with two veterinary surgeons and Chief of Police Remsen of Spring Lake, made a raid yesterday on the plant of the Seacoast Rendering Company, in Corlies Avenue, near Asbury Park, and declared twelve horses out of twenty-nine owned by the company unfit for work. Mrs. Lynch says she will prosecute the case to the end.

Mrs. Lynch has been getting data for some time from Special Agent Buchanan, and when everything was in readiness yesterday she ordered the raid made. She alleges that the horses were overloaded and some had gall sores on their backs and necks.

Some time ago Mrs. Lynch moved to Spring Lake and made her Summer home there, and ever since then she has been greatly interested in the working horses in that vicinity. She is President of the Ocean County S. P. C. A., and, it is said, furnishes blankets in Winter to the owners of horses who are too poor to buy them.

A couple of weeks ago, according to Agent Buchanan, the rendering company was warned that unless it bettered the condition of its horses the raid would be made.

15,000 at New Egypt's Carnival.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW EGYPT, N. J., Aug. 24.—Nearly 15,000 people attended New Egypt's carnival to-day. Among the visitors were Gov. Fort and Congressmen Briggs, Howell, and Loudenslager. The carnival parade to-night was led by the Queen's float, in which sat the Queen, Miss Ethel Applegate, and her four attendants, the Misses Myrtle Applegate, Adele Meneburger, Carrie Dennis, and Bessie Lamb.

Kosher Bakers on Strike Again.

General Organizer Iffland of the Journeymen Bakers and Confectioners' International Union, who was one of the leaders of the strike of the Kosher Bakers against the East Side Boss Bakers' Association early in the Summer, which ended in favor of the union, reported yesterday that the strike has been ordered on again in the bakery of Jacob Bock, President of the association, 159 East Houston Street, and in the bakeries of eight other firms.

Alien's Visit Stopped at Ellis Island.

Hersch J. Birenkreut, a carpenter of Tirawa, Wokosha, Austrian Poland, arrived yesterday in the second cabin of the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II. to visit his sister, Mrs. Herman Roth, of 47 Sheriff Street. He was detained for the night on board the ship by the immigration authorities, and it was said that there were some charges pending against him on the other side.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

		Loss.
A. M.		
12:15	2 E. 108th St.; J. Rossman	Trifling
1:15	32 Lewis St.; S. Drackenberg	$35
1:30	465 E. 107th St.; Lowndes Bros.	Trifling
2:20	113 E. 26th St.; Mrs. G. Gilberton	$250
7:40	172 Forsyth St.; Abraham Gilford	$500
8:20	117-119 7th St.; Jacob Pinkelstein	$500
9:15	488 E. 122d St.; Julia Kelly	Slight
9:50	130 W. 116th St.; Edward Pollak	$50
10:10	902 E. 102d St.; Philip Megoli	$400
10:45	144 Orchard St.; S. Feldman	$150
11:20	102 E. 107th St.; John Rose	$500
P. M.		
1:31	351 City Island Av.; L. Oberly	Trifling
1:41	610-625 W. 54th St.; T. Hofstader	Trifling
4:35	554 Grand St.; Samuel Rapp	$25
7:50	358 West 28th St.; Samuel E. Strahan	$25
8:15	43-45 East 12th St.; Charles Pellman	$10
8:30	Middletown Road and Eastern Boulevard; S. B. Marshall Country Club	$100
8:45	49 West 51st St.; Harry Reymus	Trifling
9:35	251 East 150th St.; L. Gaitano	$100

ARCHBISHOP FARLEY BACK HOME TO-DAY

Catholic Clergy and Laymen Going Down the Bay in a Steamer to Meet Him.

HERE WITH POPE'S BLESSING

Also an Amethyst and Diamond Ring as a Gift from Pius X.—Cardinal's Hat Rumor Revived.

Archbishop John M. Farley of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York is due to arrive in New York this morning on the Cunarder Caronia from Liverpool. The Archbishop is returning from his annual visit to Rome where he has had many audiences with the Pope. Before the Archbishop left Rome in the latter part of June, Pope Pius, in a private farewell audience, asked him to impart the Apostolic Benediction to the faithful of the Archdiocese on his arrival in New York.

Archbishop Farley sailed from New York early in the Summer and while in Rome presented on behalf of the Archdiocese $35,000 to the Pope's fund for the relief of the earthquake sufferers in Southern Italy. A much larger amount than this had been previously given to the Pope for this purpose and the contribution taken to Rome by Archbishop Farley was the balance of the New York contribution.

When the Caronia arrives inside the Hook this morning she will be met by the steamer Sam Sloan, which will have on board many of the best known Catholic clergy and laymen in this city. The steamer will leave pier A, the Battery, at 6:30 o'clock sharp this morning.

Mgr. Mooney is in charge of the arrangements for the appropriate welcoming home of the Archbishop. Several hundred priests are expected to go down the bay on the Sloan while more than a hundred of the best known laymen of the Church in this city are expected to be on board when the vessel leaves the Battery. It is hoped that the Archbishop will transfer from the Caronia to the Sloan and come up to the city on the latter vessel.

The coming home of Archbishop Farley this year is of unusual interest to Metropolitan Catholics, for it has been cabled to the United States several times during his absence that he is soon to be made a Cardinal. The reports to this effect are said to have emanated from a prominent prelate of the Vatican Household. So far as is known no official denial of the report has yet been made.

At the close of his last audience with the Pope, Pius X. gave to Archbishop Farley a magnificent amethyst ring set in a circle of twenty-four diamonds, inclosed in leaves of gold. It is said to be the most costly ring that Pius X. has ever given to a prelate of his Church. The Pope is reported to have told the Archbishop at that time that the United States holds the foremost place in his affections and that he not only recognized but sincerely apreciated the affection and generosity of the Catholics in America.

Archbishop Farley submitted a number of requests to the Pope and among those that were granted was the conferring of the Knighthood of St. Gregory upon Dr. Charles G. Herbermann, Chairman of the Board of Editors of the Catholic Encyclopedia, and Dr. Francis J. Quinlan, former President of the Catholic Club of New York.

It is said that Archbishop Farley while in Italy purchased the old home of Pope Pius at Senigallia, which is to be used as a seashore residence in connection with the American College in Rome. After leaving Rome Archbishop Farley traveled on the Continent and in England and was everywhere honored by the Catholics of those countries.

No Vanderbilt Gems for Mrs. Keppel.

Frederick W. Vanderbilt, who arrived yesterday from Europe, accompanied by his wife, on the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., ridiculed the report that Mrs. Vanderbilt had given a valuable diamond bracelet to Mrs. George Keppel in London. "There is absolutely no truth whatever in the statement," said Mr. Vanderbilt. He also declined to affirm or deny the rumor that he intended to sell out his interest in the New York Central lines on Sept. 1.

HELD AS BOW KUM'S SLAYERS.

Two Chinamen Locked Up on a Charge of Murdering the Woman.

Charges of homicide, instead of being material witnesses in the case of Bow Kum, the Chinese slave girl who was found murdered in the tenement at 17 Mott Street on Aug. 15, were made yesterday against two Chinamen, Lau Tang, alias Lou Dong, and Lau Shong, alias Chu Wah, when they were taken from the House of Detention and arraigned before Coroner Harburger. As soon as their bail as witnesses, $2,500 each, was discharged by the Coroner, Capt. Carey of the Homicide Bureau of the Police Department made homicide charges against them, and the Coroner committed them to the Tombs without bail.

Another alleged witness in the case, Eng Shong, was taken into custody also. He was arrested in the laundry at 567 Henry Street, Brooklyn, which was run by Lau Tang, and in which Lau Shong and Eng Shong were employed. He was also arraigned by Capt. Carey before Coroner Harburger and held in $2,500 bail, in default of which he was sent to the House of Detention.

Lau Tang and Lau Shong had been under detention as witnesses since Aug. 18, and investigation by Capt. Carey and Assistant District Attorney Du Vivier led to the more serious charges being made against them.

Capt. Carey said he had obtained further evidence to support the story told by Chin Len, the reputed husband of Bow Kum, with whom she lived in the Mott Street tenement, that Lau Tang demanded $3,000 from Chin Len, on behalf of Lou He Dong of San Francisco. Lou He Dong brought the girl from China three years ago and established her in San Francisco. She was taken in a raid by the San Francisco police, and a missionary who worked in the Chinese quarter took her in charge. This missionary was Mrs. Cameron of 927 Sacramento Street, San Francisco. There Chin Len met Bow Kum, and finally brought her to New York. Capt. Carey believes that Lou He Dong learned where she had gone, and sent Lau Tang on the trail of the couple.

The police and the Coroner are still at work on the case, and there may be more arrests to-day. One of the bits of evidence on which Lau Tang and Lau Shong were charged directly with killing the girl was that they were seen leaving 17 Mott Street shortly before the murder was disovered.

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MRS. ROBSON WEDS IN LONDON

Becomes the Wife of Alfred Day Pardee of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—Announcement was made here that Mrs. Helen Amor Campbell Robson, a young widow of Toronto, Canada, had been married today in London, England, to Alfred Dax Pardee of this city, son of Calvin Pardee, head of the firm of coal operators which bears his name.

Mrs. Robson Pardee is a daughter of the late Rev. Archibald Campbell of Toronto.

AMUSEMENTS.

CIRCLE THEATRE, B'way & 60th St. SEAT SALE TO-MORROW. COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 30. KLAW & ERLANGER'S LAUGHING TRUST, McINTYRE & HEATH — IN HAYTI

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St. West of B'way. WED. EVE., SEPT. 1. Seats To-morrow. Henry W. Savage will offer LOVE CURE A Musical Romance of Stageland.

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-day 25c. to $1.50. COHAN & HARRIS' MINSTRELS with GEO. EVANS & 100 Honey Boys.

BEGINNING TUES., AUG. 31 THE GREAT DRURY LANE DRAMA. THE SINS OF SOCIETY SEAT SALE TO-MORROW

JARDIN de PARIS N. Y. Theatre Roof. TABLE SEATS, $1. Adapted to All Weathers. ZIEGFELD'S FOLLIES OF 1909 EVA TANGUAY and Handsomest Chorus in the World. See the Aeroplane in Full Flight Over the Heads of the Audience.

LIBERTY THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:20. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers Oliver Herford's "Laughing Earthquake" THE FLORIST SHOP THE PLAY WITH 2000 LAUGHS.

GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:30. The World's Greatest Character Actor, J. E. DODSON in J. Hartley Manners' Brilliant Comedy, LAST 2 WEEKS "THE HOUSE NEXT DOOR"

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Eve. 8.15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. Jos. M. Weber presents THE CLIMAX

BROADWAY 41st St. & B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Only Matinee Saturday 2:15. THE MOTOR GIRL

LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. Today 2:15. Follow the Searchlight A BROKEN IDOL with OTIS HARLAN

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th n. B'way. $1.50 Mat. Today 2:15. Evs. 8:15. THE RINGMASTER

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. JAMES T. POWERS IN HAVANA

DALY'S Theatre, B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:30. A Toothsome Toothless Comedy in Three Acts, Entitled BILLY

HACKETT Theatre, 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow 2:20. Last Week The Only Law (American Theatre Next Week) Tuesday, Aug. 31. Seats To-morrow CHANNING POLLOCK'S Such a Little Queen

LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Ev. 8. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. TO-MORROW NIGHT AT 8 SHARP. THE DETECTIVE THIEF PLAY, ARSENE LUPIN

GARRICK 35th St., n'r B'way. Ev. 8:30. Matinee Sat. 2:15. "GETS US IN HIS GRIP." World. Lines that snap and situations that keep audience at a nervous tension."—Herald. HATTIE WILLIAMS in DETECTIVE SPARKES

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Eves. 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. HENRY W. SAVAGE offers THE GAY HUSSARS A New, Dashing, Military Operetta. "HEAVENLY! SPELLBINDING! DELIGHTFUL!"—N. Y. Journal.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS. THE THIRD DEGREE By Charles Klein.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. NEXT MONDAY SEATS TO-MORW THE FLAG LIEUTENANT

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